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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXIV NO. 80 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, APRIL 3, 1936 TWELVE PAGES

Negus Invokes League Support Again

NAZI WAR ON DR. ECKENER

Propaganda Minister Puts Him Out Of Paper And Picture

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

BERLIN, April 2.

Owing to his refusal to allow himself to become propagandist for Herr Hitler, the Nazis have "declared war" on the Eckener.

Dr. Goebbels, Minister for propaganda, has issued instructions that Dr. Eckener's name shall henceforth not be mentioned in newspapers and no more pictures of Dr. Eckener shall be published.

Drastic decision follows the efforts to Nazify Dr. Eckener and the Zeppelin Works at Friedrich-Shafen. While he has been a loyal German, Dr. Eckener has always resisted attempts to mingle politics with airships.

It is understood that the Nazis desired to christen the new airship "Adolf Hitler", but it is alleged that Dr. Eckener forestalled them by prematurely announcing the name of the ship as "Hindenburg". It is also stated that Dr. Eckener resisted the airship being used for Nazi propaganda in the recent election.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST ECKENER

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

BERLIN, April 2.

It is learned that Dr. Eckener has incurred the displeasure of Government quarters owing to his refusal to use the new airship "Hindenburg" for the election campaign. It is stated that Dr. Eckener was compelled to use the "Hindenburg" for this purpose. It is alleged that Dr. Eckener ordered election posters to be removed from the Zeppelin yards and also made derogatory remarks about the election.

It is believed that Dr. Eckener is not likely to return to his present post after his flight to South America.

NEWBURY RACE RESULTS

"Finalist" Wins Spring Cup

LONDON, April 2.

At Newbury, the Newbury Spring Cup (distance one mile) resulted as follows:—

FINALIST (Harry Wragg) (Bell) First.

GUINEA GAP (Samy Wragg) Second.

PEPINO (Harry Beasley) Third.

Twenty-three ran. Won by one and a half lengths. Short head separated the second and the third horses.

The following were the starting prices:—100/6 Finalist; 100/7 Guinea Gap; 100/9 Pepino.—Reuter's Special.

INDIA ORDERS IN COUNCIL

LONDON, April 2.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Baldwin announced that the final stages of Indian orders would be taken on 8th April. There is a possibility of this stage being purely formal, unless the House of Lords introduces new amendment, when orders are taken in the House of Lords on 7th April.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

LOCARNO POWERS' MEETING.

PARIS, April 2.

It is understood that a meeting of the Locarno Powers was envisaged for 8th April at Brussels or Paris at a half-an-hour meeting of the British Ambassador and M. Flandin. It is understood that the British Government is being asked for an immediate reply.—Reuter.

Place Country Above Individual Or Group

PLEA FOR MUTUAL TOLERANCE

Rajen Babu's Reply To Public Reception At Patna

"If the country remembered the elementary arithmetical lesson that hundred was always larger than any fraction thereof and translated the lesson into practice by upholding the fact that the interest of the country as whole was far above that of groups or sections composing it singly or collectively, they would be paving way for the realisation of their aspirations", said Babu Rajendra Prasad responding to the tributes paid to him by Mr. Sachindananda Sinha at a representative reception given him this evening in appreciaion of his work as Congress President.

Babu Rajendra Prasad said that the honour done to him reminded him of the Buddhist Bhikshus of old whose initiation could not be said to have been completed unless they returned home with the beggar's bowl and received alms from their own people. He emphasised the need of the hour was to concentrate on points of agreement rather than emphasise points of differences and that even when differences had to be stated the proper method was to do it in such a way as not to give offence and to add to the existing bitterness.

So far as the ideal of freedom was concerned he felt sure that there was no Indian who did not desire the same measure of freedom to control the affairs such as Defence, Foreign Relations, etc. as was enjoyed by other free countries of the world. If differences there must be, they might at least display this much of mutual sympathy and toleration as not to stand in each other's way. The speaker warned against the continuance of the fatal historical fact of their placing the interest of individuals or groups above that of the country. It was time they realised the enormity of that crime against country and nation.

The function was thoroughly representative, among those present being Sir Gangesh Dutt Singh and Syed Abdul Aziz, Ministers to the Bihar Government, Hon'ble Rajan Bhari Sinha, President, Legislative Council, Mr. P. R. Das, Rai Bahadur Amarnath Chatterji and Mr. Kulwant Sanay, ex-Judges of the High Court, Mr. Shafi Daudi, Mr. Jagatnarayanial, Mr. Anugrah Narayan Sinha, M.L.A., and a large number of both Congress and non-Congressmen from all parts of the province.

Patna Public's Tribute To Rajen Babu

PATNA, April 2.

A public reception was accorded to Babu Rajendra Prasad the outgoing Congress President, to-day at which a large and representative gathering had assembled.

Mr. Sachidananda Sinha, expressing appreciation on behalf of the citizens of the services of Babu Rajendra Prasad, said "We have mustered in force to-day to give expression of our sense of appreciation to the spirit of rare self-sacrifice, intense devotion to the cause of the country and genuine patriotism which we all had learnt to associate with the work and character of Babu Rajendra Prasad as a publicman and political leader."

SHAPING INDIA'S DESTINY.

Mr. Sinha added "What we need most at present is to concentrate upon and bring into right perspective and focus the essential points of our agreement rather than non-essential points of difference. And it is because the organisers, of this function have realised the soundness of this view that they have convened this great demonstration in honour of Babu Rajendra Prasad, with whom they intensely share the longing that there will be established in this great and historic land of ours as soon as possible a Government of the people, by the people and responsible to the people, so that we may also possess that substance of Independence which is enjoyed at present by the great Dominions of the British Commonwealth."

Referring to his work as Congress president, Mr. Sinha maintained that few Congress Presidents brought to bear upon their work that unparalleled devotion of duty and rare self-abnegation which had been displayed by Babu Rajendra Prasad. He represents a much higher type of humanity which is rarely met in this world and a higher type of worker which is certainly not usually found in this country.—A. P.

CORONATION OF EDWARD VIII

To Take Place In May Next Year

LONDON, April 2.

Mr. Baldwin announced in the House of Commons that the King's coronation would be held in May 1937.

The date would be fixed as soon as possible and intimated, and representatives of Dominions, India and colonies would be invited.—Reuter.

PREPARING FOR WAR

Press Reports Contradicted

NEW DELHI, April 2.

The following Communique has been issued:—

"There is no truth whatever in the reports published in some sections of the Press that the Government of India have issued to the Indian Army Reservists a circular letter contemplating the possibility of their services being required in the near future.—A. P.

KING'S BIRTHDAY HOLIDAY

NEW DELHI, April 2.

Tuesday, June 23, 1936, will be a public holiday in celebration of H. M. King Emperor's birthday.—A. P.

Facilitate Arms Supply

Need For Stiffening Sanctions Against Italy

'IL DUCE'S' LATEST

Accepts Invitation Of Geneva For Peace Parleys

GENEVA: April 2.

A three-fold appeal to the League has been made by the Abyssinian Government: firstly, for financial assistance.

Secondly, for the removal of obstacles, which certain States as members are still placing on transport of arms to Ethiopian troops and

Thirdly, reinforcement and completion of sanctions.—Reuter.

SETTLEMENT OF ABYSSINIAN CONFLICT

Rome Accepts Geneva Invitation

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

ROME, April 2.

The Government has accepted the invitation to get into touch with the Committee of Thirteen with a view to discussing the settlement of the Abyssinian conflict.

BIG ETHIOPIAN VICTORY

4 Fortifications Captured With 700 White Italians And 36 Officers

ADDIS ABABA, April 2.

A great Ethiopian victory is claimed by the General Headquarters at Maichio. It is stated

Mahatma Gandhi inspecting agricultural products at the Lucknow Congress Khadi and Village Industries Exhibition.

that the Abyssinians captured four fortifications and 700 white Italians including 36 officers. Two thousand Eritreans have been killed in the past two days.—Reuter.

STUDENT PARADE AGAINST BRITAIN

Police Cordons Bar Way To Consulate In Rome

ROME, April 2.

Hundreds of students celebrating the latest Italian victory in Abyssinia, attempted to demonstrate outside the British Consulate shouting "Down with England" found their way to the Consulate barred by cordons of police.

The demonstrations are the culmination of a week of violent Press attacks.—Reuter.

British Guarantee In Writing

EDEN'S ASSURANCE TO LOCARNO POWERS

France Sees Danger To League In German Reply

(Special Cable)

PARIS, April 2.

The German memorandum is considered almost entirely negative in authoritative French quarters which contend that the German peace proposals would result in ruin to the collective security system and mutual aid and to the League of Nations itself.

It is pointed out that Locarno powers agreed before negotiations could be opened for the organisation of European peace, that the international law broken by Germany must be re-established at least in part, but the Reich has mostly rejected the measures provided.

It is felt that the memorandum deals a serious blow to the League by suppressing the Hague Tribunal in favour of a Court of Arbitration, of which no details are given.—Reuter.

IF CONCILIATION FAILS

British Guarantee To France And Belgium

LONDON, April 2.

Mr. Eden received the French and Belgian Ambassadors at the Foreign Office this evening, and handed them a letter guaranteeing the French and Belgian security against aggression, if conciliation failed; as also a letter which it is understood referred to the political limits in which the scope of staff talks must be confined. It is pointed out that reciprocal obligations provided in the first letter will only operate after the three Governments have decided that conciliation has failed.—Reuter.

PARIS PAPERS SCORN HITLER'S REPLY AS "HOODWINKING"

PARIS, April 2.

Herr Hitler's new peace proposals are scorned as "hoodwinking" by this morning's papers.

"The programme is capable of putting Europe to fire and blood" says "Echo De Paris."

"The Fuhrer wants to dictate peace to Europe" says the 'Petit Parisien."

"How the Reich understands the peace" comments "Le Journal."

"These counterproposals are a blind" says 'Le Figaro."

"The German reply is "zero" says Le Jour.

Saint Brice writing in "Le Journal" says "not only does Germany reject the pledges demanded but poses as redressor of wrongs. Herr Hitler proposes to upset the whole of Europe."

Bourgues, writing in the "Petit Parisien" says 'The plan is not acceptable on most points and above all, because of its spirit of destruction and domination this fallacious peace project must be rejected outright."

RANSOM FOR PEACE.

"Pertinax" strongly denouncing the proposals in 'Echo De Paris" says "Herr Hitler submits to us as ransom for peace a programme which if carried out would entirely destroy the treaties of 1920 and indubitably put Europe to fire and sword. Never has revisionism or Germany's revenge so openly barred its face. In the face of so menacing a document M. Flandin can only suggest a meeting of French, British and Belgian ministers as soon as possible to discuss measures of protection.—Reuter.

EDEN-RIBBENTROP TALKS

British Position And German Objections

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, April 2.

A ninety-minute talk between Mr. Eden and Herr von Ribbentrop this morning largely dealt with Britain's status in the proposed Security Pact, namely whether it should be as guarantor according to the German memorandum or as participant in Mutual Assistance Pacts as planned in the White Paper.

It is understood that Mr. Eden explained the British position in connection with German objections to the General Staff talks with France. He showed that, as the arrangements provided for in the talks would only operate in the event of German attack on France or Belgium and as Germany excluded such a contingency, her objection fell to the ground.

Mr. Eden also told Herr von Ribbentrop that the British letter guaranteeing the security of France against unprovoked aggression in the event of conciliation failing, was being delivered to Ambassador Corbin this afternoon.

GERMANY'S REPLY DISAPPOINTING

LONDON, April 1.

Germany's reply though it leaves the door open for further efforts to find a basis for negotiations, leaves much to be desired in the opinion of well-informed British circles.

It is thought likely that the reply will have a conciliatory effect on general British opinion, which welcomes the proposal for a period, during which negotiations can be begun, more than Germany's proposals for an interim, especially her omission to give a pledge not to fortify the Rhineland zone.

It is understood that the Cabinet to-day decided upon the letter to be despatched immediately to France and Belgium under which Britain guarantees to ensure the security of France and Belgium against unprovoked aggression, if efforts of conciliation fail.

It is expected that the three governments will now draft an

(Continued On page 7)

INDIA'S NEW VICEROY

Hearty Send-off By Friends At Victoria Station

LONDON, April 2.

The Victoria Station was thronged with friends and well-wishers when Lord Linlithgow sailed for India this afternoon accompanied by Lady Linlithgow and their three daughters; J. G. Laithwaite, Private Secretary, Lieut.-Colonel Stable, Military Secretary, Major Elliot, Surgeon and Captain Goschen, Lieut. Noble, Second Lieut. Borwich, Aide de Camps.-

AT VICTORIA STATION

The King was represented at the station by Lord Faversham. Others present to bid farewell to the Viceroy included Mr. Geoffrey Fry, representing the Prime Minister, Lord Zetland, Mr. R. A. Butler, Sir Findlater-Stewart, Lords Bessborough, Derby, Lothian, Lamington and Desborough, Sir Denys Bray, Sir Abdul Qadir, Sardar Bahadur Mohan Singh and Sardarni Mohan Singh, Sir Henry Strakosch, Leonard Wakely, Cecil Kisch, John Coleridge, Sir Herbert Pearson, John Megaw Vernon and Lady Dawson.

Mr. Rama Rau represented Sir B. N. Mitra. Others present were Lord Halifax, Admiral Bromley, Lady Astor, Sir Thomas Holland and Lady Goschen.

The red carpeted royal waiting room was the scene of animation half an hour before the train departed while Lord Linlithgow held a farewell reception with personal friends and representatives of many societies interested in India.—Reuter's Special.

CONGRESS DELEGATES

Tickets Will Be Issued By A. I. C. C. Camp Office At Lucknow

ALLAHABAD, April 2.

A circular issued to-day by the General Secretary, All-India Congress Committee, to the Provincial Congress Committees says:—

"Delegates' tickets for the ensuing session of the Indian National Congress will be issued by the A. I. C. C. Camp Office at Lucknow from April 7 as also A. I. C. C. membership tickets. The former will be obtained through their Provincial Secretaries or officers duly authorised by the Secretaries. The Provincial Secretaries are to pay provincial subscriptions in addition to delegation fees".—United Press.

"C. R." Invited And Malaviyaji To Be Consulted

ALLAHABAD, April 2

In connection with the Working Committee meeting to be held at Allahabad shortly, the full quota of members is expected to be present. The General Secretary is not aware of any invitation being sent to any non-Member of the Committee, except Mr. C. Rajagopalachari who has not yet replied to a telegraphic communication sent to him inviting him to be present.

The Members will stay, in three different places. Some of them will put themselves up in Swaraj Bhuwan, some in Anand Bhawan and the rest will be the guests of Dr. K. N. Katju.

Mahatma Gandhi's presence and the probable presence of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya may be utilised by the Working Committee for consultations.

The major portion of the A.I.C. C. staff will move to Lucknow on April 5, in order to make things ready for the A.I.C.C. meeting to be held from April, 9.—United Press.

Kamaladevi For Allahabad

Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya who arrived in Bombay on Wednesday 'en route' to Allahabad left the same night for Allahabad where she will meet Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. She will reach Lucknow on the 6th inst., in time to participate in the meeting of the Executive Committee of the All-India Congress Socialist Party.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted:—Immediately Clerks, Typists, Stenographers, Engineers, Teachers, Draftsmen, Overseers, Doctors, Nurses, Accountants. Consult Secretary, R.S.A., 14. Hamam Street, Raja Bahadur Mansions, 2nd Floor, Fort. (5869).

Wanted trained and experienced teachers, stenographers, overseers, veterinary doctors, and peons on Rs. 12. Apply Goldwyn and Co., Mahendra Mansions, Esplanade Road, Bombay. (5862).

Wanted gentlemen of position or education to become members of advisory council. Advantages: title, journal, calendar, treats, etc.—Director, National Technical College of India, Ltd., Bombay 14. (5858).

Wanted a few District Organisers on pay Rs. 90, including T.A. to push our Doyles' Tea and miscellaneous goods. Apply to:—B. Doyles' and Co., 8, Canning Street, Calcutta. (5852).

Wanted clerks, typists, accountants, managers, lawyers, overseers, sub-overseers, graduates, doctors and engineers to consult Hastings and Co., Fatehpuri, Delhi. (5854).

Sukkur Municipality.—Applications from Lady Graduates in (1) Persian or French, (2) Physics and Chemistry in the scale of 70—5—90, Efficiency bar 5—120—6—150. For the posts of assistant mistresses in P. P. Chandwani Municipal Girls' High School, Sukkur will be received by the undersigned up to 15th April 1936. On confirmation after one year's approved service the selected candidate will be entitled to the benefits of Provident Fund Rules of the Municipality. L. S. Ahuja, B.Sc. (Edin.), A.M.I., Struct., E., Chief Officer and Secretary, School Board. (2832).

12. TO BE LET.

To Let at Hornby Road, House No. 189|91, 4th and 5th floor. Apply the owner at 35-37 Bazaar Gate Street, Ratan House. (5871).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Hewett Engineering School, Lucknow, Recognised by U. P. Government. Early applications from Matriculates invited for admission to Overseer Class, Session 1936. No age or provincial restriction, but candidates will be selected. Final Exam. conducted by the D. P. I., U.P. Certificates recognised for Bombay Government subordinate engineering services. Prospectus, Free, from Principal. (5807)

70. ESTATES & PROPERTIES.

G.I.P. Matunga, Hindu locality, a small property yielding good rent to be purchased up to 15 to 20 thousands. Can mortgage if good margin and interest, also a plot. Please write Box No. 5857, "Bombay Chronicle".

74. AGENCIES WANTED.

Tea—Expert in Tea Business with 47 years' experience is open to engagement or a representation, specially of Nilgiri and Travancore Tea. Apply Jamshetji Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi, Bombay.

99. MACHINERY WANTED.

Wanted one second-hand hydraulic Press complete for pressing 400 lbs. cotton bale. One compound Engine of 100 I.H.P. and a boiler of 160 lbs. presser size 28' x 7'. The Manager Krishna Cotton Ginning Factory, Jawad Dist., (Neemuch). (5864).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Cashmere Tour one month May| June 3rd, 2nd Class Railway accommodation Rs. 225, 325 respectively. Particulars from Anklesaria, Sitaram Building, Princess Street. (5847)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from B.E.'s for the post of a Jilla Inspector on Rs. 55-5-75 plus Rs. 5 cycle allowance p.m. The applicants should apply to the Chief Officer, Ahmedabad Municipality, stating age, qualifications and previous experience, together with copies of testimonials, if any, on or before the 15th April 1936.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT.
Chief Officer.
Ahmedabad Municipality.
2829

GENUINE ENGLISH.
CROOKES GLARE GLASSES
in Tropic-proof frames
Rs. 7-8 per pair.
LAWRENCE & MAYO LTD.
274, Hornby Road, Bombay.

Legal Notices.

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

INSOLVENCY No. 429 of 1935.

Re: KRISHNARAO GANPATRAO DHAIRYAWAN of Khar, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Linking Road (Pandurang Villas) A Medical Practitioner at Princess Street, Bombay. .. An Insolvent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the abovenamed Insolvent has applied to the Court for his discharge and that the Court has fixed the 5th May, 1936, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon for hearing the application.

Dated this 30th day of March, 1936.

S. J. RAHIMTOOLA.
Offg. Insolvency Registrar.
2824

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr MANEKJEE HORMUSJEE GAZDAR has contracted to sell to my client Mr. Kikubhai Ranchoddas the undermentioned property. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the property or any portion thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, lease, lien, charge, possession, trust, gift, inheritance, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his Office at Versowa-Road, Andheri, Bombay Suburban District within fourteen days from the publication hereof; Otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land, situate at Santa Cruz in the District of Bombay Suburban, in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra and bearing Santa Cruz Town Planning Scheme No. 2, Final Plot No. 95 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the North by Plot No. 94 of the said Scheme belonging to Dorabjee Seervai, on or towards the South boundary of T. P Scheme No. 4, on or towards the East by Plot belonging to Laljee Trivedi and others, on or towards the West by linking Road.

GAJANAN SADASHIV PATIL,
B.A.LL.B.
Advocate, High Court
Dated 1st April, 1936.
2828.

SUMMONS FOR DISPOSAL OF SUIT.

(Order 5, Rules 1 and 5.)

In the Court of the Additional Sub-Judge & J.S.C.C. at Jaunpur District Jaunpur.

Suit No. 51 of 1936.

DATA DIN ..... Plaintiff.

versus'

DARGAHI ..... Defendant.

To

Dargahi alias Durga Koeri aged 35 years s/o Ramsaran Koeri, resident of Ghatampur Pargana Gadwara, District Jaunpur at present r/o Mukam Mohan Mal Pichhari Patra ki Chal Post Office Sewri Bombay City.

WHEREAS the plaintiff has instituted a suit against you for Rs. 400, you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person or by a pleader duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some person able to answer all such questions on the 15th day of April, 1936, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to answer the claim; and, as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must be prepared to produce on that day all the witnesses upon whose evidence, and all the documents upon which, you intend to rely in support of your defence.

Take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before-mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this 20th day of March 1936.

NOTICE.

1. Should you apprehend your witnesses will not attend of their own accord, you can have a summons from this Court to compel the attendance of any witness, and the production of any document that you have a right to call upon the witness to produce, on applying to the Court and on depositing the necessary expenses.

2. If you admit the claim, you should pay the money into court together with costs of the suit to avoid execution of the decree, which may be against your person or property or both.

Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 66 of 1935.

MAHOMED HUSSEIN KHAN AHMEDI. .... Plaintiff.

vs.

THE GOLD MOHUR SOUND PICTURES, a firm. Defendants.

To,

THE GOLD MOHUR SOUND PICTURES, a firm, the defendants abovenamed.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that plaintiff seeks to recover from you Rs. 8,829-9-0 with interest thereon and costs and interest on judgment at 6 per cent. per annum till payment.

ALSO TAKE NOTICE that this Hon'ble Court has fixed Wednesday 24th June, 1936, for hearing of this suit when you are required to appear And that in default of your appearance on the aforesaid date, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Dated this 2nd day of April, 1936.

BHAISHANKAR KANGA and GIRDHARLAL,
Plaitiff's Attorneys.
2835

Auction Sales

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

'BONA FIDE' SALE of valuable household furniture by Allabux Somji Bamboat and others at Flat No. 9, 3rd Floor, Colaba Chambers, Colaba, on SUNDAY, the 5th April, 1936, at 10-30 in the morning, the property of a gentleman comprising:—

Tapestry lined, blackwood, drawing room settee, occasional chairs, and easy chairs, teapoys, centre table, corner stands, Persian carpets, strongly built double bedsteads, Full size bevelled glass door, wardrobes,, artistic dressing table, iron bedsteads, mahoganised wardrobe, extending dining table, by Allabux Somji, dining chairs. side boards, dumbwaiter, glass door platedware, cupboard, roll top writing table, chest safe, writing table, and similar other household articles.

Property will be on view a day before the sale.

Catalogues may be obtained from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

SUPERB TAMIL TALKIE
GULE BAKAVALI
Produced by Tamil Nadu Talkies and featuring:
Miss T. P. RAJALAKSHMI
Mr. V. A. CHELLAPPA
At your favourite theatre
PLAZA
To-day 10-30 a.m. in the Morning

CENTRAL
Near Albless Baug, Charni Rd., Just Off Queen's Road,
DAILY AT 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
GRAND DAILY CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
Don't Miss This Unique
Series of
M.-G.-M. SUPERS!
TO-DAY
Norma Shearer, Charles Laughton and Frederick March in
"BARRETTS OF WIMPOLE STREET"
TO-MORROW
THE GREAT MUSICAL COMEDY HIT NOW A GREATER FILM
M-G-M's picturisation of
"ROSE MARIE"
with the screen's greatest singing sweet hearts
JEANETTE MacDONALD
NELSON EDDY
and a Super Cast.
PLANS OPEN 'Phone 27787

OVERHAUL TARIFF BOARD METHODS
Want Of Indian Raw Material Need Not Come In Way Of Protection

The Secretary, Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce,a Bombay, has addressed the following letter to the Secretary, to the Government of India, Department of Commerce:—

The Indian Tariff Board's Report on the Woolen Textile Industry of the country and Government's Resolution thereon, once more raise the vital question of the Indian Tariff Board and its powers. The refusal on the part of the British India Corporation, Cawnpore to supply either the production or cost figures for their two mills,—The Cawnpore Woolen Mill and the New Egerton Mills, Dhariwal, which together account for more than 50 per cent of India's total Woolen textiles—really puts the Tariff Board in a very awkward position. There is no point in maintaining, as the British India Corporation do in their letter to the Tariff Board, that they sympathise with the demand of the rest of the Woolen Industry for protection but they are holding their own against all foreign competition except of the Japanese and Italian goods. Such a refusal to supply necessary and useful information renders difficult a through or effective inquiry and virtually jeopardises the existance of the rest of the industry.

It is to be observed in this Connection that if industrialists show such indifference towards the Tariff Board's inquiry into an industry, it will surely lower both the Tariff Board and its work in the estimation of the public. The Indian Tariff Board has, as matters stand to-day, limited powers and restricted field of work, and there is no wonder if an attitude like this on the part of industrialists whose co-operation is needed for the thoroughness of the inquiry further restrict the same.

It will be in the fitness of things to point out here that this is, by no means, the only occasion when the Tariff Board has met with a refusal for the supply of information

GOVT. METHODS OF DILATORINESS

If important industrialists have done so, Government themselves have on occasions done nothing better, as for example when they have either shelved the unanimous report of the Tariff Board, or have unduly delayed its publication, resulting in its being virtually rendered out of date. All this is very regrettable in view of the fact that the application of an industry for protection is in the first instance carefully scanned by the Department of Commerce of the Government of India before the same is referred to the Tariff Board for inquiry. It is well known how in the case of Indian Class industry its application was not even referred to the Tariff Board for nearly 5 years since its receipt and how ultimately Government dealt with the Tariff Board's unanimous Report, when the same was published after an inordinate delay after submission.

The life of the Tariff Board is at present renewed from time to time, the Board not being a permanent body. Naturally the members of the Board do not exactly know where they stand. The Committee believe that there has been just complaint that the whole procedure of Government's reference to the Tariff Board and subsequent inquiry by it is unduly dilatory to-day. This often proves harmful to the nascent struggling industry especially when the same is not a major industry with big resources.

OVERHAUL THE SYSTEM.

The Committee are of the opinion that the question of the constitution, life, powers and functions of the Tariff Board deserves to be considered afresh in the light of experience gained so far and the Tariff Board machinery made more up-to-date, if it is to have the requisite authority for doing the work well and if its work is to command proper respect. The Committee may go a step further and say that time has really come to re-examine the fundamental conditions laid down by the Fiscal Commission for protection of industries, especially the condition regarding raw materials.

Pending this, Government can take, even as matters stand to-day, a less orthodox for more generous view of the extent of fulfillment by an industry of the condition regarding presence of natural advantages such as raw materials, etc., particularly when the Tariff Board after a careful examination of the relative factors unanimously recommends an industry for protection. Although the presence of raw materials for industries within the borders of a country is ever to be preferred, it may be stated that to-day it certainly does not possess the amount of importance it did 50 years back! Japan and Germany may be cited as examples of countries industrially advanced, although they have to depend for a very large portion of the raw materials requires for their industries on other countries not to mention the cotton textile industry of United Kingdom which wholly depends on cotton from other countries. Even so the problem of Indian industries differs from that of the industries of these countries in that in their case they have to produce mainly for foreign market while this country has to use in most cases its own raw materials and to produce primarily for the home market.

New Ward Opened

RAJKOT, April, 1.

Sir Courtney Latimer, A. G. G. in the Western India States, last evening performed the opening ceremony of the Rao Bahadur Dr. Kothari Vanik ward. The ward was built at a cost of nearly Rs. 6,000 in the West Hospital where the late doctor devoted 14 years of his career.—A. P.

BHUSAWAL CATHOLIC SCHOOL
Municipal Grant Withdrawn

(From A Correspondent).

BHUSAWAL, April 1.

Without any discussion the Bhusawal Municipality, at its budget meeting, rejected the application of Rev. S. Cotta, Manager of the local Catholic School, for a grant of Rs. 500 for the year 1936-37.

An Act to provide for the release on probation of offenders in certain cases and for other matters incidental thereto passed by the C. P. Legislature has been assented by the Governor-General.

PLAZA
To-night 3-30, 6-30 and 9-45 p.m.
EDDIE CANTOR
EDDIE CANTOR
in the bull-fighting drama
KID FROM SPAIN

BEWILDERED

Olivia de Havilland gives a remarkable portrayal of a timid girl lost in a haunted forest in a woodland scene from "A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM".
A WARNER BROS. PICTURE NOW BEING SHOWN AT THE
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DAILY 3 p.m., 6-30 p.m., 10 p.m.

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A Page About Motoring & Aviation

The Evolution Of Modern Coach Work

From The Pre-War Open Car To Latest Sliding Roof, Ventilated Models

Not the least of the many improvements in the latest cars is the bodywork. This has reached a degree of excellence which anyone who remembers what we had to tolerate only a few years ago must regard as miraculous, writes John Frioleau in "The Spectator." At that time there did not seem any likelihood of the designer of stock coachwork freeing himself from his peculiar obsessions for many years to come. He or his predecessors had made a series of fundamental mistakes, betraying a complete misconception of the whole art and purpose of high-speed carriage-work, and they continued to make them, under one disguise or another, year after year.

PRE-WAR MODELS.

The original open car was not so bad, probably because it presented fewer and less acute problems in design. In fact the pre-War models were in several respects better than those that are to-day being re-popularised. They were generally of a sensible size, they were generously upholstered and if their weather-kit was cumbrous it was, at any rate, very well made and considerably more comfortable to sit in than much of the newest sort. You had a voluminous hood which would certainly offend the eye of the "sports" car youth of 1936 but it kept the rain out and gave you headroom such as you very rarely see today save in a "bespoke" body, ordered by the man who doesn't care what it looks like so long as it does its job of keeping him dry and out of the draught. To him it does not matter a row of pins what his otherwise beautiful car looks like when it is pouring with rain.

SMALL CLOSED CARS.

It was when they began their long and continuously disappointing experiments with closed cars that the real trouble started, specially in the smaller sizes. There was hardly a saloon on any wheelbase under 9 ft. that was not a negation of everything a travelling carriage has to be. They were tiny, cramped, draughty, stuffy, ill-lit, shockingly seated, and their outlook was as restricted as much as heavy pillars and ridiculous back windows could make it. They rattled furiously after a few weeks and taking them for all in all they were just about the least successful and the most uncomfortable motor-cars ever made. The wonder is that, considering how many of them were sold—this was mostly in the boom years—they did not kill their own trade.

CHANGE FOR THE BETTER.

Gradually, by dint of unending grumbling on the part of the usually patient public, some of the more glaring blunders were set right. You saw that its still numerous faults were remediable and you foresaw something of a future for it. And then—the sudden change. Within a year the whole situation altered. Draughtless ventilation was invented, the practical sliding-roof came in and, at long last a serious attempt was made to make an all-weather body that justified its name and did not deafen its occupants. They new ventilation was by far the most important. Indeed to-day, in 1936, I still consider it to be the one thing that saves the closed car from being merely an 'edition-de-luxe' of its horrid parents. You have only to drive a few miles in one that has no "no-draught" dodges or equipped with those that do not work, to know that. It makes life in a closed car endurable.

MUCH MORE ROOM

The new cars have this, and they have, to the last possible inch, leg-room, elbow-room and head-room, they are not hutches on wheels and it is seldom that you see one that has not neat means of stowing away a small quantity of luggage where it will neither hamper the passengers nor offend their eye. There is room still for improvement in seating. Upholstery is usually excellent and it is only now and then that I try a car with a back to its seats set at a wrong angle, but there is still a tendency to give too little depth to the seats. A proper motor-car seat-cushion ought to come up to the inside of your knees.

ON CUSHIONS.

All cushions should be designed to make tall people comfortable in this respect. Their smaller brethren have only to use travelling back-cushions to adjust the difference—and these are, in any case, becoming so common a feature of every sort of car, from the dearest to the cheapest, that their adoption can scarcely be looked upon as a makeshift. Besides, a scientifically-made back-prop, whether pneumatic or of prepared rubber-sponge, is at all times an asset to any car that is driven more than a dozen miles at a time. It is quite extraordinary how its vibration-absorbing property delays aches and stiffness and it is well to remember that one of the most important contributions to safe driving is comfort.

The other day I saw a simple dodge for correcting the shortness of cushion. The sufferer from the shallow driving-seat of his brand-new 1936 car, in all other respects a most desirable machine, had bought three thick sections of the cellular sponge-rubber called Dunlopillo. These he had rather ingeniously secured on to the tops of the four seats in the car (two halves in front, a whole behind) so that they projected beyond them by about three inches. As soon as you sat on them they flattened under your direct weight but swelled out tightly in front, forming an admirable inside knee rest. They did not raise you more than an inch nor alter your seating attitude, but they gave you the support which is essential on long drives. They need not be as wide as the cushion, of course, and only deep enough to meet your knees in a comfortable position. His were 18 inches square.

These are, of course, sheer makeshifts and should not be necessary in any properly designed body, but the hint may be worth remembering—in other people's cars if not in your own.

A WINDOW PROBLEM.

I have never been able to make out why, in nearly every case, a closed car with four windows should cost more than one with six. Personally I am not particularly attached to six windows, except in very large cars, but I cannot see why only four should be in the nature of a "de luxe" attraction. On one excellent chassis I tried last year there was a difference of £20 between the one fitted with a saloon that had six windows and the other that had a less comfortable saloon with four. The wheelbase was the same and every other detail. Does it cost less to make six windows than four, more body-work, upholstery glass, carpet, roof and so on, than less of all that? Very odd. I am not really complaining, as if I owned a saloon I certainly would not think the absence of two windows worth paying £20 for. It is just one of the many curious things about cars.

GADGET OUTFIT.

The gadget-outfit in all cars is now really impressive, not so much by the multiplicity of the dials and the Argus-eyed watch that is kept on every checkable function of the engine as by their praiseworthy neatness of disposal, and as a rule, their reliability. A 1936 dashboard is no longer an array of rubbish but something that might satisfy an engineer. The psychological effect of this on your trained—should I say broken?—motorist is powerful. It is an indication of a serious mindedness that has too often been lacking in the near past. Finally, and nearly as important as the ventilation, there is the new solidity of construction. Doors can be slammed for longer periods than before without damage, wing-fastenings are adequate, sliding roofs no longer leak. The new stock body's foundations are sound. Presently, perhaps, it will be made about half the weight. That will be really important progress.

AMERICA'S MOTOR DEATH BILL

How Providence City Fights Menace

Though India has hardly any motor cars when compared with America, the motor accident problem is becoming more and more important as every year the number of cars—and the number of motor accidents—increases.

How acute this problem has become in America will be seen from the following statistics. The Providence plan should be read with interest as it indicates the sensible way of meeting this growing menace.

Bitter news for America came recently from the National Safety Council.

It was in the form of a table. Neat rows of figures—Death's motor-bill for 1935—showed how thousands of lives had been needlessly sacrificed on streets and highways.

This time the bill was a bit higher—by almost 1 per cent.—despite the wide-spread campaign to economize on human lives. Gasoline and liquor, speed and carelessness, combining even more freely than in 1934, tacked on an extra charge. The full account for the year was 36,400 men, women, and children, as compared with 36,101 in 1934.

PRESIDENT'S PLEA.

President Roosevelt recently named a committee to devise means to halt the slaughter, and asked the nation to redouble its efforts. Now, in a New Year's message to 'The Reader's Digest,' he urges:

"Let us but work to make the New Year safer, and it will be safer. Pledging ourselves and our families to avoid carelessness, discourtesy, and recklessness on our highways, we can put a stop to thousands of sudden deaths."

It was 'The Reader's Digest' that loosed the flood of demands for safer motoring by printing the article '—And Sudden Death," by J. C. Furnas. The article described, simply and bluntly, the horrible results of automobile accidents. Other publications soon took up the cry. All over the country citizens have been shocked into recognition of the terror that strikes every day.

IN PROVIDENCE.

Communities with the worst records began seeking desperately for a plan to save their citizens. Their search led many of them to the city of Providence in Rhode Island. They found that if the rest of the country had made as good a safety record as this city, nearly 25,000 of the 36,400 killed last year might be alive to-day.

Providence's motor-death toll in 1934 was 9.3 per 100,000 inhabitants. Last year Providence cut that figure to 8.6

These figures are all the more striking when compared with the average rate for other American cities, 24.2 per cent. per 100,000 in 1934 and 23.4 per cent in 1935.

"Providence's sustained traffic-safety achievement aroused national interest—and curiosity," said the New Orleans 'Times-Picayune.' "One detail stands out and over-shadows all others:

'There were in Providence, last year, 1,966 arrests and summonses for rather serious traffic offences—and 1,936 convictions! During the same twelve-month, 9,151 tickets were issued for minor violations—and 9,034 resulted in punishment by fines or jail sentences.

"In brief, Providence became the safety-center by efficient, impartial, and sustained enforcement of its traffic laws."

Next to rigid enforcement, the most important part of the Providence plan is constant hammering on essentials of cautious driving and walking. School-children never are allowed to forget that they must be careful every minute.

And the result? Only one child of school age killed during 1935!

ON THE ROAD

SCRAPPING OLD CARS

Chevrolet manufacturers recently offered dol. 1,000,000 to aid dealers in disposing of used cars. Under the plan, the company paid dealers for every old car taken in trade and scrapped, thus helping to rid the highways of unsafe vehicles and at the same time clear away some of the used cars in dealers' hands. According to W. E. Holler, vice president and general sales manager, Chevrolet's dealers established a new high record for January in their used-car sales, with 82,055 sold in the first twenty days of that month.

* * * *

AIR SPRING

A new type of automobile suspension, embodying rubber springs inflated with air, has been introduced by the Firestone Tire and Rubber Company. According to R. W. Brown, research engineer of the company, the air spring consists of a rubberized fabric bellows which is filled with air to carry any desired load. The bellows operate automatically in conjunction with an air reservoir by means of a pendulum shock absorption valve. Easier riding, virtual elimination of car rolling when rounding curves, better control and regulation of the spring action and quieter operation are claimed for the new type of spring.

* * *

FORD'S VISITORS

Visitors to the Ford Motor Company's Rouge plant showed a large increase last year over 1934, it is announced. During the year 91,091 visitors were conducted through the plant, compared with 63,603 the previous year. An even larger number is expected this year.

* * * *

DAMAGES

Forty-two States in U.S.A. now compel payment for damages caused within their borders by motorists from other States, according to a survey by the American Automobile Association. Ten of them adopted such laws last year. Prior to passage of these laws, it is pointed out, the injured person had to sue for damages in the State in which the motorist causing the accident was resident, a process involving many difficulties and delays. Under the non-resident service-of-process law the guilty driver must answer the suit in the State in which the mishap occurred, regardless of where he lives.

WILLINGDON AERODROME IN SIROHI

(From A Correspondent.)

At the invitation of His Highness, Sir Sarup Ram Singhji, Maharao Saheb Bahadur of Sirohi, Rajputana, the Earl of Ronaldshay visited the State on 22-3-36 and opened the aerodrome, which will be called the "Willingdon Aerodrome."

After formal speeches by His Highness, the Maharao Saheb and the Earl of Ronaldshay the latter declared the aerodrome opened and took His Highness the Maharao and his Chief Minister Mr. G. Kaird-MacGregor for a flight to His Highness's new aerodrome at Abu Road, which has just been finished.

The Willingdon Aerodrome at Sirohi is conveniently situated on the Bombay-Delhi route and fuel and other necessaries will be stocked on the aerodrome. His Highness hopes that full use will be made of the aerodrome by all who may find it convenient to land there.

INTERNATIONAL AIR RALLY

To Be Held In Germany With Olympic Games

On the occasion of the fourth Olympic Winter Games at Garmisch-Partenkirchen in February 1936, the Aero Club of Germany will hold an international air rally. The closing date for normal entries is the 6th January, but late entries can be accepted until the 1st February. The competition is being organized by the Luftsport-landesgruppe XIV of the Deutsche Luftsport-Verband and is open to all classes of aircraft up to a flying weight of 2,500 kilograms. Competitors may start on the 3rd February at midday, the control beginning on the 4th February at midday at Munich-Oberwiesenfeld and ending on the 5th February at 17.00 hours (Central European time). On the 6th February a flight will be made to Garmisch-Partenkirchen. Owing to uncertain weather conditions during the winter, permission to start from Oberwiesenfeld as well as further instructions will be given on the morning of the 6th February, and should it not be possible to make the flight to Garmisch on this day, it will be made on the 7th February.

To qualify for the competition, competitors must fly at least 500 kilometres which distance must not be flown in a closed circuit. It is also not permitted to stop twice at the same aerodrome. Marks will be awarded according to the following formula:

W equal 10 (L-500) P/N.

W equal points

L equal distance in kilometres.

P equal number of passengers or corresponding ballast (75 kilograms).

N equal power of engine.

The first prize is a cup to be given by the organizations committee of the Fourth Olympic Games, and further prizes will also be presented by various patrons. Two members of the personnel of each of the three leading aircraft will be given free accommodation and meals at Garmisch for the duration of the Olympic Winter Games.

Entries should be made through national aero-clubs to the Aero-Club of Germany. Every aircraft taking part in the competition must be insured against third-party risks.

The address of the organizing committee is:—Luftsportlandesgruppe XIV (Olympia-Sternflug), Munchen, Maximilianstr. 44/1.

AIR DASH TO BOARD ATLANTIC LINER

A Mr. Drew occasioned the latest panic scramble by Heston air taxi. He missed his train and boat to America on Sunday. On Monday he appears to have sunk into comatose meditation on kismet and the punctuality of British railways, to awake on Tuesday to the fact that the 'Majestic' was sailing at noon and that he had missed the train again. Here he bethought himself of Heston, which he reached in 20 minutes from Dorchester House by an epic piece of traffic penetration, there to find Birkett Air Service ticking over on the tarmac. He caught the boat by 40 minutes, and will have no further opportunity of missing anything for five clear days.

Learn To Create "Popular Front"

Romain Rolland Wishes God-Speed To Jawahar

ALLAHABAD, (By Mail).

The following letter containing a message to the National Congress was received by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru from Monsieur Romain Rolland in Switzerland.

The letter, as will be notified, was written just before Mrs. Kamala Nehru's death. The original letter is in French. The translation of which is given below:—

Villonouve (Vaud), Villa Olga,
Tuesday, 25th February, 1936.

Dear Friend,

My bad health has prevented me from going to greet you before your departure. I desire at least to convey to you, while we are still neighbours, our affectionate regards towards you, your wife, and your dear land.

With emotion I picture to myself what this separation must mean to you. May the coming spring ameliorate the health of Madame J. Nehru and may you, with your soul more at peace, return to the great struggle which awaits you yonder.

I hope, that under your guidance India will learn, like our Occident, to create a "Popular Front" against all that is opposed to her National Independence and to her social progress.

GATHERING FOR PEACE

I have been charged with a request for you as well as for Gandhi to ask for your support to a "Universal Gathering for Peace" which we are convening towards the end of summer, probably in September, at Geneva. This will be a vast and powerful Congress, a sort of mobilization of all the forces of peace in the world. A number of great organizations, national and international, and personalities in France, England, the U.S.A., Czechoslovakia, Spain, Belgium, Holland and a good many other countries have already joined. (In England Lord Robert Cecil, Major Attlee, Norman Angell, Philip Noel Baker, Alexander, Prof. Laski. In France, Herriot, Pierre Cot, Jouhax, Professor Langevin and others. In Czechoslovakia, Benesh, Hodza. In Spain, Azana, Alvarez Del Vago, etc. In Belgium, Louis de Brouckiere Henri Lafontaine, etc.). It will be necessary to organise at the same time, planned resistance, both National and International, to the catastrophic menace of a world-wide conflagration. Would you tell our friends in India of this while, conveying to them my cordial greetings? Their reply and your own may be sent either to me or to the office of the "World Committee of the struggle against war and Fascism." of which I have been made the Hon. President, (237, Rue Lafayette, Paris X).

I wish that it will be possible for us to be in regular communication with you and our Indian friends. It is important that the opinion of the West should be kept informed of current social and political activities in India about which too many people are interested in observing silence or in spreading false news.

I press your hand, with all my heart. Be of good cheer, my dear friend, may you be happy, and may you have power to triumph in your cause which is that of a better India.

Your devoted,
ROMAIN ROLLAND.

—A.P.

ALL-INDIA TRADE UNION CONGRESS

Concert In Aid Of Bombay Session

Under the distinguished patronage of Mr. K. F. Nariman a variety concert is being organised by prominent men and women in Bombay in aid of the All-India Trade's Union Congress session which will be held in the month of May. An entertainment committee of the following members is formed: Shrimati Lilaben Munshi, Shrimati Hansa Mehta, Shrimati Jaishriben Raiji. Shrimati Bijuben Purushottam Tricumdas, Shrimati Shantila Desai, Shrimati Bachuben Lotvala, Sjt. S. A. Brelvi, Sjt. Mulraj Karsondas, Sjt. Yusuf Meherally, and Shrimati Urmila Mehta, Shrimati Benaben Bhatia and Sjt. Purushottam Tricumdas, Joint Secretaries.

The meeting of the entertainment committee will be held at Maitri House, Kenedy Bridge on 4-30 p.m. on Saturday (4th inst.)

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TRANSMISSION 3.

Two of the following frequencies will be used: GSG 17,79 Mc/s (16,86m.), GSF 15.14 Mc/s (19.82m), GSE 11.86 Mc/s (25.29 m.).

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. Geiger and his Orchestra, from Claridges Hotel, London.

8-0 p.m. An Aeronautical Revue: "Tennessee to Tooting Bec." Book devised by Miriam Ferris. Lyrics and music by various writers and composers. Produced by William Mac Lurg.

8-45 p.m. The Philip Whiteway Ensemble.

9-30 p.m. Talk: "The Spice of Life."

9-50 p.m. The Hotel Metropole Orchestra; leader, A. Rossi; under the direction of Emilio Colombo. From the Hotel Metropole, London.

10-0 p.m. The News and Announcements.

10-20 p.m. Vocal Serenades.

Bombay Programmes

VUB 350/9 metres 855 kc/s.
MUHARRAM.

10-30 a.m. Musical Concert. Pandit Ganpat Chobe Violin Solos. Shoolapani Mukerji.

12-0 noon. A Programme of Light Orchestral Records.

6-30 p.m. Padmadevi in light songs.

7-15 p. m. Recitations from Holy Quran Moulvi Gulam Mohomed Kamar.

7-30 p.m. Sarode Solos.
Master Budhi Bhadra.

7-50 p.m. News in Hindi.

8-0 p.m. Mrs. Manibai Garbai Party. In Gujerati Garba Songs.

9-30 p.m. News in English.

9-45 p.m. "A Day in the Life of a Young Englishman in India."
Mr. C. W. Chicken.

10-0 p.m. Jules Craen and his Quintet.

Delhi Programmes

VUD 340/136 metres, 882 kc/s.

6-0 p.m. Time Signal. Violin, Sitar and Tabla. I.B.S. Orchestra. Durga.

6-10 p.m. Radha Bai. Ghazals.

6-30 p.m. P. S. Mukerji. Sarod—Tilak Kamod.

6-40 p.m. Radha Bai. Ghazal.

6-50 p.m. Sarod, Dilruba and Tabla I.B.S. Orchestra.

7-0 p.m. Radha Bai. Ghazals.

7-20 p.m. Khan Saheb Z. A. Hashmi. "Dhat ki Kahani."

7-30 p.m. Girija Shankar Chakravarty. Indian Classical Music.

8-0 p.m. Mohd. Rafeeque. Cambridge ki Zindagi.

8-15 p.m. Girija Shankar Chakravarty. Indian Classical Music.

9-15 p.m. News in Hindustani.

9-30 p.m. News in English.

9-45 p.m. The Philosophy of Every day Life. The Rev. S. F. Davenport

10-0 p.m. The Band of 4th Bn. Prince of Wales Own 8th Punjab Regiment under the direction of Jemadar Wazir Ali.

Calcutta Programmes

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc/s. 49.10 metres, 6,109 kc/s

12-36 S.B. p.m. Time Signal. Musical Selections (Recorded) from the Studio.

12-51 p.m. Robert Pikler and his Hungarian Orchestra

SB Lunch Time Selections. Relayed from "Firpo's" Restaurant. (By kind permission of the Management). Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Oceancraft and Rivercraft (if any).

1-36 p.m. Educational Broadcast for School Students. By Nripen Chatterjee—"The Early History of our Country" (contd.)

2-6 p.m. Selections from Gramophone Records.

2-36 p.m. Kathakata By Pt. Raghunath Bhattacharya.

5-6 p.m. Talk By Kamal Bose (a) Letters and Riddles, (b) A story of hunting, (c) Things you can do at home—New Toys.

5-51 p.m. Selected Items.

6-6 p.m. The Grand Hotel Orchestra. An Instrumental Concert. Relayed from the Palm Court of the Grand Hotel.

6-51 p.m. Weather Forecast, General News Bulletin.

SB Market Prices, Jute and Gunny Closing Rates. (In Bengali).

7-6 p.m. Indian Theatrical Night. SB Betar Natookey Dal. Presents 'Bijoya." By Sj. Sarat Chandra Chatterjee under the direction of B. K Bhadra.

10-6 p.m. Weather Forecast, General News Bulletin.

SB Market Prices, Jute and Gunny Closing Rates (In English).

ALL-INDIA CRICKETERS ASSEMBLE AT BHOPAL

Regarding the rumours concerning the inability of certain Indian cricketers to obtain leave for the forthcoming visit to England, the secretary of the Board of Control states that in every case leave has been granted, says "The Statesman".

The most doubtful starter was Baqa Jilani who anticipates an appointment shortly in the Punjab Government Service and does not wish the tour to interfere with his seniority. The Board made every effort to remove this hitch, and it is understood that by the efforts of Sir Sikander Hyat Khan Baqa Jilani's career will not be affected.

The team assembled at Bhopal on Tuesday.

B. S. N. Co.'s PLEASURE CRUISES

PROGRAMME FOR "MUHARRAM" HOLIDAYS.

		P.M. P.M.
Friday, 3rd April, 1936. xxxx	Versova,	3.30—8.00
Saturday 4th April, 1936 xx	Round the Harbour. (Pirwari/Karanja/Rewas)	4.30—7.30.
Saturday, 4th April, 1936 xxx	Moonlight Cruise.	9.00—11.30
Sunday, 5th April, 1936 xxx	Round Elephanta	3.30—7.30
Sunday, 5th April, 1936. x	Round "Dufferin."	6.15—7.30

Fare per person x 0-12-0. xx. Rs. 1-2-0 xxx Rs. 1-8-0 xxxx Rs. 2.

CHILDREN AT HALF RATES.

Music: Drinks and Light Refreshments at Tariff Rates.

Tickets will be sold at Apollo Bunder at the time of embarkation.

NOTE.—Please watch for announcement of special cruises to Bassein & Revdanda during Easter Holidays.

INDIAN OXYGEN & ACETYLENE CO., LTD.

WITH works at Calcutta, Bombay, Lahore, Jamshedpur, Cawnpore and Colombo for the production of Oxygen and Dissolved Acetylene, the Indian Oxygen and Acetylene Co., Ltd., is in a position adequately to meet Industry's total demands for Gases.

The Company compresses Industrial Gases of high purity and in conjunction with the British Oxygen Company, Ltd., London, retails the Rarer Gases.

All types of welding, metal cutting, brazing and lead-burning apparatus are stocked in the various works, and expert welders are available for the purposes of demonstration and tuition.

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BOMBAY.
(Oxygen)—Byculla Bridge
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LAHORE.
(Oxygen)—Grand Trunk Road.
JAMSHEDPUR
(Oxygen)—Tatanagar.
COLOMBO
(Oxygen)—Skinner's Road North.

Syt. Rajendra, Kumari Kanaklata and Syt. Debendra Shankar at the Capitol

TRADITIONAL DANCES VARIED

Namboodri And Kanaklata At The Capitol

(By Our Art Critic)

Syt. Namboodri, the teacher who initiated Uday Shankar in the dance lore of Malabar, with Debendra, Rajendra and Kumari Kanaklata of the Shankar group appeared on Wednesday night in a programme at the Capitol which rendered the traditional dances of the South in varied and interesting forms.

The first noticeable change was, of course, in the costume. Secondly, the music was altered and adjusted to the dances. The two ways in which these dancers differed from the more orthodox Kathakali exponents.

It appeared unnecessary to recall this difference as one watched Sri Namboodri. For, it made no difference to his distinctive skill. It was independent of minor changes. Therefore, it could afford to free the changes. It was strong enough.

Sri Namboodri revealed in every number "Ravanna," "Kantampraba Kapolika" and the Mira Bhajan a quality that I had till then not observed in other exponents of the Kathakali, a quality of innate freedom that helped, if one might so call it, the flow of gestures. The vigour of the Kathakali had been obvious, not so the freedom of movement and the clean punctuation of the "Mudras."

Sri Namboodri's interpretation of the Mira Bhajan was, again, a healthy experiment. It was certainly more appropriate than the recitation of time-beats, notes, and song which some dancers fancy as the right accompaniment on the stage. Kumari Kanaklata's solos "Deva Archana" and "Nritta-Niranjanam" were, apparently, on a simpler plane and, naturally, evoked the repeated encores she acknowledged beautifully.

Debendra's "Arjuna" and "Parth Parakram" were depicted with thoughtful ingenuity.

Krishnan's "Purappara" and "Vastra Harnam" indicated the boy dancer's growing powers. If he had been as confident in "Vastra Haranam" as he showed himself to be in "Purappara" the dance would have gained in point.

"Kirat Arjuna" was decidedly the best of the group dances.

Srimati Sati Devi's songs met its right response. She sings with feeling and distinction. Only one wished she had the "Ek-Tara" instead of the harmonium for her support.

The trialogue by Kanaklata, Debendra and Rajendra deserved a better name than "Popular".

To-day their season will terminate with two further recitals in the evening—the last chance for the dance enthusiasts.

DEPARTURE OF NATIONAL GUARDS POSTPONED

Sequel To Telegram From Dr. Hardikar

As a sequel to Dr. N. S. Hardiker's telegram, the departure of the batch of Bombay National Guards to Lucknow which was to have taken place on Friday by the Punjab Express has been postponed.

Mr. A. S. E. Iyer, the Officer-in-charge, left for Lucknow on Thursday night by the Lucknow Express. Mr. K. N. Gaitonde will be in charge of the batch which will be leaving for Lucknow in a couple of days.

All the volunteers are requested to be present at the Gowalia Tank Maidan on Saturday at 6-30 a.m. when Mr. Gaitonde will convey Dr. Hardiker's instructions.

Journalism As A Career For Youths

Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood, the 'third' of the series of seven Vocational Lectures for Youths entitled "Journalism as a career for Youths" will be delivered by Mr. Stanley Jepson, Editor 'Illustrated Weekly of India." at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on Monday (6th April) at the Blavatsky Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, Mr. B. G. Horniman, Editor "Bombay Sentinel," will preside. The lecture is open to the public.

To elect the president of All-India Sikh Missionary Conference which is going to be held at Amritsar on April 11 a meeting of the Executive Committee of Shiromani Gurdwara Parbhandak Committee will be held on April 2 formed a few days hence.—A. P.

AGA KHAN HOCKEY TOURNAMENT

Brijraj Young Men Eliminate Bombay Telephone

The Bombay Telephone Company had to hang up their receivers when they met the Brijraj Young Men in the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament on Thursday evening. The Kirkee lads were too speedy for their opponents and scored through Gaekwad and Ughade in the opening half. After the interval Woodcock reduced the lead from a melee in the Kirkee goal mouth. Both sides attacked alternately in the second half but Brijraj hung on to their initial advantage to register a deserving victory.

Result:—

BRIJRAJ YOUNG MEN ... 2 goals.
BOMBAY TELEPHONE CO. 1 goal.

The teams were:—

BRIJRAJ YOUNG MEN.

Chandria; K. D. Callian and G. N. Dewle; Christie, C. James, S. Adhav; P Gaekwad, D. Adhav, S. M. Adhav, D. M. Ughade and V. Jagtap.

BOMBAY TELEPHONE CO.

Mendonca; Butler and Preece; High, Cohen and Taylor; Nash, Woodcock, Brewin, Nagle and Shaller.

UMPIRES: Messrs Fairman and Runganathan.

TO-DAY'S MATCH 5-30 P.M.

N. W. Railway vs. Lusitanians.

In Aid Of Y. T. B. Garadi

A Grand Physical Culture Demonstration in aid of the Yermal Tenka Brahma Garadi, by the pupils of the South Kanara Physical Culture Institute, trained by Prof. Sheshappa, will be held today Friday from 4-30 to 7-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Hall. Mr. Meyer Nissim will preside.

CALCUTTA SCHOOL THREATENED

Articles To Be Seized If Arrears Are Not Paid

CALCUTTA, April 1.

St. Thomas' Boys' School in Free School Street, Calcutta, is in arrears of Rs. 22,000 with its rates. The Calcutta Corporation on Saturday installed a bailiff in the school and threatened that if Rs. 16,000 is not paid before next Saturday the movable goods of the school will be seized and sold by auction, says "The Statesman."

The school feeds, clothes and educates 200 boys, all of whom are boarders and half of whom are entirely free pupils. The remainder pay varying sums, none of which covers the cost of all three advantages. If the Corporation carries out its threat, the school will be denuded of all its equipment.

"In the past, the Corporation has made an annual grant of Rs. 5,500 towards rates of Rs. 11,000, the Governors paying the remaining sum which, together with the cost of the upkeep of the school, is received in donations and endowments. The present debt of Rs. 22,000 represents grants by the Corporation for the past two years ending March, 1935, which have been anticipated but not given, together with a demand for the full sum for the current year.

GOVERNORS PERPLEXED.

The Governors are willing to pay their share of Rs. 5,500 for this year in accordance with past practice even though they are working on a budget deficit of Rs. 17,000. To cope with this deficit an economy committee was formed last December and made recommendations which have already been put into effect.

The Governors are perplexed at the Corporation's inconsistency in continuing its grant (amounting to double that of the boys' department) to the girls' department of the school at Kidderpore House which accommodates 200 girls and 40 small boys.

St. Thomas' School, as at present constituted, was founded in 1789 as the Calcutta Free School and gave its name to the street built alongside it 30 years later. The Calcutta Free School in its turn was a development of the old Calcutta Charity Fund which is over 200 years old and which suffered from the depredations of Suraj-ud-Dowlah, the Nawab of Bengal, during the raid that culminated in the Black Hole of Calcutta in 1756. Suraj-ud-Dowlah plundered the Charity Fund but the money was restored by Clive after his victory at Plassey.

PROFESSIONAL SNOOKER CHAMPIONSHIP

Davis Beats Newman In First Round

LONDON, April 1.

At Thurston's in the World Professional Snooker Championship, First Round, Joe Davis (Holder) beat Tom Newman by 29 to 2 frames.

At Burroughes Hall in the English Amateur Billiards Championship Final, J. Thompson (Cumberland) beat J. H. Beetham (Derbyshire) by 3,179 points to 3,149. —Reuter.

Under Rugby Union rules Wilts-Dorset beat Hampshire by 9 points to 6.

OLYMPIC HOCKEY TOUR MAY BE CANCELLED

Only Rs. 10,000 Raised Out Of Sum Of Rs. 40,000 Required

DELHI

Owing to a scarity of funds, a serious situation confronts the Indian Hockey Federation and it is feared that at the next Council meeting of the Federation, it may be decided either to curtail the number of players going on the Olympic tour or shorten the programme, or both. It is even feared that the tour might have to be cancelled says the Delhi correspondent of "The Statesman."

It is stated that out of Rs. 40,000 required to undertake the tour, only about Rs. 10,000 has so far been raised. It is not thought likely that the remaining Rs. 30,000 can be raised from the gate money procured from the selected team's tour in India or from Provincial contributions. Unless, therefore, some generous-minded hockey lovers come forward with large donations the outlook will not be at all bright.

It is also understood that the Bombay, Madras, Sind and Bhopal Associations have informed the Federation of their inability to give any contributions owing to lack of funds.

If it is decided to undertake the tour an important item on the agenda of the coming meeting will be the selection of a captain. Dhyan Chand and Masood (of Manavadar) will be in the running. The appointment of a Manager and an Assistant Manager will, it is probable be made from among Messrs. P. Gupta, Moinul Haq, Jaggan Nath and Behram Doctor.

ENGLISH LEAGUE FOOTBALL

Aston Villa Defeat West Bromwich

LONDON, April 1

The following are the English League football results:—

First Division.

Arsenal 1, Bolton 1.
West Bromwich 0, Aston Villa 3.

Second Division

Bradford City 3, Newcastle 2.
Fulham 2, Manchester United 2.

Third Division (Southern Section).

Bristol City 2, Watford 2.

Scottish League (First Division).

Hearts 4, Kilmarnock 2.
Third Lanark 4, Partick 1.—Reuter.

Mr. Syama Prasad Mookerji, Vice-Chancellor of Calcutta University will deliver the address at the Convocation to be held on the 5th December, 1936 at Nagpur.

"MY FACE IS MY FORTUNE...."

Few women to-day can face their mirrors with confidence—and assure themselves—like the pretty maid of the old English nursery rhyme—"My Face is My Fortune."

Yet every woman acknowledges the power of beauty, she knows that the possession of a fair, velvet-smooth complexion excites masculine admiration and attention. Indeed, if a census could be taken in this country of feminine opinion upon the most prevalent beauty bane, women would unanimously bewail their complexions. Allow sun-scorched skins with premature lines and wrinkles do not make for beauty—and the women who suffer from these afflictions have themselves to blame. In this trying climate Nature very often needs a helping hand in removing the dead cuticle. Insufficient exercise or wrong diet may hinder her in performing her duties and then the complexion suffers. If your natural beautiful complexion lies concealed beneath a swarthy shrivelled skin, then you can assist Nature by using a fragrant wax to remove this outer skin invisibly. Ask your chemist for Mercolized Wax—and smooth a thin film of this beauty magic over face and neck nightly. In a very short time you will observe a vast improvement in your complexion, for the wax absorbs the faded outer skin with all its blemishes—revealing the natural beauty that lies beneath. Give this treatment a brief ten-day trial, and you will be delighted with the improvement in your appearance.

INVIGORATES THE SYSTEM AND PURIFIES THE BLOOD

The original and genuine Wilkinson's Sarsaparilla in world-wide demand for over a CENTURY.

Wilkinson's Sarsaparilla is a vitalizing agent which renews VIGOUR and RESTORES ACTIVITY to every organ and function of the body. It is not merely a temporary stimulant, but a genuine bracing tonic. A course of Wilkinson's Sarsaparilla cleanses, purifies and enriches the blood, thereby combating ACNE, PIMPLES and BLOTCHES, RASHES, ERUPTIONS, ECZEMA and SKIN DISEASES arising from a disordered condition of the blood, ULCERS, etc., also strongly recommended in cases of SLUGGISH LIVER, DEBILITY, LASSITUDE and GENERAL WEAKNESS.

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Why Suffer

Why endure the torment of Nerve Pains and Headaches when 2 Yeast-Vite Tablets can bring glorious relief in 5-15 Minutes?

Why live in the shadows of depression, "nerves" & exhaustion when Yeast-Vite Tablets can so quickly restore the sunshine of glorious health?

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Yeast-Vite has been proved the world over. It is the world's wonder tonic which couples quick relief with LASTING BENEFIT! Why suffer a day longer—an *hour* even, when Yeast-Vite has placed record-breaking relief within the reach of all?

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YEAST-VITE RELIEVES

NERVE PAINS	In 5/15 MINS.
HEADACHES	In 5/15 MINS.
LASSITUDE	In 10/20 MINS.
DEPRESSION	In 10/20 MINS.
"NERVES"	In 10/20 MINS.
INDIGESTION	In 15/30 MINS.
EXHAUSTION	In 15/30 MINS.
SLEEPLESSNESS	In 30/60 MINS.
RHEUMATISM	In 24 HOURS
CONSTIPATION	In 36 HOURS
IMPURE BLOOD	In 36 HOURS

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Simply obtain a 20 tablet bottle of Irving's YEAST-VITE Tablets from any Stores. Take as directed, and if you are not thoroughly satisfied post the empty carton to us including the dealer's receipt, and your money will be refunded in full.

From All Retailers & Stores
In Bottles of
20 Tablets, 50 Tablets
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WARNING

We cannot too strongly warn purchasers in India not to be misled by any so-called "Just-as good" imitations which are worthless and fraudulent. To ensure obtaining the only genuine "YEAST-VITE," see that you get the new-shaped bottle as illustrated, with the name "YEAST-VITE" stamped in the glass.

NOTE
LOOK FOR THIS SHAPED BOTTLE—AND ACCEPT NO OTHER

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Yeast-Vite

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City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Chaitra Sud 12, 1992
Muslim: Moharrum 10, 1354
Parsi: Meher 30, 1305
Hightide: 10-08 22-27
Lowtide: 4-10 16-02
Sunrise: 6h 32m.
Sunset: 6h. 53m.
Moharrum. Bank Holiday.

JACOB HAJI ESA FREE FRACTURE INSTITUTE

Return for the month of March 1936: Males 544, Females 169 and Children 197; total 910.

KHAN BAHADUR D. B. COOPER

The Hon. Khan Bahadur D. B. Cooper, Revenue and Finance Member of Council will leave Bombay for Ratnagiri on Thursday (April 9) and return on Monday (April 13).

POSTAL NOTICE

Superscribed mails for Singapore, Shanghai and Japan per s.s. 'Tokiwa Maru' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 2-30 p.m. on Friday, the 3rd instant.

DEATH OF MR. N. T. MANEKCHAND

Sheth Nanabhai Talakchand Manekchand died at his residence at Surat on the 1st instant after a short illness of pneumonia. He was ex-director of "Phoenix" "Gold-Mohor," "Coronation", "Dawn" and "New India Flour Mills", and also ex-director of the Bombay Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The N Y K steamer 'Genoa Maru' left Kobe for Bombay via ports of call on the 29th March and is expected to arrive here on or about the 26th April.

The O S K steamer 'Shunko Maru' left Sakito on March 31 and is due to arrive in Bombay on April 25 via usual ports.

P. N. VISHVANATHAN WINS JAMIAT SHUBBAN PRIZE

The Jamiat Shubban Al-Muslimeen has awarded the prize of a "Wilson Wrist Watch" to Mr. P. N. Vishvanathan, Bombay, for writing the best essay on "Make communal peace in India a possibility", one of the subjects for the Jamiat's Essay Competition held last month.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"Foreign Affaires." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

REGAL—"Strike Me Pink". Daily 3 shows at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ROXY—"Snehlata." Daily at 5-15, 8-0 and 10-45 p.m.

CAPITOL—"Classical and Popular Dances", Kanaklata Shankar Nambudri. Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CENTRAL—"A Tale of Two Cities'. Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PATHE—"The Milky Way." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

WELLINGTON—"The Three Musketeers." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

SUPER—"Dare-Devil." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

GLOBE—"Takdir." Daily at 5-15, 8-0 and 10-45 p.m.

MINERVA—"Dhoop-Chhaon." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Dharma-Ki-Devi." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Deccan Queen." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

EDWARD—"Devdass." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE—"A Midsummer Night's Dream". Daily at 3, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PLAZA—"Follies Berger." Daily at 6-30 and 9-45 p.m.

"LEWIS" HOCKEY FIXTURES

To-day (Friday) at 5-30 p.m. "Times of India" Hockey Club v. "Chequers".

To-morrow (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m. Young Sports 'A' v. Lusiadas Sporting Club.

At 5-30 p.m. Bombay Telephone Co. v. Young Sports 'B'.

SOUTH INDIAN BHAJANA SAMAJ

To-day (Friday): Music by ladies and Kolattam by girls of the Samaj Music Class at 4-30 p.m. Musical entertainment by Mrs. Narayana Iyer (Vocal) and Mr. Krishnaswamy (Violin), at 8-30 p.m.

To-morrow (Saturday): Religious discourse by Pandit Ramanujachariar at 4-30 p.m. Harikatha Kalakshepam by Gavai Viswanatha Bhagavathar of Vaikam at 9 p.m.

Sunday April 5: Nayana Kacheri at 8-30 p.m.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL

H. H. the Raj Saheb of Vankaner and Staff Officer and the Hon. Sir Ali Mahomed Khan Dehlavi lunched at Government House on Thursday.

The Governor of Bombay accompanied by Lady Brabourne presided at a meeting of the Cama Hospital at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall on Thursday.

H. H. the Maharaja of Kapurthala, the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Lady Beaumont, Sir Richard Temple, Sir Cowasji and Lady Jehangir Vice-Admiral and Mrs. A. E. F. Bedford, Major General and Mrs. S. J. P. Scobell, Lieut. Commander J. Lawrence, Mrs. Shepherd, Major Maharaj Kumar Amarit Singh of Kapurthala, Captain and Mrs. F. W. Brett and Mr. P. S. Luard dined at Government House on Thursday.

Girgaum Congress Office-Bearers

The Secretary writes:—

The following office bearers were elected in the first meeting of the new Managing Council held on Tuesday last.

President:—Mr. P. R. Lele.

Vice-Presidents:—Mr. D. S. Babrekar and Dr. Hariram Mohandas.

Hon. Secretaries:—Messrs. S. V. Sovani and R. M Desai.

Treasurer:—Mr. Ramdas Pratap.

RAILWAY TIMINGS

G. I. P. Railway.

Timings at Victoria Terminus (on and from 1st April, 1936):—

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6-00	22-00
Peshawar & Lucknow Express	6-15	23-00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7-30	17-50
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8-15	21-45
Madras Express	10-15	13-50
Deccan Queen	10-25	17-15
Punjab Mail	10-50	18-55
Poona Mail	11-40	15-30
Nagpur Express	14-00	22-10
Poona Fast Passenger	16-50	11-50
Poona Express	19-35	8-15
Allahabad Express	20-15	7-10

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Mail, Express and Passenger train timings in force from 1st April, 1936:—

Trains.	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	22-20
Delhi Express	6-00	22-05
Gujarat Mail	6-45	20-25
Kathiawar Mail	7-40	21-50
Frontier Mail	8-30	21-30
—Do.—on Saturdays	8-35	.....
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-20	13-40
Kathiawar Express	19-00	8-45
Baroda Passenger	21-10	8-55

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER.

Frontier Mail (on Saturdays only for passengers for Europe at 8-50.

PORTUGUESE AND SEWING CLASSES

The Joint Honorary Secretary of the Goa Hindu Association has issued the following statement: "The Goan Emigrants Fund Committee has organised Portuguese and Sewing Classes, commencing from Wednesday (1st April) under the management of the Goa Hindu Association. The inauguration ceremony of these classes was performed, in the premises of the Association by Signor A. L. Collaco, President of the Goan Emigrants Fund Committee on Monday the 30th ultimo at 7 p.m. (S.T.).

Mr. S. V. Shirgaonker the President of the Association remarked on the occasion that, although in the past the Goan Hindus and the Christians had no opportunity of coming together in public life and they were accustomed to keep themselves aloof, recently this aloofness has been disappearing. The credit of this new attitude is due in a great measure to the constant and sincere efforts made by the Goan Emigrants Fund Committee.

All Goans are brethren! Mr. Collaco expressed his great pleasure at having had an opportunity to come into personal contact with several Goan Hindus, and assured the audience that he and his committee were doing their best to be of the greatest service to the Goan Public in all matters, within their power. He requested the audience to take full advantage of the facilities offered by the committee by joining the classes in large numbers. All Goans to whatever caste or creed they may belong, were brethren and the committee always kept that ideal before them

Mr. A. X. D'Souza, associated himself with the sentiments expressed by Mr. Collaco. Dr. V. P. Kamat thereafter narrated in brief how the committee was striving for the promotion of the welfare of the Goan community and stated that notwithstanding that out of the 7 members of the committee, he was the only Hindu member, he never found it difficult to get the committee's support in all matters which were beneficial to the Goan community, whether Christian or otherwise.

The happy function came to a close after the guest of the evening was garlanded by Mr. Shirgaonkar.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE

The Indian Institute of Science (Bangalore) Old Boys' Association, which has its headquarters in Bombay, recently held its annual social gathering on the premises of the Hindu Gymkhana, Matunga.

The function was well attended, more than fifty old students of the Institute taking part, including electrical engineers, industrial chemists, organic and bio-chemists, chemical engineers, physicians etc. The gathering was a fitting reminder of the fact that the Institute had, within its short existence of 25 years, fulfilled the object of its founder, the late Mr. J. N. Tata, which was to advance the cause of science and its practical application to industry.

The Silver Jubilee of the Institute is due to be celebrated this year.

GHODBUNDER ROAD CLOSED ON FRIDAY

The public are informed that next Friday, April 3rd is the Immersion day of the Mohurrum festival. Taboots will be taken in procession through Bandra Town and for this purpose Ghodbunder Road immediately North of Mahim Causeway will be closed to Vehicular Traffic from 3 p.m. onwards.

The police will make special arrangements by which North bound and South bound traffic respectively will be diverted through side streets to the West and East of the main Ghodbunder Road. Since however, traffic will be particularly heavy on this day it is quite possible that the crowds that will assemble may result in vehicular traffic being completely held up for many hours.

The public who are likely to be travelling by motor car to and from Bombay on this afternoon are therefore advised in their own interests not to attempt to pass through Bandra between the hours of 3 to 5 p.m. and 7 to 10 p.m.

IN AND AROUND —BOMBAY—

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Mr. Mohanlal Desai

Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai, who was elected Chairman of the Standing Committee on Wednesday, is a well-known criminal lawyer of the city. He entered the Corporation in 1923 as a Nationalist and was elected a member of the Standing Committee in 1926. He was, therefore, senior-most among the candidates for the same honour. He was elected Chairman of the Law and Procedure Committee in 1926 and that of the Improvement Committee in 1933-34. He was also a candidate for the Mayoral chair but advisedly withdrew from the contest to make room for Mr. Jamnadas Mehta. The office of the Chairman of the Standing Committee is next to that of the Mayor in importance and it is hoped in the regime of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta as Mayor and Mr. Mohanlal Desai as Chairman of the Standing Committee the city will have more amenities and the municipality a prosperous year. Mr. Talpade's election as Chairman of the Schools Committee is also welcome as that of one who has taken a keen and intelligent interest in education. It is hoped that his regime will be marked by the introduction of compulsory education in all Wards in the City.

Radio Broadcasts For The Public

Is it possible to provide radio sets for the entertainment of the public at different places in the city? The Municipal Commissioner pleads his inability to provide any on legal as well as financial grounds. Under the Indian Telegraph Act 1885 a special license will be required which the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs may grant as a special ease. But then another difficulty arises and that is the infringement of the copyright as the arrangement between the Indian States Broadcasting Service and the copyright holders does not cover reproduction of programmes in public. It is hoped, however, that the aim of entertaining the public in certain localities with radio programmes will not be dropped and an earnest effort will be made to see that it is realized.

TO-DAY

EVEN IF IT IS A BANK HOLIDAY

THIS PAPER'S

OFFICE WILL BE OPEN FOR RECEIVING

"DISGUISE" COMPETITION COUPONS

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

I understand that the Bandra Police are applyiny a speed limit of 30 miles per hour on the Ghod Bunder Road and once this comes into force anybody breaking this law will be seriously dealt with. This would considerably reduce the number of accidents on this road.

Talking of accidents, on this road about which I wrote recently also, on Wednesday at 11 p.m. a car knocked down an old man near the Khar Chowki and drove away undetected, but the Bandra Police are making every enquiry and expect to trace the car shortly. The man has broken his arm and is in the Bandra Hospital.

CAN I SUE THE AUTHORITES?

Dear Suburban Man, writes a correspondent: "I am staying in a street which is completly closed to vehicular traffic owing to drainage construction work being carried on, and about one foot path way is all that is left for the use of the public. I have three children, aged 8, 9 10 who make use of this footpath to and fro to school. And what troubles me is this supposing one of these happens to meet a fatal end in these trenches which are very deep could I sue the authorities?"

What do you think dear reader?

WELL-KNOWN EAST INDIAN DEAD

Dr. Joe H. Pereira, M.B.B.S., a Councillor of the Bandra Municipality died yesterday at 1 p.m. at Cooper's Hospital. By his death, Bandra has been robbed of a prominent figure and philanthropist. He died at the early age of 45 leaving behind a widow, and a large number of relatives and friends to bemoan his loss. Funeral leaves his residence, Waroda Road, Bandra at 8-15 a.m. to-day for St. Andrews Church.

FOUNDLING HOME FOR HINDU INFANTS IN BOMBAY

An Appeal For Help

The Secretaries of the Hindu Deen Daya Sangh, Bombay, write:—Social workers had for a long time felt the necessity of a Foundling Home for Hindu infants deserted and orphaned in this city. The establishment of such an institution will greatly reduce such crimes as infanticides and criminal abortions which are becoming an almost daily occurrence in Bombay and will have fulfilled a long felt want. The Hindu Deen Daya Sangh is making preparations to start such a Home this month, and with that object have secured an offer of three rooms without rent for some months in the house of Mr. Bhalchandra Waman Dhadphale, B. E. The house is known as "Venoo Niketan," opposite Dadar Tram Depot. Mrs. Indirabai Dhadphale will personally supervise the work for some months on behalf of the Deen Daya Sangh, which is doing varied relief work in this city for the last eleven years. The Sangh is in want of cradles, feeding bottles, clothes and other necessaries besides money for this Home and any gift, however, humble, will be appreciated.

The managing committee of the Deen Daya Sangh includes Sir Govindrao Pradhan, Dr. Mrs. Malinibai Sukthankar, Mr. B. G. Parelkar, Mrs. Shantabai Kashalkar, Mr. Dwarkadas Soonderdas, Solicitor, Dr. R. V. Sathe, M.D., M.R.C.P., Mr. S. S. Kavalekar, M.A., LL.B., and others.

Any information regarding the Sangh can be had of either of the following Joint Honorary Secretaries:—

Dr. A. P. Naik, M.B.B.S., Bawla Building, Kalachowki Road, Chinchpokli.

Dr. Vallabhdas N. Shah, M.B.B.S., Old Hanuman Lane, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay 2.

Insolvency Petition Dismissed

Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia at the High Court heard the petition of Ganaji Venaji and Co. for the adjudication of Goswami Shri Vallabhlalji Maharaj, residing at Bhuleshwar.

The petitioners stated that they had obtained a decree against the Goswami Maharaj for Rs. 31,690, and that the Goswami was also indebted to various money lenders, his total debts amounting to Rs. one lakh. The petitioners and other creditors had got warrants of arrest against him in execution of decrees, but to evade arrest he was moving about from place to place.

The petitioners submitted that the Goswami had committed acts of insolvency by departing from his usual place of residence to evade arrest.

DEFENCE

The petition was contested in an affidavit made by the Munim of the Goswami in which it was stated that the petition was made to blackmail the Goswami who was not indebted to the petitioners. The Goswami was the Acharya of Vaishnavas all over India and had, therefore, to travel constantly. He had, therefore, no fixed abode in Bombay. It was further denied that the Goswami was indebted to several creditors or that warrants of arrest had been issued against him.

In dismissing the petition his Lordship observed that though the Goswami was indebted to the petitioners, he had not committed acts of insolvency.

Mr. P. B. Wacha instructed by Messrs. Ranchhoddas and Hakim appeared for the petitioners.

Mr. J. D. Davar instructed by Little and Co. appeared for the respondent.

B. E. S. AND T. DECLARES 13 PER CENT. DIVIDEND

The sixteenth ordinary general meeting of the members of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company, Limited was held at the office of the Company at 5 p.m. on Thursday the 2nd April. Sir Purushottamdas Thakurdas, was in the chair.

In moving the acceptance of the report of the Directors, the Chairman said that profit and dividends were the fruit of efficiency and economy in the Administration. The charges of the Company, especially to the small consumer, were amongst the lowest in India. There were 6,700 customers whose monthly bills were less than a rupee; and 24,700 whose bills were less than two rupees. Sir Purushottamdas said that their policy was to share any growing revenue with the consumers and they were true to their policy. Referring to the Tramway and Bus services, he said, that through the co-operation of the traffic authorities, Bombay had been saved the waste and confusion of redundant services.

Some general questions were raised by members. There was a complaint that dividends were not enough, though they were as high as 13 per cent in all.

Mr. Shamdasani complained that the depreciation fund was very low, and that plant and machinery were being starved to keep the shareholders pleased. At the same time, he maintained that dividends had fallen. This, he said, was due to high expenditure which, swallowed up one crore and six lakhs of rupees out of a total revenue of one crore and 82 lakhs of rupees.

After the Chairman had answered the objections, the report was adopted.

Sir Purushottamdas Thakurdas and Sir Chunilal V. Mehta were re-elected, Chairman and Member, respectively, of the Board of Directors. Messrs. Fergusson and Co. and S. B. Billimoria and Co. were re-elected auditors.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, APRIL 3, 1936

"BOMBAY—1934-35"

"Bombay—1934-35" or the official review of the administration of the Presidency is, like most other official reports, a much belated publication. In its faults of commission and omission it much resembles the more notorious report on Indian administration. It is never-the-less a useful report, containing in a handy form summaries of separate reports on the various departments of administration, which are not easily accessible to the average citizen. These summaries form Part II of the report and cover about 180 pages. Part I gives in 20 pages a general summary of the year's work and also makes brief references to the political activities in the Presidency. Paragraphs on waste lands and newspapers have been omitted from this year's report because, we are told, "the statistics from which they were extracted were discontinued by the orders of Government." But the question remains why Government have discontinued such important statistics. It is bad enough to omit them from the report. To discontinue collecting them is much worse. Figures about newspapers are important as indicating faithfully the general awakening among the people and are easily ascertainable. Figures about cultivable waste lands, too, are easily ascertained, being the difference between total cultivable land, the extent of which does not much vary from year to year, and the land actually cultivated. If the figures for the latter are not to be collected every year, it is a serious omission on the part of Government. The area of uncultivated but cultivable land must have increased very much during the year under review owing to depression and Government's failure to give due relief.

Omissions

The paragraphs about political activities refer to Congress as being "infinitely the best organised political party" and to the release of most of the civil disobedience prisoners. But there is no mention of institutions like the Rashtriya Stri Sabha, the Desh Sevika Sangha and the Headquarters and the provincial branches of the Hindustani Seva Dal that are still under a ban. The report might have made some reference to these and explained to the wondering public in what way these institutions, particularly the first two, which consist of only women workers, are still a menace to peace and order and public tranquillity. Referring to the "interesting development" of the formation of the All-India Village Industries Association by the Congress, the report says: "During the year under review little progress appears to have been made by the All-India Village Industries Association, but the Village Uplift movement which had been inaugurated in 1933 under the auspices of Government made considerable strides." Government could have ascertained from the Association whatever progress it had made in the Presidency and contented itself with publishing the ascertained facts, leaving the public to form their own opinions about them. As for "considerable strides" made by the official movement, there is little or no particulars about them in the report.

Redeeming Feature

A redeeming feature in the economic condition of the province in the year under review was the starting of several new industries. Says the report on the subject: "During the year under review several new factories were established in the Presidency for the manufacture of electric torch castings, sewing threads on wooden pools and paper tubes and canes, sheet metal and unbreakable black boards, suitable for schools, office duplicators, tin boxes, show cards for advertisement purposes, soap, steel rolling and re-rolling, fire-works, woollen fabrics and yarn, canvass and rubber shoes, carpets, vegetable oil, and coal briquettes, etc." The report also observes: "A protectionist policy in India resulted in the importation of mill machinery, apparatus and materials for manufacture, instead of the manufactured article itself. For a somewhat different reason, the demand for films in India suitable for Indian audiences necessitated the importation of considerable electrical and other equipment for production, in addition to that required for the exhibition of both Indian and foreign films." The starting of new industries is due far more to the Swadeshi movement in the country than to the protectionist policy in India. But the report has nothing to say on the movement. However, the chapter in the report on Trade and Industries contains many facts and figures which show that the movement is bearing good fruit despite lack of encouragement from Government.

The New Mayor

We congratulate Mr. Jamnadas Mehta on his election as Mayor of Bombay for the current year. Mr. Mehta has been a member of the Corporation for nearly twelve years and his work there has been marked by thorough study of civic problems and consistent devotion to the City's interests. The Bombay Municipality is reputed to be the most progressive municipality in the country and there is no doubt that, so far as the richer section of the City's population are concerned, their needs have been most readily and satisfactorily met by it. But the City's poor have been sadly and persistently neglected by the Municipality. Mr. Mehta is one of the prominent leaders of the Labour movement and a champion of the rights of the underdog. We trust his regime as Mayor will witness a substantial expansion of the beneficent efforts initiated by the retiring Mayor, Mr. K. F. Nariman, to make up for past neglect of the needs of the poorer but vaster section of the citizens who directly and indirectly make the largest contribution to the municipal exchequer. In electing Mr. Mehta by an overwhelming majority, the Corporation has proved its confidence in him. In fact no better choice could have been made and we have no doubt Mr. Mehta will prove a worthy successor to Mr. Nariman and continue the tradition set by great Presidents like Sir Pherozeshah Mehta, Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola and Mr. Vithalbhai Patel.

The German Reply

Almost every one of the German proposals would be a commendable contribution to peace, and with a few exceptions, of course, the Note as a whole welcomed as a foundation on which to establish lasting understanding between France and Germany as also international goodwill, were it not for the fact that the value of the proposals is rendered completely nugatory and the Note utterly farcical by Herr Hitler deliberately ignoring the vital preliminary to any understanding—his 'bona fides.' He has not made any attempt to answer the very clear and relevant questions addressed to him by M. Flandin. What guarantee is there that Germany will respect her obligations and not denounce commitments freely entered into by her? This question suggests itself with greater force by reason of Herr Hitler refusing to answer it.

So far as British opinion is concerned it is, as usual, a mixture of good and bad. It is rightly held that the reply "leaves much to be desired." But how can it have a 'conciliatory effect' when Herr Hitler persists in basing it on an international outrage? Moreover, it is all very well to discuss measures "to ensure the security of France and Belgium against unprovoked aggression." But what about sanctions to vindicate the integrity and security of international morality? No wonder Herr Hitler's proposals are scorned as 'hoodwinking" by the French Press and that authoritative circles in Paris contend that they will result in ruin to the collective security system and mutual aid and to the League of Nations itself.

MOHARRAM

Anniversary Of The Tragedy Of Kerbala

BY W. A. JAFFEREY.

To-day the 10th day of Muharram, the first month of Islamic calendar, is observed as a day of universal mourning all over the Islamic world. For on this day was murdered, on the plains of Kerbala, Hazrat Imam Hussein, grandson of the Prophet, by the opposing army of Yezid, son of Amir Muawiya of the Ommayyad dynasty.

Muawiya

Cunning and shrewed as Muawiya was, he caused Hazrat Imam Hasan to sign a treaty, by which Hasan, elder brother of Imam Hoosein, renounced his claim to the Caliphate in favour of Muawiya. Muawiya knew human nature better, and he knew how to use mankind for his purpose. This is emply illustrated in his dealings with Amr-b-Aas in Egypt and Ziyad, in Iraq. He introduced autocratic spirit into administration and undue rigour in police regulations to curb the rebellious instinct of his subjects, especially those of the Iraqians.

Maysum, wife of Muawiya, was a Bedouin girl. She had no charm for her wild spirits at the luxurious court of Domascus. She returned to her own people with her son Yezid, where he grew up as Bedouin, with the instincts and tastes of the Bedouin love of pleasure, hatred of piety and reckless disregard for the laws of religion.

Yezid

Muawiya had won military renown abroad through his Generals. His son, Yezid, had also taken part in these campaigns, which had hardened him into activity. Hence Muawiya managed to obtain the succession for his son Yezid. The Syrians acknowledged him as such, but in Arabia and Iraq even the friends of Muawiya openly declared against such an arrangement. With great difficulty and by doubtful means did Muawiya succeed in making Mecca, Medina and Basra take oath of allegiance to Yezid.

But it was thought by almost all the companions of the Prophet that Caliphate, a theocratic democracy, was not hereditary. It was rather a system based on election.

On his accession without election, Yezid called for a fresh oath of allegiance. Hussein at the same time received envoys from the Kufans that they were ready to swear fealty to him. He thought that a large section of the Muslims were against Yezid, so it was his duty to lead them. He refused to take the oath and left for Mecca where under the shadow of the holy Ka'ba and at a great distance from Syria, he hoped to find peace and suitable base for his operation. Inspite of the entreaties of Abdallah-b-Zubayr, Hussain accepted the summons of the wavering and treacherous Kufans. The older members of the Prophet's family counselled him not to go to Kufa. But he was adamant. He sent his cousin, Muslim-b-Aqueel, in advance, to ascertain the general trend of opinion. Muslim found things favourable for Hussain. Also the Governor Noman-b-Bashir looked on passively and with indifference at the movement. Strengthened in his resolution, he prepared for Kufa. Unfortunately Ubaidallah-b-Ziyad, was appointed Governor in place of Noman. This man was the enemy of the house of Ali, and had received instructions from Yezid not to allow Hussain to enter Kufa. Hussain's adventure was a perilous one. In the autumn of the year 680 A.D. he started for Kufa with about 85 companions—old, young, children and women. On the way the poet Farazdaq told Hussain that although the hearts of the Kufans were with him, their swords were with the Ommayyads. Meanwhile Ubaidallah, having overawed the insurgents in the city and beheaded their leaders, Muslim and his host Hani, sent a cavalry under Amr-b-Saad to stop Hussain. Amr asked the latter to surrender. Hussain now realised how fickle-minded the Kufans were. He put two alternatives before Amr, that either he should be allowed to go back to Medina, or to Damascus to see Yezid in person. But Ubaidallah, in his unholy zeal asked the unconditional surrender of Hussain and his family. As a self-respecting man, the Imam did not agree to this. Hopeless as his position was, Hussain's party was cut off from Euphrates and was encircled by the hostile troops. It would appear that Ommayyad officers themselves shrank from the odium of a general massacre and hoped to take the Prophet's grandson alive.

Tenth Moharram

Thus on the 10th of Muharram 61 A.H. (10th October 680) began the unequal contest between Hussain and his small band of men on one side and a considerable army on the other. Shimr, the cruel General, gave oders for

(Continued on Page 8 Col. 5.)

AFTER LOCARNO

New Peril That Aggravates Hitler's Victory In The Rhineland

By H. N. BRAILSFORD.

What will history think of this week's doings? The documents that record the proposals of the Locarno Powers are not yet published, as I write, nor is it known how much of their nicely balanced compromise the Germans will accept.

One detail in it—the patrol of neutral troops on their territory alone—they probably will reject.

The reference to The Hague Court of the pretext on which they profess to have acted is a matter of minor importance, and over it they may equivocate. The Conference is a draft on the future which will not weigh heavily in the judgment of practical men.

Two realities stand out when one tries to estimate the effect of these decisions. Hitler's troops remain where he placed them.

The mailed fist struck, and the dint remains, printed visibly on the map of Europe. The League has not smoothed it out.

But there are to be military conversations between the British, French and Belgian staffs. We have drifted towards an alliance.

Tactless Suggestion

One may assume that the League's Council will ratify the compromise reached between the British and French ministers.

This compromise, if I have grasped it correctly, after listening to the amusingly different accounts which the British, French and German wireless services gave of it on Thursday night, combines the characteristic foibles of both nations.

The French passion for legality is flattered by the appeal to The Hague Court. The British, on the other hand, have contrived to smother the angry immediate issue of the Rhineland in the vast confusion of a conference that is to debate everything under the sun, from disarmament to the world's economic problems.

Then comes a suggestion so tactless that one has difficulty in crediting it. An international force may occupy some part of the Rhineland, but only on the German side.

Finally, military measures are to be concerted between the British, French and Belgian staffs for the protection of the French frontier.

So far the positive provisions.

The negative side of the matter is, however, by far the more important. There will be no demand for the withdrawal, not even for the partial and symbolical withdrawal, of the German troops.

Finally, the word sanctions is not mentioned, not even in an ambiguous parenthesis.

What does all this mean? Strip it of the verbiage and it means only one thing. Hitler has reoccupied the Rhineland and reasserted full German sovereignty over it.

This fact remains the one solid outcome of the crisis. His troops are there, and there they will stay. Nothing else will go down to history.

As for the recommendation to refer the propriety of the Franco-Russian alliance to The Hague Court, it is doubtful whether anything of value will come of it. For the Germans have already stated their objections to this procedure, and indeed this is hardly a matter for a purely legal tribunal.

The issue is one neither of law nor of fact. It is a matter for political judgment whether such alliances disturb the relationship created at Locarno and distort the working of the League.

The French may, if they think it worth the trouble, seek and obtain a certificate that they have kept within the letter of the law. That will change nothing in this situation.

The notion of stationing international troops in the Rhineland, but only on the German side, is the most clumsy of all these proposals.

It will look to the Germans like a proposal to renew the occupation from which they escaped, with Arthur Henderson's aid, six years ago.

It stinks of inequality, and of course they will reject it. Fortunately, if one may trust the French news, there is a provision which stipulates that the consent of the interested Governments is necessary. That, presumably, includes Germany.

Fascist Menace

Over the conversations between the general staffs, one feels more anxiety. This may be a harmless measure, limited to the period of crisis.

There seems to be no call for it, for the last thing the Germans would do is to fling themselves on the French forts. They have, in fact, kept their troops at a safe distance from the frontier.

But this professedly temporary measure could readily be prolonged until it developed into a military alliance. And this is what the French intend.

The Conference will please the Germans and also our English Liberals. One sees no change for the better in the world, since the Conferences that failed in London and Geneva, such as would lead one to hope much from it. The Haves show no disposition to surrender anything to the Have-nots. And who, since Hitler's challenge, is the readier to disarm?

This is a hasty view, reached without the documents, of a compromise which tired men drafted in the middle of the night. Only as the details fade out and the permanent facts emerge shall we be able to judge it fairly.

We in this relatively secure island are still thinking with guilty consciences of Versailles. To us it seems on the whole a gain that the insulting inequality imposed on Germany should disappear.

The Continent thinks with more realism. For it a new epoch began in 1933. It has forgotten all about Versailles. It sees nothing but the menace of Fascism that darkens all European life.

From this standpoint one thing and one only mattered this week. Hitler challenged the rest of Europe to an audacious trial of strength. He won.

A Year Hence

His military power is immensely enhanced, since he can now, when he has built his forts, hold the French in check and feel secure on his Western flank.

A year hence, in relative safety he may risk at his choice, a move either to the south or the east, against Austria or Russia. In the meanwhile his increased prestige will cause the hesitating groups and Governments all over Europe to veer to the German side—notably in Austria, Poland, Yugoslavia and Rumania.

Worse still, even in France, where the Left was hoping for success in the coming elections, the poor performance of the League, in which it had trusted, must injure its chances.

If the Right should win, it will sooner or later come to terms with Hitler. That would mean the triumph throughout Europe of the Fascist reaction.

To balance all this, what is there? Only the hint that Locarno has been converted into a Franco-British alliance. And that for us in England is a new peril that aggravates Hitler's victory.

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Frankly Speaking

RUSSO-JAP CLASHES

Trouble has again started on the Manchukuo-Mongolian or rather Jap-Soviet border. There is, on the one hand a report from Moscow, to the effect that the Assistant Foreign Commissar has protested to the Japanese Ambassador against large detachments of Manchurian and Japanese troops having attacked Mongols a number of times during the last few days. On the other hand, there is almost a simultaneous report from Japanese sources that the Jap-Manchukuans, so far from being villains are actually the victims of Russo-Mongolian villany! Whoever may be right—although there is not much doubt as to who is—the unfortunate fact is there that clashes are occurring frequently accentuating the grave menace of a major conflict breaking out in what Stalin recently described as one of the two "danger zones" in the world of to-day.

PATRIOTIC LEAD

We are glad that the Jamiatul Ulema Conference has in its annual session at Delhi declared that the Government of India Act is unacceptable. This is a patriotic lead which, we sincerely hope, will be followed by the Muslim community in general notwithstanding the vociferous opposition of reactionaries and communalists. Particularly pleasing is the fact that Mr. Jinnah preferred the Jamiatul Ulema Conference to the reactionary farce that was being enacted simultaneously at Delhi under the name of the "All-India Muslim Conference", attended the Jamiat Conference and delivered a robust speech also. If Mr. Jinnah were to give a clear lead to the Muslim League in terms of his Delhi speech, the Jamiatul Ulema and the Muslim League can render valuable service in creating a nationalist,—which in the ultimate analysis the true Muslim—psychology among Muslims.

INDIAN SHIPPING

In the course of his lecture on "Evolution of Ships" at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall on Wednesday Commander R. G. McClement said that ancient India was a great maritime country and hoped that history would repeat itself and India would regain her position as a ship-building country. The hope must remain a pious one so long as British domination in India continues. The starting of the Mercantile Marine, in which the Commander sees great hopes, is but a make-believe. The refusal to reserve coastal shipping to Indian ships shows that it does not suit British interests to develop Indian shipping to its fullest extent. But for that very reason it is the duty of the people to support Indian shipping at any cost.

ISLAMIC RESEARCH

The Islamic Research Association is one of those few cultural societies which are quietly and unostentatiously doing useful literary research work. As its President, Mr. Ali Mohamed Mekhli, said in his speech at the annual meeting of the Association, "the publication of five scholarly works during a brief period of three years is in itself no mean achievement." All these books have been highly spoken of by the Press and the literary critics. The three works which the Association hopes to publish this year are also expected to be of a high standard, and, like the earlier publications, will no doubt throw interesting light on some important aspects of Islamic history and culture. The Society has a commendable record of solid work and the promise of greater and more useful activity as it grows. As such, it is entitled to the generous support and whole-hearted co-operation of all those who are interested in Islamic history and research.

Acharya Ray's Disclaimer

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—My attention has been drawn to a correspondence in the "Chronicle" over the signature of "Publicus," in which the most preposterous and condemnatory charge has been levelled against me—namely, that "I have been trying to discourage the imports of drugs, tinctures, medicines, etc. into Bengal from other provinces like Bombay."

During the last fourteen years, i.e., from 1921 and onwards, I have been invited to open Swadeshi exhibitions through the length and breadth of India—Karachi, Lahore and Delhi, Madras and Bombay—and with that end in view, I have travelled some 200,000 miles. My printed speeches everywhere have been distributed, broadcast and published in the newspapers as well. I have nowhere preached the suicidal policy of levying provincial tariffs. I have always made myself the spokesman of the cult of Swadeshi, and I hope nowhere will be found a trace of provincialism.

I would gladly welcome the day when every province in India should have similar organisations like the Bengal Chemical.

At present we are faced with keen competition from abroad—Europe, America and Japan. To take one or two instances. Hitherto iodine and its compounds, e.g., potassium iodide, were selling at Rs. 14 to 16 per pound, but the the import of the Japanese drugs ha compelled the English and German preparations to be sold at one-third the prevailing prices. i.e., at Rs. 4-8.

Again, the celebrated English alkali manufacturers Brunner Mond and Co. (now a member of the merger: Imperial Chemical Industries, I.C.I., Ltd.) had almost a monopoly of the Asiatic market. But now Japan has entered the list and has proved to be a formidable competitor.

It is not only foolish, but as I have already said, suicidal, to lean upon the frail crutch of provincial tariff to ward off competition. What India needs is the harnessing of science in chemical industries.

I trust this emphatic denial to the charge of provincialism will satisfy "Publicus."—Yours, etc.,

P.C. RAY.

University College of Science, Calcutta; March 31.

Haunting Echoes—

"Delhi is beginning to resound with praises of their Excellencies the Viceroy and the Countess of Willingdon."

—Bori Bunder.

* * * *

Replying to a farewell address by 70 "citizens of Delhi," Lord Willingdon said, "We trust that you will not forget us, as indeed, we shall always remember you."

We are not sure, if the 70 "citizens of Delhi will always remember His Excellency (they must already be making preparations to remember Lord Linlithgow).

But there is very little doubt that His Excellency will remember Indians.

And so will Indians, His Excellency in a manner of speaking.

* * * *

Lord Willingdon particularly referred to a problem of "primary importance," the problem of the rural area surrounding the capital and "more particularly, as regards prevention of disease and improvement of communications."

Yes, it is of primary importance that the capital and its inhabitants should be well protected.

The rest of India may well envy the fortunate situation of the "rural area surrounding the capital."

* * * *

The Marquis of Linlithgow met 40 M.P.'s interested in Indian affairs at a farewell tea party given by Sir John Wardlaw Milne in the House of Commons this afternoon.—Reuter.

The junior colleague recalls a well-krown story of the ancient Orient.

* * * *

SEQUEL TO MUSLIM BOYCOTT.

Minister Nominates City-Fathers.

—Headlines to Calcutta report.

It is quite all right, isn't it, if the Minister is Sir Nazimuddin, cousin of the Nawab of Dacca, the public-spirited leader of the boycott movement.

* * * *

The Council of State will not now hold an Ottawa Pact debate, says a Delhi report.

We are glad that Government have, for once, put the Elders and themselves in their proper places, as it were.

* * * *

Representatives of the Congress Nationalist and Congress Democratic Swaraj Parties are to meet at Delhi after the Congress session to form an All-India Party of their own.

We hereby eat our alter-ego's words. The "Congress Nationalists" have won.

* * * *

The people of Texas City in America propose to observe a "Mother-in-Law" day.

Clever people! Now they can have 364 days to themselves.

* * * *

We read of a girl who impersonates dolls to amazing perfection.

And we know of dolls who—er—well, impersonate girls almost to perfection.

* * * *

SOVIET MAKING ART CITY.

—Headline.

If only it would attract away our artists, art critics and patrons of art.

Of course we can't spare Brother Vakil.

* * * *

By the way, however, the report lacks confirmation that a lunch of the Three Arts Circle will shortly be held in that city.

* * * *

A tourist journeying from Cairo to the Pyramids thought he had, at last, found a place where nothing at all was touched with Western civilisation. The romantic atmosphere made him sigh with delight. One day he was hoisted on to the back of a camel by a picturesque Arab.

"Tell me the name of your camel," he asked.

"Greta Garbo," came back the reply.

Labour Motion For Adjournment Of Commons Carried

Miss Wilkinson's Fight For Equality Of Women In Civil Service Causes Great Excitement

LONDON, April 1.

There was excitement in the House of Commons this evening when Miss Ellen Wilkinson's motion that Government should give effect to the 1920 resolution, that women employed in the common classes of the Civil Service be placed in a position of equality with men was carried by 156 votes to 148 amidst Labour cries of "Resign."

Ellen Wilkinson.

The Government by 149 votes to 134 recovered its majority by getting the substantive motion to put the Speaker in the chair again carried, but Mr. Attlee (Opposition) jumped up and moved the adjournment of the House, which was challenged by Mr. Baldwin, and at first refused and then accepted. The House rose in considerable confusion, Mr. Baldwin declaring that they might disperse less dissatisfied if they remembered that to-day was April the 1st.—Reuter.

A bird's-eye view of the nearly completed Motinagar, Lucknow, where the 49th Sessions of the Indian National Congress will be held this month.

CAMA HOSPITAL GOLDEN JUBILEE

Bombay Governor Appeals For Funds

"I have no doubt as to the justification for this appeal, for its object is one of India's most urgent necessities, the proper care and treatment of women, particularly mothers. The neglect of such was general for centuries, and the requisite provision is even now only partially made in great cities like Bombay, and exists only in outline in the smaller towns, and not at all in most villages."

In these words, His Excellency the Governor of Bombay, supported the appeal of the Cama Hospital Golden Jubilee celebrations, for funds at the public meeting held at the Sir C.J. Hall on Thursday evening.

There was a large and distinguished gathering which included Lady Brabourne, Sir A. M. K. Dehlavi, Sir John Beaumont and Lady Cowasji Jehangir (Jnr.).

GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

"The Cama Hospital," observed Lord Brabourne, "is a hospital for women, staffed and managed by women.

Its early history was a struggle for recognition of the possibility of such an institution and against the attempted domination of men. In fact, I feel a little uncertain whether it is quite in keeping that I, as a man, should speak on behalf of an institution so strongly feminist in character, which has so successfully shown the ability of women to look after themselves

"I do, however, think that a nospital run entirely by women is peculiarly suitable to Indian conditions, since it serves a large class of women who would not come to an ordinary hospital, and also gives training to many women doctors and nurses who would be unwilling to be trained elsewhere.

APPEAL FOR PUBLIC HELP.

"How popular this hospital and its dispensary are, appears plainly from the figures published in the printed appeal. In 11 years the in-patients have doubled, the maternity cases trebled, and the out-patients almost trebled. It is no wonder that more space and greater accommodation are required. It is also necessary to keep the equipment and the internal arrangements up to date so that work may be done with the least waste of effort and under the conditions most likely to ensure success

"It is not a light matter to appeal for Rs. 4-3/4 lakhs at the present time, when there have been so many appeals and when the country is only beginning to emerge from depression. I have, however, no doubt as to the justification for this appeal, for its object is one of India's most urgent necessities, the proper care and treatment of women, particularly mothers. The neglect of such was general for centuries, and the requisite provision is even now only partially made in the great cities like Bombay, and exists only in outline in the smaller towns, and not at all in most villages.

GREAT BENEFACTOR.

"A great benefactor like Mr. Pestonji Cama made the founding of this hospital possible, and I hope that wealthy persons at the present day will be forthcoming, who will be ready to make similar notable donations and so reduce the amount which will have to be collected in small sums from less well-to-do contributors. No more noble object for their generosity can be found in Bombay, and it would be a fitting celebration of the Golden Jubilee of the Cama foundation."

Lady Beaumont, Chairman of the Cama Hospital Jubilee Fund, read at the outset a message of good wishes from Her Excellency the Countess of Willingdon.

Lady Beaumont made an earnest appeal to the citizens of Bombay to contribute to the Golden Jubilee Fund. The Hospital had done benefit to the city in no small measure. It had been so well managed and had become so popular that in the year of its Golden Jubilee, it had need to beg. And many of the women doctors and nurses had undergone their training in the Cama Hospital.

Dr. (Mrs.) Dadabhoy traced the history of the development of medical aid by women for women in the Bombay Presidency and incidentally, of the Cama Hospital. A hostel for women students, enlargement of the Operation Theatre, and the provision of up-to-date instruments were some of the very urgent needs of the Cama and Albless Obstetric Hospital. The cost was estimated at 5 lakhs.

TRIBUTE TO STAFF.

Major-General E.W.C. Bradfield, Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, paid tributes to the staff of the Cama Hospital for their services. He said that the authorities were considerably handicapped on account of the absence of up-to-date instruments. He supported the appeal for funds for larger accommodation, for a hostel for post-graduate women students and quarters for the staff. Researches on the treatment of women's diseases should be carried out.

Mrs. D. N. Sirur proposed and Mrs. Khadija Shuffi Tyabji seconded the vote of thanks to the Governor and Lady Brabourne.

A film vividly depicting the conditions in the Cama Hospital was shown.

"HINDENBURG" PASSES OVER LAS PALMAS

Passengers Have Comfortable Voyage In Giant Airship

LONDON April 2

The "Hindenburg", passed over Las Palmas, (Canary Isles) at 9.10 p.m. on April 1, says Reuter's Special Correspondent aboard the Zeppelin in his wireless message. The airship travelled at 60 miles per hour at a height of 600 feet.

The Special Correspondent says, when at 45 miles northwest of Lisbon, the "Hindenburg" flew over three British destroyers who heliographed "Godspeed" to the Airship. It is not likely that it will reach Rio De Janeiro before Saturday, as the engines are not being pushed.

After a storm in the Bay of Biscay the sea was very calm. Conditions were delightful. The windows of the dining room were kept open. The passengers were resting in armchairs without worrying about news of the international situation broadcast from loudspeakers.

The passengers were cosmopolitan, mostly Germans, and included two Englishmen, three Americans, One Swede, one Spaniard and one Brazilian including five ladies.—Reuter.

NORTHERN UNION RUGBY

LONDON, April 1

The following are the results of matches under Rugby Northern Union rules:—

Wigan 8, Salford 5.
Hunslet 16, Hull Kingston 2.
York 3, Huddersfield 13.
Featherstone 6, Leeds 6.
Bradford Northern 7, Wakefield 2.
Streatham-Mitcham 13, Swinton 10.—Reuter.

INDIAN WEIGHT LIFTERS TO GO ABROAD

At the last meeting of the Executive Committee of the Indian Weight Lifting Federation, Mr. Zaw Weik of Burma, Mr. Mahd. Naqi of Lahore and Mr. Bharathan of Cannanore have been chosen to represent India in Berlin Olympic (in Weight Lifting) provided necessary financial helps be obtained from Burma, Punjab and Cannanore. So far as Bengal is concerned, she does not send any Weight-lifter this time but the Indian Weight Lifting Federation, the headquarters of which is in Calcutta has agreed to contribute a certain sum of rupees from Bengal if the due amount be forthcoming from the three provinces, we hope, the three provinces as well as gentlemen interested in the Iron Game would rise up to occasion and make every possible attempt to raise money which may early be sent to Mr. N. N. Bhose, B.A (Cantab), Barat-Law, Secretary, Indian Weight Lifting Federation, 214 Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.

HAUPTMANN TO DIE TO-DAY

NEW YORK, April 1

It is announced that Hauptmann is to be executed at 1 p.m. G.M.T. on Friday.—Reuter.

Mr. R. M. Deshmukh, Ex-Minister and Mr. Brijlal Biyani are standing as candidates for election to the Council of State from Berar on behalf of the Democratic Swaraj Party and the Congress respectively.

LAWSON LITTLE TURNS PRO

Famous Golfer Joins Bobby Jones School

AUGUSTA, (Georgia) April 2

Lawson Little the holder of the Anglo-American Amateur Golf Championships is turning professional from April 2. He is joining the Bobby Jones Golf Promotion venture, involving an educational programme for the promotion of golf throughout the United States.—Reuter.

BORDER INCIDENTS "CARRIED OUT" BY SOVIET

Japan Will Issue Final Warning Before Taking Action

TOKIO, April 2

Declaring that the investigation into the recent border incidents proves the invasions have been deliberately carried out by the Soviet, The "Kokumin Shimbun" understands that Premier Hirota has decided to issue a final warning to the Soviet as soon as the new Foreign Minister is appointed, and take "adequate and independent action" if necessary.—Reuter.

EXCEPTIONALLY EQUIPPED FOR VICEROYALTY

London Paper's Tributes To Lord Linlithgow

(Special Cable)

LONDON, April 2.

"Lord Linlithgow leaves not only with the Universal Goodwill but also Universal confidence of his fellow-countrymen", says "the Times" in a leader on Lord Linlithgow's departure.

The paper says the moment of departure is singularly appropriate for it happens just as the first definite steps are taking effect, stage by stage, of the vast changes in the structure of the Indian Government and mentions the establishment of the new provinces of Sind and Orissa, the impending departure of Commander Hon. Archibald Cochrane to Burma, the discussion in the House of Commons of the Orders-in-Council and the completion of Sir Otto Neimeyer's inquiries, with reference to which it says, there is every reason to believe his report will show that there is no insurmountable financial barrier to provincial autonomy about a year hence and Federation later.

EXCEPTIONALLY EQUIPPED

"The Times" stresses that Lord Linlithgow's exceptional equipment for the Viceroyalty and says his vigorous and kindly personality can hardly fail to have a strong influence over the colossal and most complicated problem.

"The Morning Post" writes:—Whatever may have been the controversy over constitutional changes, it will not affect the cordial goodwill on which Lord Linlithgow can count, as well from former opponents as from friends and associates. Nobody will pretend that the new Viceroy's task is likely to be easy. Meanwhile it will be an encouragement to know that he will receive in India as warm a welcome as the goodwill which accompanies him from home.

That the Non-Brahmins in Berar should make every effort to seek co-operation with the Congress in the new Provincial Assembly elections was the advise given by Mr. M. R. Bagwe, on the eve of his departure from Amraoti to take up his apointment of the Additional Sessions Judge in the Baroda State.

Mr. M. N. Talpade has been elected Chairman of the Municipal Schools Committee.

AMBASSADORS OF GOODWILL

Bhopal Entertains Test Team To England At Farewell Banquet

(From Our Correspondent).

BHOPAL, April 2.

His Highness the President of the Board of Control has the Indian Cricket Team as his guests to meet them before they sail for England on Saturday. The Maharajkumar of Vizianagram, Mr. DeMello, Honorary Secretary, Major Brittain Jones, Mr. Tadi, Treasurer, and the following members of the team have arrived: Amar Singh, Amir Elahi, Palia, Mehromji, Amarnath and Banerji. The team was entertained to a banquet last night at the Sadar Manzil and covers were laid for forty. At the conclusion of the dinner, His Highness made a speech and also read a personal message which His Excellency the Viceroy had sent to the team. His Highness said:

BHOPAL'S SPEECH.

Gentlemen, do not let my getting up from my chair to-night frighten you, for knowing as I do what a very strenuous time lies ahead of you, it is not my intention to inflict a long speech on you. All I want to do is first to bid you a sincere welcome to my State and then to thank you for the very great pleasure you have given me by accepting my invitation to be my guests. I am indeed delighted to see you all in my capital and hope that you will take away with you pleasant memories of your very short stay with us.

CUSTODIANS OF INDIA'S HONOUR

I also take this opportunity of congratulating you all on the honour that your country has bestowed on you by selecting you to play for India in England. Let me assure you that, both as individuals and as a team, you have not only the best wishes of your countrymen, but also their confidence in you. We are sending a team to England consisting of those in whose hands the honour of Indian cricket and our reputation for good sportsmanship are quite safe. Above all it is a source of great satisfaction to be able to feel that you will all live together in harmony as a happy family and that your country's name and reputation will always be your first consideration.

AMBASSADORS OF GOODWILL

You are going to England as ambassadors of goodwill and understanding and I can say from personal experience that England will receive you in the same spirit. It has to be remembered that we all stand for the honour and glory of the Empire which can only be achieved by the supreme effort of fellowship so that, separated though we are by occasions, we may be bound closely through generations that are to come by mutual sympathy, goodwill and understanding. It is your good fortune that you have the Maharajkumar of Vizianagram as your skipper who, besides being a good cricketer, is also a great sportsman and possesses all those qualities which should command your loyalty and wholehearted support both on and off the field. I have no doubt he will inspire you to do great things and to play cricket in the widest sense of the word.

If you all combine and hold a straight bat which individually you all know how to do and at the same time be modest in victory and cheerful in defeat, you will place yourselves for all time on a pedestal of glory and whether you win or lose, victory shall in each case be yours and India will be proud of you. Let me now on behalf of us all wish you 'bon voyage' and the best of luck.

VICEROY'S MESSAGE.

I have also a personal message from His Excellency the Viceroy which I should like to read out to you. This is a short note to ask you to convey to our cricket team which is off to England in a few days "my warmest good wishes and my sincere hope that they will have a most successful tour. I shall be over in England myself before long, but, in the meantime wish Vizzy and his men every possible good luck, bid them to keep a straight bat and beware of the new l.b.w. rule and hope they would bring back the ashes to India."

Gentlemen, I ask you to join me in the drinking to the health of our guests. May their visit to England be a great success and may they return to us safe and sound. His Highness thereafter proposed the toast for the team which was drunk with much applause.

VIZIANAGRAM'S REPLY.

The Maharajkumar of Vizianagram replying said:

I am most grateful to you Sir, for your generous remarks and fatherly advice. Please convey to His Excellency our warmest thanks for his kind message. We have enjoyed your proverbial hospitality to our hearts content. You have given us a treat, Sir I do hope and pray that we shall prove worthy of your choice. Your advice and guidance shall always stand us in good stead. You have given me a fine art of men and it shall be our united endeavour to play as one man and as one unit. I am confident we shall play the game and be true ambassadors of goodwill both on and off the field.

TRIBUTE TO NAWAB.

Gentlemen, His Highness is India's finest polo player and a cricketer of renown, for not so very long ago he skippered the Aligarh 'Varsity side. Had it not been for his multifarious activities and State duties, he would have to-day been skippering India. May I also say that His Highness is the greatest democratic ruler of the present day? I am voicing the feelings of you all when I say that India is fortunate in having you at the helm of her cricketing affairs. I must congratulate Your Highness on selecting Major Brittain Jones as our Manager He is a sportsman of the highest order. He has taken up the appointment at considerable personal inconvenience, for he has India's cricket at heart. Last but not the least, my warmest thanks to Mr. De'Mello who has organised the tour and it is a feather in his cap. I would like you all to join me in drinking the health of His Highness the Ruler, of Bhopal.

The Maharaj Kumar also presented His Highness, the Nawab of Bhopal, with the Vizianagram cricket colours and after proposing His Highness' health, the entire company sang "He is a Jolly Good Fellow."

Nissar and Baqa Jilani arrived just in time to the welcome speech of His Highness. Meherhomji was unfortunately unable to attend owing to fever. Naydu and Mustaq, Merchant, Hindlekar, Gopalan and Ramaswami are arriving to-day.

Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai, the new Chairman of the Standing Committee of Bombay Corporation.

OPINION ON GERMAN REPLY

(Continued From page 1)

agenda upon which the eventual staff talks will be held.—Reuter.

LONDON WELCOMES GERMAN REPLY

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, April 2.

"Good as far as it goes" is the "Daily Telegraph's" heading of leader on the German Memorandum which is generally agreed as conciliatory and offers prospect of further negotiations.

"The Times" says "The form in which Herr Hitler renewed and elaborated his proposals will reinforce the general conviction and sincerity of his appeal for negotiated peace. There is nothing in the proposals to diminish the desire of Britain to see negotiations opened.

"The Morning Post" describes the memorandum as persuasive with many attractive proposals but points out it offers no satisfaction for the broken treaty. The paper says it will be premature either to relax our defensive preparations or separate from our friends.

"The News Chronicle" says:—It is for the powers concerned to bring Herr Hitler speedily to the conference table and to prove the sincerity of his intentions

"The Daily Herald" says:—The most important thing for the moment is that the door is left open.

ADDITIONAL PROPOSALS

BERLIN, April 1.

Herr Hitler's reply to the Locarno Powers' proposals corresponds to the forecast cabled earlier, with the additional proposals that Germany and France will undertake to use their efforts and avoid everything in the education of the French and German youths and in all publications that may be inimical to the good relations of both countries: and that Germany, France, Belgium, Italy and Britain will shortly begin a discussion on 25-year non-aggression Pact between Belgium and France on the one hand and Germany on the other, for Britain and Italy will be the guarantors.

Germany And League

Other proposals are that Germany should enter into the negotiations of non-aggression pacts with her neighbours on the south-eastern and north-eastern frontiers Germany be willing to re-enter the League immediately, or on the conclusion of these treaties, in the expectation that, in appropriate period, the question of colonial equality, together with the question of the separation of the League Covenant from the Versailles basis, be clarified in friendly discussions

The German memorandum welcomes and agrees with the British wish to begin as soon as possible, practical work for the true pacification of Europe, but Germany regrets she is unable to find the basis for such peace in the proposals outlined by the Locarno Powers.

Germany considers the Locarno Powers' proposals lack the spirit of honour and equality essential for the conclusion of free and, thus sacred treaties.

The memorandum points out the great danger that is increasing: That from the present general entanglement and military alliances in Europe a condition will arise leading to the outbreak of a most terrible and senseless war. Germany will regard the staff talks as seriously prejudicial, pending the conclusion of new security pacts.

EDEN'S STATEMENT ON GERMAN REPLY

LONDON, April 2.

Mr. Eden will make a statement in the House of Commons to-morrow on the German reply.—Reuter.

SOLUTION OF INDIA'S DIFFICULTIES

Reform Bill Marks Great Advance, Says Bank Chief

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, April 2.

The Government of India Bill marked a great advance towards the solution of India's difficulties, declared Sir William Foot Mitchell presiding over the annual meeting of the Chartered Bank. He added that the Indian Government's finance continued to be most skilfully handled. The Credit of India was higher than ever while the glut of idle money resulted in the interest rates being now nearly as low as in London.

Referring to Lancashire's increased use of Indian cotton he remarked that many bills had now adjusted their processes and equipment so as to enable advantageous use to be made of Indian types. A large number of new market connections had thus been opened. It was to be hoped that India would see her way to reciprocate by giving preference to higher grade goods which she did not manufacture herself.

ALLAHABAD PREPARES FOR CONGRESS CABINET MEETING

ALLAHABAD, (By Mail).

Arrangements have been started here in connection with the meeting of the Congress Working Committee, which begins here on April 6. It is expected that a large number of members and other leaders will come to Allahabad, most of whom will be accommodated at Anand Bhawan and Swaraj Bhawan. Arrangements have also been made at other places for the accommodation of visitors.

The Office-Acceptance question will take a very important place in the forthcoming discussions.

The question of formulating a future programme will be another important matter which will be considered by the Congress Working Committee at Allahabad.

Acharya Kirpalani, the General Secretary, has issued a Press Communique saying that the meeting of A. I. C. C. would be held at Lucknow on April 9. As the A. I. C. C. office has not received the addresses of the new members of the A. I. C. C it has not been possible to send notices directly to individual members and therefore members have been requested to consider press notification as sufficient.—A.P.

LABOUR LEADERS ARRESTED.

CALCUTTA, April 2.

More than 16 places were raided by a special branch of the Calcutta Police, to-day, including a house alleged to be the office of a Communist Party. A large quantity of leaflets and literature was seized and the police placed under custody about a dozen men, including two labour leaders.—A. P.

A Look Round The World

Nazis Threaten Resort To Sanctions!

Germany Warns Italy Against Participation In League Discussions

BERLIN, (By Air Mail).
It is understood that an intimation has been sent to the Italian Government that Germany would enforce immediate economic sanctions against Italy if the latter contemplated to take part in the League discussions regarding any economic boycott to be brought against her.

The 'Frankfurter Zeitung" has also published a threat that Germany would repudiate all debts if any such move was put into execution.

"A bullet will have been lodged in the very heart of world trade, if the sanctions are imposed against Germany," writes the journal. "The foreign creditors could, then, write off their claims finally and completely."

JAPAN'S NEW MOVE AGAINST CHINA

SHANGHAI, (By Air Mail).
According to the "People's Tribune," the Japanese military authorities have threatened Chiang-Kai-Shek, that unless he severs all connections with the Checkiang group of financiers, there could not be any possibility of a Sino-Nippon understanding.

It is alleged that the main object of this threat is that the Japanese authorities do not desire the Nanking Government to obtain any financial assistance from the Western sources with which the Chekiang group is connected.

The Japanese circles desire China to depend only on the Japanese bankers for any financial accommodation in future. Unless this is done the Japanese army would not support a Sino-Japanese Conference at Nanking.

GERMAN-JAPANESE MILITARY ALLIANCE

BERLIN, (By Air Mail).
It is rumoured that Germany and Japan are at present negotiating for a special military understanding.

PARAGUAY GOVT. RECOGNIZED

BUENOS AIRES, (By Air Mail).
The Pan-American Conference in Buenos Aires represented by the U. S. S. and all the Central and South American States, has announced its willingness to recognise the revolutionary Government of Paraguay.

France Threatens Closer Relations With Russia

PARIS, (By Air Mail).
"A slight appreciation of the French point of view by Great Britain can bring no comfort to France," declares "L'Oeuvre." "If Great Britain pursues its isolationist policy and shows either slight interest or complete indifference to continental affairs it is more than probable that France would no longer look upon Britain as the leading guarantee of her security under the Locarno Pact.

In that case, France would be prepared to intensify its relations with the Soviet Russia which originally were considered to be of quite a secondary importance."

FIVE YEARS AFTER

Rath Procession At Nasik

NASIK, April 2.
Nearly 30 000 Hindus of all castes participated in the Rath (car) procession at the famous Kalaram Temple here which brought to a close three days' celebrations of Ramnavmi. More than usual interest was attached to this year's procession, as it had been disallowed for the last five years as a sequel to Harijan-Sanatanist quarrels.

The police were prepared for any emergency. They had posted contingents along the whole route of the procession, in addition to armed squads at intervals. It took more than eight hours for the Rath to do the ceremonial round of about two miles. Led by the high priest of the temple who always faced the Rath and walked backwards the entire route, the huge Rath containing the deity was drawn by 300 picked men to the unceasing intonation of 'mantras' and blare of trumpets and gongs. The procession left the temple main-gate at 3 p.m. and reached the sacred Ramkund at sundown where the idols were ceremoniously bathed, whereafter the whole procession returned to the temple reaching there before midnight.—A.P.

"REDUCE RENT" CAMPAIGN

Peasants' Deputation Waits On Dinapur S. D. Magistrate

PATNA, April 1.
Mal guzari Kam Kero—Reduce the rent—movement organised by the Behar Kisan Sabha is spreading like wildfire throughout the district. Reports are pouring in from Bakhtiarpur, Atmangole, Mankauro, Salimpur, Balliganj and Bharatpur that there were demonstrations at these places in which thousands of Kisans took part and paraded the streets with bands and music crying slogans such as "Mal Guzari Kam Karo," etc.

A Jatha of about 4,000 Kisans living within the jurisdiction of Balliganj Police Station met the Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Dinapur at the Balliganj Dak Bungalow, where he was staying, yesterday to represent to him their specific grievances. The magistrate gave a patient hearing to their leader, Babu Jag Narayan Singh, and assured him that he would try to redress the grievances of the deputationists, if they put up applications stating therein their particular charges against their landlords.

A monster meeting of the Kisans was held in village Barda within the jurisdiction of Kikram police station under the presidentship of Babu Ganga Saran Singh. Among others Babu Ambica Kanta Sinha, Swami Sahajananda Saraswati and Babu Jag Narayan addressed the meeting and impressed on the audience the utility of mass demonstrations.—United Press.

Alleged Breaches Of Children's Act

LEGAL POINTS AT ISSUE

Can Provincial Legislatures Over-Ride Common Law?

Important and intriguing points of law were discussed when the Chief Presidency Magistrate, resumed further hearing of the cases filed under the Amended Children's Act against the Editors of the "Bombay Sentinel," "Kaiser-i-Hind" and "Sanj-Vartman" for having published reports in which the identity of the young persons involved in certain cases was disclosed.

LEGAL CONUNDRUM.

Mr. N. T. Jungalwalla argued that the amended Act did not contemplate action against those who published reports of offences in respect of children in all courts. He contended that only reports of offences against a child when published, penalised the publisher. Illustrating his argument he said that, if a criminal offence like "rape" was committed, that would be an offence "in respect of" a child and "not against" a child.

The Magistrate observed that it was impossible to urge an argument of that kind in reference to an offence of rape, for it was without doubt an offence against a child and not in respect of the child.

Mr. Jungalwalla, however, again urged that there were three kinds of offences contemplated in the Children's Act. They were offences against, by or in respect of a child. In the amended Act only reports published of offences by or against a child were penalised. Whereas the report published in the "Kaiser-i-Hind" was an offence in respect of a child.

The Magistrate read the relative sections and pointed out that it was fallacious to argue that offences in respect of children were not offences against children.

Mr. Jungalwalla further contended that the Act did not contemplate the prohibition of the publication of reports in any court other than proceedings in a juvenile court.

The Government of India Act had given the power in the Indian Penal Code to enable newspapers to publish any proceedings heard in open court. Could the powers so given be taken away by a local legislature? He maintained that it was not within its jurisdiction to do so.

COMPETENCE OF LEGISLATURE.

Mr. Dhondy on behalf of Mr. Vatcha Ghandy supported the arguments of Mr. Jungalwalla, at length, and cited various references in Maxwell and Halsbury.

Mr. Khairaz, on behalf of Mr. Horniman, argued that the Provincial Legislature could not override the Common Law right to publish proceedings of the courts, or curtail the powers given in the Government of India Act. Further more the report appearing in the "Bombay Sentinel" was one relating to an incident that took place at Ludhiana, which was outside the purview of the Act. Under the Act the protection afforded to children was confined to Bombay. Further it was not the report of any offence committed by a child or against a child, nor a report of any court proceedings. And as such, the publication did not infringe the section in the Amended Act. Moreover, there was nothing before the Court to show that the report was true or that any offence had really been committed, except a police report from Ludhiana, which was not evidence. There was nothing to prove either that the young person mentioned in the report was a minor. A doctor's certificate might prove that she was over the age specified in the Act.

Finally Mr. Khairaz urged that, as the publication was in respect of an incident at Ludhiana, the Bombay Government Act had no jurisdiction and no offence had been committed.

PRIVILEGE OF PRESS.

In the course of the proceedings, an important point as to the privileges of a reporter to report proceedings in court were discussed.

The Magistrate observed that it was Common Law that a reporter was entitled to report any proceedings in open court. In England recently there was a case, in which a presiding judge had prohibited the publication of certain proceedings, but the report was published. A case was filed against the offending newspaper and finally the House of Lords or the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council held that the newspaper was entitled and privileged to publish the proceedings.

Mr. Khairaz remarked that the case in question was in Canada and the final judgment was by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council. He promised to supply the Magistrate with a copy.

His Worship said, he would deliver judgment on Tuesday.

Mr. W.K. Manker appeared for the prosecution; while Mr. N.T. Jungalwalla. Mr. B. Dhondy and Mr. F.G.R. Khairaz, Bar-at-Law, defended the respondents.

Happy Announcement

By the Grace of God, Messrs. P. Sett & Co., Proprietors, LILY BISCUIT CO., and Lily Chemical Works have attained the **Fiftieth year** of their Existence.

The **Golden Jubilee Celebration** of the above Company will be held on Friday the 3rd April 1936, at 5 P. M., at their factory at No. 3, Rama Kanta Sen Lane, Ultadanga, Calcutta.

The Hon'ble Sir Bijoy Prosad Singh Roy Kt., Minister, Govt, of Bengal, has kindly consented to preside on the occasion.

BILLS BEFORE ASSEMBLY

Satyamurti's Repressive Laws Repealing Bill To Be Taken Up First?

NEW DELHI, April 1
It appears that the lobby move to have Mr. Satyamurti's Bill held over till Simla session of the Assembly to enable Bills dealing social matters to proceed has not materialised. On April 9, the day for non-official Bills, Mr. Satyamurthi's motion to refer his Repressive Laws Repealing and Amending Bill to a Select Committee will be taken up. This will occupy the whole day and it is considered unlikely that the next motion by Sardar Sant Singh to circulate for public opinion his Bill to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure in respect of section 103 or his other Bills in respect of sections 167, 205 or 386 Criminal Procedure Code would be taken up.

Then follows the important motion by Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed to refer the Indian Coastal Traffic Reservation Bill to a Select Committee but it will also not be reached. The Social Bills pending before the Legislative Assembly are Hindu Women's Rights to Property Bill by Dr. Deshmukh, The Child Marriage Restraint Amendment Act by Mr. B. Das, The Moslem Personal Law (Shriat) Application Bill by Mr. H. M. Abdulla, the Removal of Civic Disabilities Bill by Rao Bahadur M. C. Rajah, the Hindu Marriage Validity Bill by Dr. Bhagwan Das and the Arya Marriage Validation Bill by Dr. N. S. Khare.—United Press.

The following communique has been issued by the Government of India:—"It is expected that the Government of India will close at Delhi on the 25th April, and reopen in Simla on the 27th."

THREE MONTHS FOR SEDITION

Sub-Editor Of "A. B. Patrika" Jailed For Independence Day Speech

COMILLA, March 31.
Sj. Keshab Lal Ghose, Member of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee and a sub-editor of the "Ananda Bazar Patrika" who was standing trial on a charge of sedition for delivering speeches on the Independence Day (January 26) at Chandpur, was sentenced to-day to three months' rigorous imprisonment by Mr. J. P. Roy, Additional Magistrate.—United Press.

MOHARRAM

(Continued from Page 6.)

a general masscre. After all his friends were killed in battle, Imam Hussain was beheaded at about noon. Ubaidallah sent the ladies of Hussain's family and his sick son, Zaynal-Aabedin, with the severed head of the Imam as well, to Damascus before Yezid.

From that day the Muslims have mourned this great martyrdom.

An Ajmere message states that Ramjilal and Manglal, prisoners involved in the Dogra shooting case are still on hunger-strike in the Ajmere Central Prison, this day being the ninety-third of their hunger strike.

Addressing a well-attended public meeting of Anglo-Indians and domiciled community in the Burt Institute, Lahore, on Thursday afternoon, Sir Henry Gidney exhorted the community to give up uneconomic ways of living and be serious-minded and discard carefree mode of life.

YOUR MONEY RETURNED IF NOT SATISFIED

There are many Sandalwood Soaps but we claim there is none better than Swastik Sandalwood Soap and we will return the purchase price to any person not entirely satisfied after using it. Could any manufacturer back his products with a better guarantee of quality?

And in addition you will find,

- *A BIGGER TABLET*
- *PURE SANDAL AND PALM OIL BASE.*
- *GUARANTEED FREE FROM ANIMAL FAT.*

SWASTIK OIL MILLS LTD., WADALA, BOMBAY 15.

DID YOU Maclean YOUR TEETH TO-DAY ?

No need to ask! Those sparkling white teeth tell more than words. They show how effectively Macleans Peroxide Toothpaste cleans—whitens—polishes, while preserving the delicate enamel. Actually, Macleans cleans teeth in three different ways—it gently dissolves away obstinate stains, then whitens and polishes with two of the safest, softest ingredients known in dentistry and finally, for your health's sake, it contains efficient germicides to leave your mouth hygienically clean. And so Macleans cares for the health of your teeth as well as their appearance. Try it to-day. You'll like its cool, refreshing flavour!

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES THROUGHOUT INDIA, BURMA, & CEYLON.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A tea-shop servant who said he went about with a woman because she could not repay a loan of Rs. 10, was committed to the Sessions by Mr. I. N. Mehta at the Girgaum Court to-day.

While walking along the Owen Dun Road (at Gamdevi) a milk-merchant and his servant chanced on February 7 last to meet the tea shop servant and the woman who was the aunt of the milk-merchant's wife.

Enraged at the tea-shop servant's conduct, Dossoo Amoo, the milk-merchant, it was stated in evidence, reprimanded him and asked him not to move about with the woman. The next day he should go over to his shop at Napean Sea Road and take Rs. 10, the amount the woman owed him.

Ghulam Hussein Mohamad Hussein (26), the tea shop servant, would not agree. The milkman then, it was stated, dealt him a slap, which was returned.

Stabbed In Neck

Then the milkman and his servant went away but while going along the Hughes Road, the servant heard cries of "Kill, Kill" and soon saw that his master seized the accused by his shirt Within a moment, a pen-knife was plunged into the milkman's neck. The latter handed over the accused to his servant and collapsed.

The accused made a bid for liberty but was seized by a passerby and handed over to the police.

Dossu, the milkman, expired on way to hospital.

Mystery surrounds the death of Vishnu Krishnaji Kamble (30) found dead yesterday in a room at B.P.T. Chawl at Wadi Bunder.

The brother of the deceased in giving evidence before the City Coroner stated to-day that Kamble worked as peon and that he lived in the Port Trust Chawl at Wadi Bunder.

On Saturday last he came to see witness and yesterday he got the information that he had suddenly taken ill and expired.

Inquest on the body is adjourned till April 16.

The story of a clever ruse adopted to carry away a cycle, was told at the Girgaum Police Court to-day, when Shankar Baloo appeared on remand.

A cyclist who fell off from his cycle was, it is stated, repairing the bell when the suspected offered his help. The offer was accepted, and after the bell had been repaired, the suspect, it is alleged, asked for a ride, and rode away the cycle.

Early this morning, a cycle-shop dealer from whom the cycle had been hired, recognised it and handed over the suspect to the police.

Pending enquiries Shanker was remanded for a fortnight.

Diamond Broker's Murder Trial

Further hearing was resumed before Mr. Justice Kania and a special jury at the High Court Sessions of the case in which Ratilal Virchand Shah and Shantilal Virchand Shah, two Jain brothers, are charged with the murder of Kanaiyyalal Amritlal Shah, a diamond broker, on December 22 last.

The evidence of Mahomed Abdulla, a motor cleaner, was continued to-day. He deposed to having accompanied the taxi driver to Ghodbunder when the accused engaged the taxi.

Step-Mother Weeps In Court

Chandanbai, the step mother of the accused, then gave evidence.

With tears in her eyes, Chandanbai described what happened on the fateful day. On that day, she said, she had gone to a cinema with her husband and three children. When they left, both the accused were in the room. When they returned that night at 10 p.m., the room was locked. Her husband opened the door with a duplicate key. She did not know whether the trunk was in the room at the time. As her sons did not return that night she was very much agitated. The next morning the police brought the accused to their room.

Cross-examined by Mr. Setalvad, witness said that the deceased was her cousin. About the time of the incident talks were going on about the first accused's betrothal.

Trunk Identified

The accused's father Virchand Umedchand then gave evidence. He said he was doing jewellery business on a small scale.

Cross-examined by Mr. Setalvad, witness identified the trunk (shown in court) as the one which was in his room. He said he could not say whether the rope was also in his house. The deceased used to visit his sons for business. They were on good terms.

The Police Surgeon has attributed opium poisoning as the cause of death to an unknown Hindu found dead at Ripon Road, this morning.

It is stated that several people saw him staggering to that place in a drunken condition. The body is lying in the morgue.

BOMBAY GOVT. GAZETTE

New Appointments And Grants Of Leave Announced

Yesterday's the Bombay Government Gazette announces the following Civil Appointments:—

Political And Reforms Department

Miss A. Rebeiro, M.B.B.S., to officiate as Lady Inspector of Factories during the absence on leave of Miss T. J. H. Cama.

Mr. S. V. Joshi, B.A. (Cantab.), to be Assistant Commissioner of Labour from the 1st March 1936.

Home Department

Mr. A. J. W. Sanson, is confirmed as Superintendent of Police with effect from March 10 vice Mr. J. L. Collins retired.

The temporary appointment of Superintendent of Police, Bombay City, sanctioned in Government Resolution, dated June 12 and November 25, 1935, is made permanent with effect from 1st March 1936, and Rao Bahadur M. N. Desai is to continue to hold it.

Mr. J. W. Rowland to officiate as Superintendent of Police in the Selection Grade with effect from March 13 vice Mr. H. M. Haslehust, M.B.E., appointed to officiate as Deputy Inspector General of Police, Southern Range.

Mr. W. C. Edwards to officiate as Superintendent of Police in the Selection Grade with effect from the date on which Mr. J. W. Rowland officiates as Commissioner of Police, Bombay.

Legal Department

The temporary appointment of the Assistant Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, Bombay, is extended for a further period of seven

(Continued in Col. 4.)

NEW RAILWAY POLICE FOR ORISSA

NEW DELHI, April 1.

Two separate notifications have been issued under Paragraph 7 of the Government of India (constitution of Orissa and Sind) orders, 1936, stating that His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to appoint Sir John Hubback and Sir Lancelot Graham to the offices of Governor of Orissa and Sind respectively.

Another notification states "In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 2, Police Act of 1883 as in force in British India or as locally applied and in supersession of the notification 248 of 6th April, 1916, the Governor-General-in-Council is pleased:—

NEW RAILWAY POLICE

(A) To create a general police district embracing all lands occupied for the time being by the undermentioned Railways line and portions of Railway lines including lands occupied by the stations and outbuildings and for other purposes on the said line, namely, first, those situate within the province of Orissa, excluding those specified in schedule. A hereto annexed and, secondly, those specified in schedule (B) hereto annexed and situate in the provinces and places beyond the limit of the said provinces of Orissa (B) to direct enrolment under the Police Act of 1861 of a police force for service therein with respect to the General Police of the District, the functions of the local government under the Police Act of 1861, the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1898 and any other enactments relating to the police for the time being in force in the lands aforesaid or in any part thereof.

(Schedule A) The following portions of the Bengal Nagpur Railway, namely (A) the portion of the Rajpur Vizianagram line from mile 228/2 between Gumda and Jamadipeta to mile 133/1 between Kasinga and Titalgarh (B) the portion of the Parlakimedi Light Railway from mile 24 Parlakimedi to mile 56½ Gunpur (C) the portion of the Raipur Vizianagram line from mile 63.996 R (i.e. the middle of Jonk river) to mile 83.56 lying in the present Khariar Zamindar and from mile 83.56 B to mile 133.05 (the middle of the Tel River) lying in Patna state and (D) that portion of the east coast line which lies in the district of Ganjam.

(Schedule B) (1) So much of the B. N. R., as is situate to the west of the river Hughli within the Bengal Presidency and (2) so much of the B.N.R., as is situate within Bihar Province."

(Continued from Col. 3.)

months, and Mr. H. K. Chainani, I.C.S., to continue to hold it, and also to do duty as Secretary to the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay.

The services of Mr. Shavax Ardeshir Lal, M.A., LL.B., are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Legislative Department with effect from the afternoon of the 4th April 1936.

Revenue Department

Mr. O. H. B. Starte, C.B.E., I.C.S., to retire from His Majesty's Covenanted Civil Service on the Bombay Establishment with effect from 13th April 1936.

Mr. J. Booth, I.C.S., is granted leave on average pay for six months followed by leave on half average pay for two months with effect from 4th April 1936.

Mr. J. J. Watson, Superintendent, Government Printing and Stationery, Bombay, is granted leave on average pay for one month and twenty-two days with effect from 1st April 1936.

Mr. J. A. Neale, Manager, Government Central Press, to be Superintendent, Government Printing and Stationery.

Mr. V. V. Nadkarni, Assistant Secretary to Government, General and Educational Departments, is granted leave on average pay for two months with effect from the 16th April 1936.

Major S. B. Mehta, F.R.C.S. (Edin.), I.M.S. (Retired), Officiating Police Surgeon, Bombay, to be Professor of Medical Jurisprudence, Grant Medical College, Bombay, in addition to his own duties from the 1st April 1936 to the 14th January 1937 vice Khan Bahadur N. J. Vazifdar, L.M.&S.

Police Appointments

The following order of the Commissioner of Police is published in "Government Gazette."

Mr. R. S. Hollinson, Inspector of Police, Bombay City, is granted eight months' leave on half average pay out of India from the 8th April 1936.

Sergeant H. Walmsley is appointed to officiate as Inspector I/C Motor Transport Section, Bombay City Police, from the 8th April 1936 vice Inspector R. S. Hollinson.

On relief by Inspector S. G. Acharekar on the 18th March 1936 Inspector Shaikh Hussein Shaikh Kassam to be Inspector, Bombay City C.I.D., vice Inspector Rao Saheb N. P. Wagle on leave, pending further orders.

Mr. F. Beart, Officiating Inspector, Bombay City Police, reverted as Deputy Inspector from the 18th March 1936.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Future Of Congress Nationalist Party"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The public will heave a sigh of relief at the reported news of the contemplated merger of the Congress Nationalist Party with the Congress, its parent body. It is a happy augury of Pandit Jawaharlal's regime. It is authoritatively learnt that the persuasion of Pandit Jawaharlal has succeeded and Pandit Malaviya is reported to have agreed to disband his party.

In the first place, the Congress Nationalist Party was formed in direct defiance of the Congress mandate. Secondly, the party has served no useful purpose after its birth. It has, therefore, no right to exist and if it dies today, the death, by all means, is not unnatural.

The Communal Award is an accepted evil on the plane of Indian politics. It has been denounced by all the progressive elements in the country including the Muslims, inasmuch as, it is Anti-National in its outlook. But in absence of an agreed formula it has become a matter of policy with the Congress to take no notice of it. The very existence of the Award makes it all the more imperative to strive for Unity and arrive at a solution acceptable to all the sections of the Indian people.

Both Pandit Jawaharlal and Pandit Malaviya deserve congratulations on this account.—Yours, etc.,

DHIRAJLAL S. TRIVEDI.
Bhugwan Bhuwan,
Mint Road, Fort,
Bombay.

United Front

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I congratulate Pandit Jawaharlal on the move that he has made successfully for merging the Nationalist Party in Congress. Now I appeal to him to go further in the same direction. In the past Congress was less successful in uniting all the communities and parties of India. To-day the situation is not adverse. Nearly all the leaders of all the parties and chiefly the Aga Khan, Mr. Jinnah and Mr. Shaukat Ali have publicly expressed their ideas showing condemnation of the new Act and Communal Award. They have put forward a scheme also. It is about common voting and no reservation of seats. The seats shall not be for castes and communities but for ideas. When they have shown their willingness to be united and have already put forth a scheme which is so desirable and approvable, Congress should soon call a meeting of leaders of all the faiths and parties and consider this scheme.—Yours, etc.,

PRABHASHANKER G. UPADHYA.

Bombay Hockey Team

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Bori Bunder Major is fond of repetition; after informing its readers on March 14th that the reason for Bombay's hockey defeat in Calcutta by Manavadar (4—1) was "undoubtedly that members had lost all further interest after the names of the Olympic team had been published, it repeats itself, on March 21 with the same ridiculous statement! Bombay sportsmen must, indeed, be an unduly sensitive lot, to be so easily upset—and for such a reason! Surely defeat can be taken in a sporting spirit, without excuses, especially as Manavadar was, 'undoubtedly', the better team and played the game. Besides, two Bombay players had been selected for the Olympics. What more? However, your contemporary must be congratulated for being so much "in the know."—Yours, etc.,

SPORTSMAN.
Bombay, March 23.

A Girgaum Grievance

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Some months ago the Municipal authorities acquired some space just at the corner of the junction of Thakurdwar and Girgaum Roads with a view to widen a bit the road which was very narrow. The old buildings which were practically in a dilapidated state were demolished and a new one constructed leaving the space acquired by the Municipality vacant for the construction of a foot-path. Although it is several months since the corner was acquired, the Municipal authorities have so long not thought it their duty to undertake the construction of the foot-path. The newly constructed building just at this corner is not only complete but for the past two months or so has even been occupied by tenants and still the corner remains without a foot-path. The small heaps of debris which are allowed to remain there still present a very ugly appearance. It is high time the authorities concerned did wake up from their sleep and undertook the work of constructing a foot-path at this corner at once.—Yours etc.

A GIRGAUM RESIDENT.
Girgaum, Bombay, March 27.

THE SAME HIGH QUALITY IN EVERY CIGARETTE
"SCISSORS"
They contain the same renowned quality that has made and still makes "SCISSORS" the most popular Cigarette in India. Cheaper brands are available but they haven't got the SCISSORS QUALITY.
SCISSORS CIGARETTES
SPECIAL ARMY QUALITY
W.D & H.O WILLS BRISTOL & LONDON
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'OVALTINE'
IS THE FAMILY BEVERAGE FOR
HEALTH
THIS delicious food beverage abundantly supplies those health-giving food essentials which are often lacking in adequate quantities from the ordinary daily dietary. It makes every meal complete in nutritive value and thus brings glorious good health within the reach of every member of the family.
" Ovaltine " is a pure natural product scientifically prepared by exclusive processes from Nature's foods which are richest in nourishment. It supplies every single nutritive element essential for creating and maintaining mental and physical fitness.
Rich in proteins, " Ovaltine " builds up firm flesh and muscles: it contains mineral salts and calcium to make strong bones and teeth; organic phosphorus for sound nerves; carbohydrates for energy in work and play, and all the vital vitamins necessary for health.
" Ovaltine " is thus a complete and perfect food. As the family beverage for health it stands in a class by itself. Unlike imitations, " Ovaltine " does not contain any cheap ingredients, such as household sugar, to give it bulk and to lower its manufacturing cost. Quality always tells. Insist on " Ovaltine " and reject all substitutes.
Remember that "Ovaltine" is packed in tins containing 4½, 9 and 18 ounces. Compare these weights with imitations. "Ovaltine" gives more in quantity—more in quality—therefore more in value.
Sold by all Chemists and Stores
Agent: James Wright, 85a, Ripon Street, Calcutta; also at Bombay and Madras.
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'OVALTINE'
AN IDEAL BEVERAGE A COMPLETE FOOD
A BRITISH PRODUCT

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 13 POINTS UP

Absence Of Rains In Western Sections

GOLD QUIET BUT SILVER STEADY

Wheat Easy But Other Commodities Steady

BOMBAY, April 2.

On Thursday crossrates maintained a steady tone.

NEW YORK COTTON VERY STEADY

New York cotton ruled very steady on local and foreign buying influenced by the absence of rains in Western sections.

GOLD QUIET AND SILVER STEADY

London gold was quiet but silver was steady.

WHEAT EASY

Wheat ruled easy in the absence of good demand. Other commodities were steady. Metals were firm.

SECURITIES IN FAIR REQUEST

The London Stock Exchange was generally quiet and inactive with operators generally holding off. Giltedged securities were in fair request but business continued very limited.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

JULY 1936

New York, April 2

Previous closing	10.81
To-day's opening	10.84
Difference	+.03
To-day's closing	10.94
Difference	+.13

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JULY 1936

Liverpool, April 2

Previous closing	5.89
To-day's opening	5.85
Difference	—.03
To-day's closing	5.87
Difference	—.02

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May	Rs. 198-8
July August	Rs. 200-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, April 2

Cotton displayed considerable steadiness to-day on scattered trade buying and covering influenced by unsettled weather conditions over western sections where there are no signs of relieving rains. But operators showed hesitancy at the higher level with the resultant lack of follow through. However the undertone remained very steady with traders watching further developments in the European political situation.

Operations in July started at 10.81 i. e. 3 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and local and foreign buying together with covering while the rise was further assisted by the lack of rains in drought areas with July gradually improving to 10.88.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 10.94 with a rise of 13 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 2

The following were the opening ranges:—

May (11.29/11.29) 11.21/11.20
July (10.96/10.93) 10.83/10.83
October (10.30/10.30) 10.23/10.22

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 2

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American May (6.07) 5.98
American July (5.94) 5.84
Egyptian May (8.69) 8.66
Egyptian July (8.52) 8.51

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 2

Broach cotton for July/August delivery moved between Rs. 200-8 and Rs. 199 at night. The rate at 11-0 p.m. was Rs. 200-8 with New York futures about 6 points up. Broach April May was Rs. 2 lower.

ANIMAL SACRIFICE AT SANGLI

Pandit Ramchandra Sharma's Fast

(From A Correspondent).

Animal sacrifice having begun at Sangli on March 27, especially Mr. Nathu Shastri of Sangli, who first intended to perform such a sacrifice publicly announced his decision to cancel the same in view of great opposition, both local and from other parts of India.

Suddenly, however, animal sacrifice begun at Sangli on March 27 and the information leaked out only after one goat had already been sacrificed.

There is great uproar again at Sangli and elsewhere. The merchants of Sangli went on strike and requested the Raja Saheb to stop further killing.

Pandit Ramchandra Sharma while at Bombay, announced his determination to go on fast for 21 days. He went to Sangli and is fasting now.

The Bombay Humanitarian League has sent the following telegram to the Raja Saheb of Sangli:—

"Extremely grieved to learn performance of animal sacrifice at Sangli in teeth of universal opposition. Pandit Ramchandra Sharma fasting to vindicate rights of dumb creatures. Please appreciate nobility of purpose and prohibit animal sacrifice now and in future by order of the State."

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, April 2

Previous closing	4.96 3/8
To-day's opening	4.95 3/4
To-day's closing	4.95 5/8

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, April 2

Previous closing	4.95 3/8
To-day's opening	4.96 1/4
To-day's closing	4.95 11/16
Difference	+.00 5/16

FRANC RATE

London, April 2

Previous closing	75.10
To-day's opening	75.12
To-day's closing	75.15
Difference	+.06

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 2

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.96 1/4 and then eased to 4.95 13/16 subsequently however the rate steadied on scattered buying to 4.95 15/16.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.95 11/16

Franc opened at 75.12 and remained very steady with slight variations.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 75.16.

LONDON SILVER

London, April 2

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	19 15/16d.	20d.
Forward	19 15/16d.	19 15/16d.

The market was quietly steady.

LONDON GOLD.

London, April 2

Gold per ounce (£7-0-8) £7 0-7

DISCOUNTS

London, April 2

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent

4 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent.

6 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent.

CROSS RATES

London, April 2
3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay	(1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay	(5.67) 5.67 5/8
New York on Bombay	(37.44) 37.50
Berlin on Bombay	(0.93 1/8) 0.93 1/8
London on Milan	(62.56) 62.56
London on Shanghai	(1-2 1/2) 1-2 1/2
London on Kobe	(1-2) 1-2.

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, April 2

Silver opened quiet at Rs. 49/11, 49/10 and 49/10. Trading was quiet and featureless due to the absence of any fresh news from London but the undertone kept steady with traders awaiting new incentive. Prices closed steady at Rs. 49/11, 49/10 and 49/10.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/10/9, 34/11 and 34/11. There was slightly more interest due to scattered buying influenced by steadiness of foreign exchanges but trading on the whole continued somewhat disappointing with prices moving very narrowly. The market closed steady at Rs. 34/11/3, 34/11/6 and 34/11/6.

Khan Sahib S. M. Rahman, Pleader Akola and member of the C. P. Legislative Council passed away at Nagpur on Wednesday last at the Mayo Hospital after illness of a month.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 2

Liverpool wheat opened steady with May at 73 5/8 and July 74 3/4. Prices eased due to the absence of any fresh stimulus resulting in scattered liquidation and outside selling.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 2

Chicago wheat opened easy with May at 0.95 7/8. Prices declined on scattered selling and liquidation influenced by lower outside cables.

LONDON MARKETS

London, April 2

The rates at 3-30 p.m were as follows.

METALS

Tin (£213 buyers £213 1/4 sellers. Firm) £213 3/4 buyers £214 sellers. Very steady.

Lead (£16 5/16 buyers £16 7/16 sellers. Barely steady) £16 3/8 buyers £16 7/16 sellers. Quiet.

Electrolytic Copper (£40 5/8 to £41) £40 5/8 to £41

Glasgow Iron (£74) £74

SILVER CABLES

London, April 2

The following cable information was received from London to-night:—

"India bought. China sold. Market quietly steady."

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 1-0
Indian Pekoe higher (1-1 1/2) 1-8 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0) 1-0
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-6) 2-6

JUTE.

New Crop April May (£19 1/2 value) £19 7/16 buyers

Dunlop April (£23 1/2 sellers) £23 1/2

Lightning April (£22 3/4 sellers) £21 3/4 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (7 7/16 paid and buyers) 7 1/2 paid and buyers

October (7 11/16 paid and buyers) 7 3/4 paid and value

LINSEED.

Castorseed Bombay April-May (£12 11/16 sellers) £12 5/8 sellers

Linseed Calcutta April-May (£12 3/4 sellers) £12 3/4 sellers

Linseed La Plata April (£10 7/8 sellers) £10 7/8 sellers.

Groundnut Coromandal April (£13 7/8 sellers) £13 7/8 sellers

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1936 Delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association).

Bombay, April 2

Rates at 9-0 a.m.	7 4 9
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 4 9
Rates at 3-30 p.m.	7 4 9
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7 4 9

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, April 2

Wheat May	4 6 0
Wheat September	4 6 6
Linseed May	7 4 9
Linseed September	7 8 3

The tone was steady.

JUTE SHARES STEADY

Coals Steady And Teas Neglected

CALCUTTA, April 2.

Jutes ruled steady and fair business took place. Coals had fair enquiry at steadily advancing rates but trading was on a small scale. Teas were practically neglected. In miscellaneous iron and Steel issues were a turn better, while others were unchanged. Government Securities were steady. The following were the closing quotations:—

Government Securities:—Three per cent. New Loan 1951/54 103/4 small lot; three and a half per cent. Government Paper 97/12; three and a half per cent. Loan 1947/50 106/6; four per cent. Loan 1960/70 112/10; five per cent. Loan 1945/55 119/10; five per cent. Loan 1940/43 110/10 small lot.

Bank:—Reserve Bank 127/4.

Coals:—Burrakur 10/14; Katras Jherriah 16/12.

Jutes:—Auckland 179 small lots; Bally 173 small lots; Barnagore 129 small lots; Birla 13/12; Fort William 260/8; Howrah 48/5; Hukumchand pref 105; Standard 278/3 small lots.

Miscellaneous:—Agra Electric 130; Bengal Telephone pref. 14; U. P. Electric 178; Bengal Iron 4/1; Indian Iron and Steel 9; Indian St. Wagon pref 121; British India Corporation Ordy. 3/7 ex. div.; do pref. 153 cum div; British Burma Petroleum 5 small lot; Midnapore Zemindary 65.

Sugars:—Belrampore Old 17/12; odd lot; Cawnpore 34; Champaran 22/10; Raza 16/12; Murree Brewery 238.

Teas:—Hasimara 39/4; Namburnadi pref. 12/4; Tongpani 16/8.—A. P.

Stock Exchange Quiet Afer Initial Outburst Activity

HOME RAILS AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENTS PROMINENT

Good Continental Buying In Copper

U.-S. STEEL SHARES FIRM

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, April 2.

STOCK EXCHANGE: After initial outburst of activity in which Giltedged Securities, Home rails and electrical equipments were prominent the market quietened down.

Fords eased due to disappointment at the absence of increase in the year's dividend of five per cent but cable and wireless were again in demand though early gains were partially lost.

Internationals were very active and U. S. Steels were featured.

Commodities were generally steady. Copper attracted attention on good continental buying.

Wall Street opened firm and later quietened.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, April 2

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £97 1/2

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Wednesday, March 25, £97 1/2
Thursday, March 26 £97 1/2
Friday March 27 £97 1/2.
Monday March 30, £97 1/4
Tuesday March 31, £97 1/4
Wednesday, April 1, £97 1/2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 2
3-30 p.m.

General business was quiet but there were some good features. Giltedgeds were firm on renewed buying. Foreign bonds were firm but the demand slackened later. Home industrials generally and internationals were very firm.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85 1/8) £85 1/8

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£106 7/8) £107 1/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£111 1/2) £111 1/2

4 per cent Funding Loan (£116 5/8) £117 1/4

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£107) £107 1/4

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£114 7/8) £115 3/8

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (20-7 1/2) 20-7 1/2

Marks and Spencer Splits Share (£4 7/8) £5 1/8

Hydro Electric (£8) £8

Musical Industries (27-7 1/2) 27-7 1/2

Princhin Johnson (45-6) 46-0

Imperial Chemical (38-7 1/2) 39-3

Imperial Chemical Ord (9-6) 9-6

Woolsworth New Ford (121-7 1/2) 122-9

Realisation 1930 (£87 ex div) £87

Dunlop Rubber (39-9) 39-9

University Ordinary (32-5) 32-3

Ford Motors (34-0) 34-0

Cable Wires (£7 5/8) £8

British American Tobacco (122-6) 123-1 1/2

Camera A (£9) £9

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (155-0) 155-7 1/2

P and O S N Company Defd (19-7 1/2) 19-7 1/2

Distillers (99-6) 100-9

Bred and Dyers (8-9) 8-9..

British Celanese (12-3) 12-3

J and P Coates Ordinary (64-0) 64-0

Courtaulds Ordinary (50-6) 51-3

Fine Cotton Spinners (7-3) 7-3

Western Limited Ordinary (25-7 1/2) 26-3

Inter Nickels (49 3/4 50 1/4

Bengal Iron and Steel (6-4 1/2) 7-3

Tata Iron and Steel (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, April 2
3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£101) £101 1/2

3 1/2 per cent Indian (£97 1/2) £97 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£116 1/2) £116 1/2

4 1/2 per cent. 1958/68 (£120) £120

4 per cent. Indian 1946/53 (£110 1/2) £110 1/2

5 per cent Indian 1943/47 (£111 3/4) £111 3/4

5 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-52 (£106 1/2) £106 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£115 3/4) £115 3/4

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (21-6) 21-6.
Donaro Tea (47-0) 47-0
Empire of India Ceylon (30-6) 30-0

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (27-6) 28-0
Gula Kelampong (25-7 1/2) 25-7 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (31-6) 32-0

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£9) £9

MINING SHARES.

Nandy (60-0) 60-0.
Burma Corporation (9-7 1/2) 9-7 1/2
Rio Tintos (£19 5/8) £19
East Rand Proprietors (67-0) 67-0
Rand Iman (£8 5/8) £8 5/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£14 1/2) £14 1/2
Goddar New (£10 5/8) £10 5/8
Moddar New (51-10 1/2) 54-4 1/2
Sub Nigel (£11 5/8) £11 7/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (42-6) 43-9
Union Corporation (£8 5/8) £8 3/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (40-7 1/2) 42-6
Anglo Iranian (91-3) 93-1 1/2
Burma Oil (98-1 1/2) 98-9
Mexican Eagle (12-6) 12-6
Shell Transport (90-7 1/2) 90-7 1/2
Royal Dutch (£33 3/4) £33 3/4

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£48) £48
L M Ford (£23 1/8) £23 1/8
L N E R Defd (£5 5/8) £5 5/8
Southern Dutch (£24 1/4) £24 1/4
London Paris 5 per cent (£134 3/4) £134 3/4
London Board G Stock (£105) £105

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 2

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motors (dol 68 1/8) dol 69 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 35) dol 36
U S Steel Common (dol 65 1/2) dol 67 7/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 128) dol 129 3/4

THUNDERSTORMS IN BOMBAY DECCAN

POONA, April 2.

Thunderstorms have caused nearly general rain in Central Provinces, local rain in central India, West United Provinces, Malabar and a few falls in south east Madras, Bombay-Deccan, south Konkan, east and north Punjab, Bihar and Burma.

The western disturbance has caused cloud in north-west Frontier and the Punjab. Day temperatures were markedly below normal in central parts of the country and Deccan.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Pendra, Karwar, Cochin, Palarmcottah 1½ inches and Muktesar 1 inch.

Forecast:—Rainfall will decrease in south Madras, central parts of the country, United provinces hills, and extend along the north-west Frontier. Assam and Burma. —A P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 2-4-1936.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .034 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a. m. 78.8 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 74.3 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 90.4 degrees (2.7 above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 73.2 degrees 0.8 (below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 80 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. Calm.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 0 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 164 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 21 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq 10) 2

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 2-4-36

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.1 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.09 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.89 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 1

May	0.96 1/4c.
July	0.85 1/2c.
September	0.84 1/8c.

MANDATES WEEK

Bengal Socialists To Mobilise Opinion

CALCUTTA, April 2.

With a view to acquainting the public with the major issues confronting the country which would be coming up before the Lucknow Congress as also to declaring the radical opinion in Bengal on these issues the Bengal Congress Socialist Party has decided to observe "mandates week" by holding a series of public meetings.

The party hopes that the resolution accepted at these meetings would serve as a mandate from the progressive and radical elements. The week commences to-morrow.

ARREST AT ALBERT HALL

A public meeting held at Albert Hall this evening under the presidency of Doctor Suresh Chandra Bannerjee, Working President of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, recorded emphatic protest against Government ban on Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose and urged the Government to lift the ban immediately. A labour worker who addressed the gathering was arrested immediately after the meeting. The reason for the arrest is not yet known.—A. P.

SMALL-POX TAKES HEAVY TOLL OF LIVES

Epidemic Unabated Despite Precautions

CALCUTTA, April 2.

The small-pox epidemic has not abated despite all possible precautions taken by the authorities.

During the week-ending 28th March there was an increase in mortality with 361 deaths out of 511 attacks compared with 327 deaths out of 471 attacks in the previous week.

The small-pox mortality is considered the highest of the season and compared with the corresponding week of the last five years, the week's figures are also the highest.

Cholera mortality is stationary. There was 208 attacks and 62 deaths.—A. P.

TORNADO HAVOC IN GEORGIA

Heavy Toll Of Casualties

CORDELA (Georgia), April 2.

Forty persons lost their lives, and 400 were injured in Tornado followed by torrential rains in Georgia, Albany and South Carolina.—Reuter.

MILLION STERLING FOR GERMAN JEWRY

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON: April 2.

The preliminary list of contributions to the British appeal for one million sterling, launched by the Council for German Jewry, exceeds 400,000 sterling. The list is headed by contributions of 90,000 sterling each by the Rothschild Family, Lord Beusted's family and Simon Mark's family.

APPRECIATION OVERDONE IN COTTON

France Buys Copper

Liverpool, April 1

Messrs. Breul and Co. have received the following cable from Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson, Liverpool:—

Cotton: Offerings of loan cotton being considered this week, we think appreciation of near months is overdone.

Rubber: Political situation is a dominant factor; we expect higher market later. 7 9/16 7 11/16 7 13/16

Wheat Liverpool: Straddle sales of May and purchases of October now more attractive.

Copper: France buying heavily; expect market to improve. £36/13/9

Lead: Demand good; recommend buying on setbacks.

UNITED FRONT AGAINST 'AXE'

Railwaymen Protest Against Proposed Retrenchment

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A mass meeting of the railway workers was held on Wednesday to protest against the proposed retrenchment. Mr. R. A. Khedgiker presided.

The meeting adopted resolutions urging the leaders of All-India Railwaymen's federation to give an unflinching resistence to any proposal for retrenchment by the Railway Board and recommending to the General Council of All-India Railwaymen's Federation to prepare workers to give an effective resistence "to the contemplated onslaught on the railway workers by the Railway Board."

Several speakers addressed the meeting and exhorted the workers to close up their ranks and stressed upon the necessity of presenting a united phalanx to the Railway Board in order to defeat its proposals for retrenchment.

AMRITSAR MAINTAINS PEACE

Public Committee To Inquire Into Causes Of Trouble

AMRITSAR, April 2.

Peace is being maintained at Amritsar and nothing untoward happened after the first day's incident. The "hartal" by Hindus and Sikhs was called off at 12 noon to-day. Armed police, however, patrolled the city last night and in the morning. Steps are being taken to curb the activities of the 'Gundas" and rowdy elements of the city. More police officers are being drafted from today and armed reserves have been called from different places. Police pickets continue to guard the danger zones, while squads of police are patrolling the city.

An Enquiry Committee composed of five leaders of all communities under the leadership of Dr. Kitchlew has been set up to investigate into the causes of the trouble.—United Press.

"TARZAN" OF BOMBAY WANTED BY POLICE

Sadashiv Tukaram (32) died in the K. E. M. Hospital last night, as a result of stab-wounds.

Sadashiv was working in a tea-shop at Dadar and on Tuesday last Dharam Dutt alias Tarzan called him out, it is alleged, from the shop.

Then the latter was stated to have stabbed in the back and left arm.

Police inquiries reveal that Tarzan bore ill-feeling towards Sadashiv.

Tarzan is, still, at large.

The body of Sadashiv is lying in the morgue and inquest has been adjourned till to-morrow.

The Bhoiwada Police, in the meanwhile, are scouring the city to trace the absconding person and Police inquiries, in this connection, are in progress.

After Malarial Fever
Builds up Health and Strength
The soothing, tonic and restorative qualities of Angier's Emulsion make it invaluable for healing the diseased tissues and building up health and strength after malarial and other fevers, or after any serious illness.
A remedy of proved value and universally recommended by doctors, it may be taken with absolute confidence and with certainty of benefit. Angier's Emulsion has won a splendid reputation throughout India, where it is largely used, not only for building up after fevers, but also for lung troubles, digestive and bowel disorders and for all wasting diseases.
The Most Palatable of all Emulsions.
A Doctor writes:—"In prescribing Emulsion for my patients, I am always careful to see that they obtain Angier's, which I know from experience is by far the best, having taken it myself and given it to the members of my family for some time."
(Signed)———, M.D., J.P.
Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.
Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.
ANGIER'S EMULSION
ENDORSED BY THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.

Disposition Of Loan Cotton

Terms Considered Bearish For Near Months

HEAVY SELLING PRESSURE

Considerable Hedging, Switching And Liquidation

It is believed that the United States Government is planning to dispose off the loan cotton.

PLAN TO RELEASE LOAN COTTON.

Borrowers will be permitted to redeem maximum 750,000 bales from the twelve-cent loan until September first at equivalent shipside, approximately fifty points on average spot quotation at ten designated markets but minimum approximately at twelve cents shipside.

DISPOSAL OF BALANCE COTTON.

Thereafter annually maximum one million bales will be released only between February first and September first every year. Minimum release price will be announced on February first each year. If this plan is adopted it should prove constructive but Government planning for loan cotton at 11.25c. per lb. eliminating carrying charges is considered bearish for near months.

BEARISH EFFECT ON NEAR COTTON.

There was considerable long liquidation, hedging and switching in old crop months together with Southern hedge selling.

PRIVATE ACREAGE ESTIMATES.

Private acreage estimates so far issued are as under:—

Schwabach	**33,000,000**
Fairchild	**32,970,000**
Journal of Commerce	**31,140,000**

Bombay, April 2.

As anticipated, the U. S. Government is reported making plans for the disposal of the twelve-cent loan cotton. The plan as given above, if adopted is bound to ease the light position of Spot cotton and buyers will be less eager to bid up prices. So far the plan is not final and the market will be subject to uncertainty till final measures are agreed.

NEW YORK COTTON.

The New York cotton futures market placed a bearish interpretation on the Washington report concerning the disposition of the twelve cent loan cotton. There was considerable selling pressure and Southern hedge selling. The market opened at about the highest level of the day at decline of 4 points with July 10.95. There was steady flow of selling orders throughout the day and prices further declined by 15 points and July was quoted 10.80 which was the lowest level for the day. The market closed at a net decline of 18 to 8 points. Spot cotton prices was reduced by 16 points at 11.56c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans coton futures market was also easy and closed at a decline of 13 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices declined 13 points at 11.71c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of onc point with July 5.95. There was hedge and Bombay selling which met with scattered support to new crop months. Later on there was considerable hedging, switching and liquidation of near positions in sympathy with reported possible early release of Government stocks. The market closed at a decline of 5 to 2 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 3 points at 6.51d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian cotton futures market was easy and closed at a decline of 11 to 8points. At the close May was quoted 5.22, July 5.18 and October 5.09.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton market was irregular. Sakels futures closed one point down to 2 points up and Uppers futures lost one to five points.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

There was limited business in the Alexandria cotton futures market and prices fluctuated irregularly. Sakels futures closed one point down to nine points up and Ashmouni futures declined 2 points but later months closed 4 points higher.

LOAN COTTON.

Messrs. M. & B. Stern state:—Note:—As stated yesterday, the Government's new plan for the disposal of the twelve cent loan cotton estimated at about 4½ million bales caused general liquidation, especially in old crop months. In this connection the latest cable through Reuters reads as follows:—"Administration officials will confer to-day on disposition of 12 cent loan cotton with details which possibly will be announced this week. It is understood that the Administration favours a plan similar to the proposal of Mr. Oscar Johnston but the exact figure is not yet determined. Meanwhile, Johnston continues the policy of liquidation of pool holdings by inviting bids on about 49,000 bales now stored in New England."

Private cables state that the Government is planning to dispose of loan spot cotton at not below **11.25 cents per lb. by elminating carrying charges. Fairchild's** Bureau estimates acreage at 32,970,000 acres with 30 per cent acres. Though the release of Government holdings will check already planted. The Journal of Commerce estimates acreage at 31,140,000 acres. Though the release of Government holdings will check any speculative advance in the near positions, it is a constructive feature in the long run and the loss entailed by Government will to some extent be compensated by the increase in consumption and further sharp reduction in the carry over as the cotton is badly needed by the trade.

Herr Hitler's latest proposals are considered to be more conciliatory and may lead to a peaceful solution of European affairs, which would be an undoubtedly strong fillip to trade.

We advise purchases of new crops on any further decline and also, in view of the American Government's intention to release desirable staple varieties, we continue to recommend sales of November Sakel against purchases of January American in Liverpool.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York July highest (10 a.m.)	10.95—04
New York July lowest (2-31 p.m.)	10.80—19
Liverpool July highest	5.95+01
Liverpool July lowest	5.88—06

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from their Liverpool Agents:—

Liquidation Nears on expectation Government release one million bales before first September, basis 11.25.

Messrs. Drennan and Co. have received the following cables:—

Messrs. Orvis Bros and Co., New York cable:—

Market affected unfavourably by reports of our Government plan to facilitate sale of loan cotton by owner but not below 11.25.

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co., New York cable:—

Our estimate on March 31st of acreage is 33,000,000 acres. No rains reported in sections where needed. We believe that the situation is one that suggests higher prices for new crop.

Government planting disposal of loan cotton at 11.25 eliminating carrying charges considered bearish for near months.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Believe Government will permit borrowers to redeem maximum 7,50,000 bales from twelve cent loan until September first at equivalent shipside approximately fifty points on average spot quotation of ten designated markets but minimum approximately twelve cents shipside. Thereafter maximum released annually one million bales and released only between February first and September first. Minimum release price announced February first each year. If adopted plan should prove highly constructive.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, April 1.

May	11.16—.16
July	10.81—.18
October	10.20—.12
December	10.19—.09
January	10.22—.08
March	10.28—.09
Middling Spot	11.56—.16

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, April 1.

May	11.11—.13
July	10.76—.11
October	10.21—.05
Middling Spot	11.71—.13
New York, 10-55 a.m.—	
May	11.21
July	10.89
Noon Call.—	
May	11.16
July	10.82

NEW YORK COFFEE.

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality), 6-1/4.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 2

Following a decline of 18 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 198/4 for Broach J/A delivery and improved to Rs. 199/4 on scattered short covering. The undertone of the market was quiet Liverpool market was due to open at a decline of 4 points but the market opened 2 points down and later was quoted 3 points lower. The local market remained dull with Broach A/M quoted Rs. 196/12 and J/A at Rs. 199. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Broach A/M	196 12 0
Broach J/A	198 12 0
Oomra May	180 12 0
Oomra July	180 8 0
Bengal May	148 8 0
Bengal July	146 4 0

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, April 2

	Cwts.
Wheat	15,968
Linseed	33,489
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	1,386
Gingellyseed	831
Poppyseed	460
Groundnuts	11,463
Castorseed	2,083
Rice	17,979
Myrabollams	2,927
Cottonseed	3,919
Gram	2,590
Joowar	1,918
Barley	816
Bajree	1,124
	Tons.
Coal	3,761

COTTON GINNINGS

(From Our Correspondent)

BARODA, April 2

The statistics of cotton bales pressed from the beginning of the season upto 27th March show the total of 95,532 as against 49,093 of the proceeding year.

BUSINESS HOLIDAY

All local markets will remain entirely closed on Friday the 3rd instant, being a Mahomedan holiday.

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 29/30th March	24,448
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1935	1,862,974
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	1,586,995
Increase	275,979

COTTON STRADDLES

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: May 122 July 128 October 123 at Cross Rate 4.96 3/8

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 196 Liverpool May 5.99 Rs. 64 3/4 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool: Broach July/Aug 198/8 Liverpool July 5.85 Rs. 56 3/4 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 196 New York May 11.16 Rs. 54 at Cross Rate 4.96 3/8

Bombay New York: Broach July/Aug 198/8 New York July 10.81 Rs. 44 at Cross Rate 4.96 3/8

OSAKA SAMPIN

Osaka, April 2

April (194.40)	193.30—110
July (195.00)	193.90—110
October (195.00)	194.00—100
	Bales.

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, April 2

Java ready	13 9 0
March shipment	4 2 9
April June shipment	4 3 6
July September shipment	4 4 0
Kesar ready	13 8 0
Saraya ready	13 5 6
Laxmiganj ready	12 12 6
Harinagar ready	13 5 0
Ramkola ready	12 12 6
Siswabazar ready	12 12 0
Spot Java	F. 3.90

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, April 1

July	2.78—01
September	2.77—02
December	2.62—12
January	2.50—04

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 1

May	73 5/8d.
July	74 3/4d.
October	74 1/8d.

COROMANDAL GROUNDNUT

London, April 1

Shelled March	£13 17 6

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales	1935-36	1934-35
Receipts to date 1-4-36	6536000	4077000
Receipts yesterday 1-4-36	3000	3000
Exports to date 1-4-36	5016000	3749000
Stock at Ports 27-3-36	2142000	2328000
Stock at Interior Towns 27-3-36	1940000	533000
Stock at Liverpool 27-3-36	716000	814000
Visible Supply 27-3-36	5550000	5383000
Quantity in sight 27-3-36	11161000	7289000
Quantity out of sight 27-3-36	5727000	7224000

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, April 2

B. C. Rates T T D D	1/6 1/32
LONDON.—	
Banks selling T T D D April Dec.	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	269 3/4
Banks selling T T	267 3/4
Banks buying T T	265 1/4
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	565
Banks buying T T	575
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 3/8
Banks buying T T	77 1/8
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	54 3/4
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	54 1/2
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	88 1/2
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	81 3/4
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/2
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	91 1/4
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 1st instant	4.96 3/8
Japan/London 2nd instant	1/2 1/32
Java/London 2nd instant	7.24
Hongkong/London 2nd instant	1/3 15/16
Shanghai/London 2nd instant	1/2 1/2
London/Paris 1st instant	75.10
London/Belgium 1st instant	29.26 1/2
London/Switzerland 1st instant	15.20 1/2
London/Berlin 1st instant	12.30 1/2
London/Stockholm 1st instant	19.39 1/2
London/New York 1st instant	4.95 13/16
London/Amsterdam 1st instant	7.28 3/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—	Steady.
Gold 31st ultimo	£7-0-8
Gold 1st instant	£7-0-8
Silver London Ready 31st ultimo	19 13/16
Silver London Ready 1st instant	19 15/16
Silver London Forward 31st ultimo	19 13/16
Silver London Forward 1st instant	19 15/16
Silver New York Ready 31st ultimo	45
Silver New York Ready 1st instant	45
London Discounts 3 mos 31st ultimo	9/16 p.c.
London Discounts 3 mos 1st instant	9/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 mos 31st ultimo	11/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 mos 1st instant	11/16 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:—Call	1/2 p.c.
3 Mos	1 p.c.
6 Mos.	1 1/2 p.c.
Tone:—Easy.	

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate, 9/16 p.c. to 9/16 p.c.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate, 5/8 p.c. to 11/16 p.c.

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market, rate, 2 p.c. to 2½ p.c.

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate, 2½ p.c. to 3 p.c.

Interest Day to Day Loan, 3/8 p.c. to 1/2 p.c.

Interest 7 Days Market Loan, ½ p.c.

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET.

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch standard, No. 25 C & F Calcutta: Mar/Apl. per cwt., 6/10-1/2 April/May nominal.

C & F Bombay.

Mar/Apl per cwt. 6/7-1/2 April/May nominal.

C & F Karachi.

Mar/Apl per cwt 6/7-1/2 April/May nominal.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.
LONDON, April 1.

	£
Rupee Paper, 3½ p.c.	78-1/2
Indian Stock, 3 p.c. 1948 or later	85-1/2
Indian Stock, 3½ p.c. 1931 or later	97-1/2
Indian Stock, 4½ p.c. 1950/55	116-1/2
Consols, 2½ p.c.	85-1/8
Conversion Loan, 3½ p.c. 1961	107
War Loan, 3½ p.c. 1952	107-1/8
Funding Loan, 1960/69, 4 p.c.	116-7/8
Victory Bonds, 4 p.c.	115
Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China	14-3/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.)	100-1/2
National Bank of India	44-1/2
P. & O. Banking Corporation	10

PRODUCE
LONDON, April 1.

Wheat, Rozario Santa Fe, parcels, nominal.

Wheat, Barletta Russo, parcels, nominal.

Wheat, South Australian, parcels, 30/9 April sellers

LONDON METAL.
LONDON, April 1.

	£
Copper Braziers	50
Spelter Hard, Indian Brand	14-1/4
Tin, English Ingots, Liverpool, F. O. B.	212-1/2
Yellow Metal	40-5/8
Corrugated Sheet, 24 gauge	12--3/4

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, April 2

The local bullion market was quiet and uninteresting. Owing to absence of any important business prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 1/2.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready silver	49 9 0
Chaitra	49 9 0
Vaishakh	49 9 0
Ready gold	34 11 0
Chaitra	34 11 0
Vaishakh	34 10 6

MONTREAL SILVER

Montreal, April 1

May	45.38+23
July	45.30+25
September	45.22+22

LONDON SILVER.
LONDON, April 1.

Spot.	19-15/16
Forward.	19-15/16

LONDON GOLD.

Gold Bars Fine per oz, £7-0-8.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, April 1

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd	75
Consolidated Gas	34
American Tel and Tel	164 1/2
Western Union Telg	88
Radio Corporation	13
New York Central	36 1/4
Bethelehem Steel	58
United States Steel	67
Anaconda Copper Mining	35 3/4
General Motor	68 3/4

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Bureau Reports

U. S. Government Bureau Reports on cotton for the coming season are:— July 8, Acreage planted; August 8th, September 8th, October 8th, November 9th and December 8th. Condition and probable crop.

General Electric	40
Socony	14 1/2
National Dairy	24
Chase Bank	39
National City Bank	35
Amr Celanese	28
Sun Life of Canada	540
Int Nickel of Canada	49 3/4
American Smelting	87
Norway 35 years 5 per cent 1963	102

Market strong with upward tendency. European situation is improved. European buying expected.

Total business: 1 1/2 million.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, April 1

Broach A/M opening 199 1/2; highest 199 3/4; lowest 198 1/2; closing 198 1/2

Broach J/A opening 201 3/4; highest 202; lowest 200 3/4; closing 201

Oomra May opening 182 1/2; highest 182 1/2; lowest 182 1/2; closing 182 1/2

Oomra July opening 182; highest 182; lowest 182; closing 182

Bengal May opening 150; highest 150; lowest 149 1/2; closing 149 1/2

Bengal July opening 147 1/2; highest 147 3/4; lowest 147 1/4; closing 147 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach J/August (30-6-36) Rs. 14 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach Settlement (21-4-36) Rs. 6 1/4

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.
New York, April 1.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	3,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's Exports to the Continent	4,000

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, April 1.

F.G.F. Sakellaridis.—	
May	8.71
July	8.54
October	8.46
November	8.26
January	8.14
March	8.06
F. G. F. Spot	9.19

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, April 1.

BROACH.—		
Fully Good	(Good staple)	5.30
Fine	,,	5.45
Superfine	,,	5.60
OOMRA.—		
Fine,	(No. 1 staple)	5.35
Superfine,	,,	5.50
Choice,	,,	5.65
BENGAL.—		
Good,		3.99
Fully Good,		4.09
Fine,		4.21
SCINDE.—		
Fully Good,		4.35
Fine,		4.47
Superfine,		4.59

LONDON EXCHANGES.

T. T. London on:—

New York (Closing rate),	4.95-13/16
Paris,	75.10
Berlin,	12.30-½
Madrid,	36.26
Amsterdam,	7.29
Brussels	29.26-1/2
Milan,	62.62
Berne,	15.20-1/2
Prague,	119.62.

Active Calcutta Buying Securities

INDUSTRIAL SHARES STEADY

BOMBAY April 2.

Herr Hitler's latest proposals are considered to be more conciliatory and are expected to lead to a peaceful solution of European affairs. There was considerable activity and securities section where Calcutta buying figured prominently and prices registered a sharp rise with 3-1/2 per cent paper closing at Rs. 97/10.

The firm tone in securities had a favourable effect on industrial shares Tata Steel shares opened steady and declined few points under scattered liquidation but later on prices recovered on slightly better enquiry. There was some evening up of open business and the tone of the market was fairly steady.

The market will remain closed on Friday being a Mahomedan Holiday, on Saturday, being a Jain Holiday and on Monday, being settlement day. The market will re-open on Tuesday.

TEXTILE MILLS.
Bombay, April 2.

100	Ahm. Advance	276 4
500	Bombay Cotton	40 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	686 4
250	Bradbury	100 0
100	Century	160 10
100	Central India	218 2
100	Colaba	118 2
100	Coorla	80 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	290 0
1	E. D. Sassoon	0-2-6
100	Finlay	107 8

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE
Bombay, April 2

Century 160 161 160/10
Bombay Dyeing 685 683 686
Kohinoor 181 182/8
Central India 218 217 219 218/2
New Great 96 100/10
Simplex 60
Swadeshi 155 153 155
Bundi 34/6 34/8
I Cement 455 453 456/14
Punjab 23/8 23/12
Shahabad 467 470 472/8
Andhra 1553 1557 1558/12
Tata Hydro 158/12
Tata Power 1472 1471 1480 1477 1481
Tram Ord 156 157/3
T Steel Defd 525 524 528 526 529 528/12
T Steel Ord 145/12 146/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref 168 168/8
Bellapur 161 162/14
B Steam 270
B Burma 389 388 393 392 393/12

100	Gokak	158 2
1000	Hindustan	1,575 0
100	Indore	50 10
100	Khatau	57 8
100	Kohinoor	182 8
250	Laxmi	567 8
100	Madhavji	4 12
250	Madras United	40 0
1000	Morarji	700 0
250	Model	40 4
50	Mysore	85 10
200	New Great	100 10
100	Oosmanshahi	55 0
100	Phoenix	250 0
25	Sassoon Silk	35 0
1000	Sholapur	1950 0
50	Simplex	60 0
100	Swadeshi	155 0
100	Swan	80 0
25	Tata	8 0
500	Vishnu	1198 12
1000	Western	652 8

BANKS.

50-100	Baroda	102 4
25-50	Central	31 12
500	Imperial	1530 0
125-500	Im. Contry	372 3
50-100	India	126 8
100	Reserve Bank	128 8
5	Union	5-6-6

CEMENTS.

10	Bundi	34 8
70	Gwalior	116 4
160	Indian	456 14
40	Katni Def.	2075 0
100	Katni Ord.	356 4
75	Okha	252 8XD
10	Punjab	13 12
100	Shahabad	472 8
70	United	117 0

INSURANCE.

10-100	Jupiter	11 6
15-75	New India	40 4
200	Oriental	4,955 0
10-100	Vulcan	7 0

ELECTRIC.

100	Ahmedabad Old	156 4
1000	Andhra Valley	1558 12
10	Ajmer	13 2
50	Bombay Tram	157 3
100	Bombay Suburban	175 0
10	Broach	11 12
100	Karachi	225 0
100	Poona	225 12
100	Surat	185 0
100	Tata Hydro	158 12
1000	Tata Power	1481 4

RAILWAYS.

500	Ahm. Prantij	857 8
100	C. Province	97 4
100	Dhond Baramati	100 0
100	Gujarat	78 8
100	Mandra Bhon	99 4
100	Pachora Jamner	96 0
100	Sara Sirajgunje	94 8
500	Tapty Valley	760 X.D

MININGS.

10	Shivrajpur	27 4
30	Tata Steel Def.	528 12
75	Tata Steel Ord.	146 8

MISCELLANEOUS.

100	Alcock	190 0
50	Belapur Sugar	161 14
250	Bombay Steam	270 0
125	Bombay Burma	393 12
50	Bombay Burma Con.	131 4
&sh.	Br. B. Petrol	5-4-6
50	Bombay Telephone	105 8
100	Indian Bleaching	105 0
100	Indian Radio Def.	496 4
100	Ind. Radio Ord.	483 12
1000	Port Canning	576 4
15	Scindia	14 4
30	Premier Construction	71 0
25	Tata Oil	14 14

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1415 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	298 12
7	p.c. Bombay Trams	86 8
5	p.c. Central India	522 8
7	p.c. Katni 1st	140 0
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	145 0
7 1/2	p.c. Punjab Cement	14 4
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	145 0
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Power	1521 4
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	192 8
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	168 8
5 1/2	p.c. Tata Mill	13 0
7	p.c. Vishnu	647 8

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, April 2

3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 97/14/6
3 1/2 per cent G P N Settlement 97/10
3 per cent 1941 103/15
3 per cent 1951/54 102/15
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 106/4
4 per cent 1943 110/2
4 per cent 1960/70 112/10
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 118
5 per cent 1939/44 108/8
5 per cent 1940/43 111
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 108/1

TAX-FREE

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 119/10
4 per cent 1958/63 Mysore 110
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 122
5 1/2 per cent 1968 Mysore 108/10

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)

4 per cent B P T 1947 107/4
4 per cent M Deb 1974 106/4
5 per cent M Deb 1959 115
6 per cent M Deb 1954 129
6 per cent K P T 1956 129
3 1/2 per cent B P T 1937 104/8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 97/4 and advanced to Rs. 97/13. The tone was firm.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, April 1

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan	88 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan	97 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1954/59	106 1/2
4 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1948/53	110 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1950/55	116 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1958/68	130
5 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1942/47	115 3/4
5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1936/38	101 1/4
3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1949/452	101 1/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	85 1/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	107
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	107 1/8

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, April 1.

April	6.12—.05
May	6.03—.05
June	5.95—.05
July	5.89—.05
August	5.78—.04
September	5.66—.03
October	5.57—.03
November	5.52—.02
December	5.51—.03
January	5.51—.02
February	5.50—.02
Middling Spot	6.51+.03
	10-12 a.m. quotations
July	5.95
October	5.61

SEEDS.
LONDON, April 1.

Linsed, La Plata, Hull C.I.F. ton. 210-11-6 April sellers.

Linseed, Calcutta, London, C.I.F. ton. £12-15-0 April/May sellers.

Linseed, Bombay, London, C.I.F. ton. £13-1-3 April/May sellers.

Rapessed, Toria, Hull/Cont. C.I.F. ton. £12-7-6 April/May sellers.

Castorsed, Bombay, Hull, C.I.F. ton. £12-13-9 April/May sellers.

Linseed Oil, Naked London per cwt. 26/1-1/2 April sellers

Linseed Oil, Naked London per cwt. 26/3 May/Aug sellers.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb. 7-1/2 sellers.

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J7

REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

JUPITER GENERAL
has claim settling agents throughout the world.
J8

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, APRIL 3, 1936

Second Day Of Taxi Strike

Deputation Of Five Waits On Commissioner

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A deputation of taxi-owners and drivers in the city who have suspended their business since yesterday, waited on the Commissioner of Police this afternoon, and stated their terms for settlement. These proposals are at present under consideration by Government, and a reply from the Police Commissioner is expected by Monday, if not earlier.

A prominent citizen, it is understood, has offered this evening, to act as mediator between the authorities and the taxi-owners and drivers.

Meanwhile, the proposed march of the "strikers" to the Commissioner's office in the morning, was given up for the time being, in view of the suggestion contained in a letter from the Police Commissioner.

The letter says, "While I am prepared to see the five representatives at any time during office hours, I would suggest no useful purpose would be served by the proposed procession, the object of which is not clear."

At the meeting held in the morning at the Gowalia Tank maidan, five representatives were chosen to carry on negotiations. The march was given up, but the question may be re-opened at the next meeting to be held on Saturday at 9 a.m. at the Azad Maidan.

PERSONNEL OF DEPUTATION

The following five representatives after the termination of the meeting proceeded to the Commissioner's Office.

Mr. Liaqat Hussein, President of the Union, Mr. S. H. Jhabwalla, Secretary, Mr. Shahbuddin, Mr. Minocher and Mr. Sadhu Singh.

The meeting also resolved that the discussions with the Commissioner of Police should be carried on the basis of their demand of 4-anna tariff, that the public should now show their sympathy with taxi-owners and drivers and call a meeting of the citizens so as to urge the Commissioner to accede to the demands of the taxi-owners and drivers.

The Council of Action congratulated the owners and drivers on their unity and exhorted them to remain firm till the end.

COMMISSIONER SYMPATHETIC

The taxi-drivers' deputation which was closetted with the Police Commissioner from 12-30 in the noon, came out at 2-40 p.m.

After prolonged discussions, the deputation made the following two proposals for the acceptance of the Commissioner.

A referendum on the question of tariff, as to which rate is profitable to the taxi-owners and drivers to be taken, the Union guaranteeing freedom of vote to all members, without any sort of pressure. The choice is between 6-annas and 4-annas a mile tariff.

If the majority of the owners and drivers are in favour of the 4-annas tariff, the Commissioner should introduce this rate, as an experimental measure for a period of one year.

The attitude of the Commissioner was thoroughly sympathetic from the beginning. The reply is to be given by 5 p.m. to-day. Meanwhile the present situation continues without any change.

SUBURBAN TAXI DRIVERS' SUPPORT

Mr. Dinkar Desai, Secretary, Bombay Suburban Taxi Drivers' Association writes:—

At a meeting of the Managing Committee of the Bombay Suburban Taxi Drivers' Association, held at Khar on Wednesday night the following resolution sympathising with the Taxiwallas of Bombay City was unanimously adopted:

"The Bombay Suburban Taxi Drivers' Association fully sympathises with the Bombay City Taxiwallas in their decision in not plying the taxis on the basis of the new rate which is uneconomic and unfare and in their protest against the order of the Police Commissioner fixing the rate of six annas a mile as against the demand of the Bombay Taxi Drivers' Union for a four annas rate and sends its greetings to the Bombay Taxiwallas for their brave resolve.

"The Association further calls upon every taxi-driver of the Bombay Suburban district not to do any act which is contrary to the interests of the Bombay City taxiwallas as long as the present situation continues."

Statement Of Council Of Action

An emergent meeting of the Council of Action was held on Thursday evening, when two announcements were made by the Secretary, viz.

That as the Police Commissioner was in communication with the Government, his reply on the two proposals would be forthcoming by Monday, and secondly that a leading citizen of Bombay had offered his help to the Council in the matter of present dispute.

Friday being Moharram Day, there would be no meeting of the Owners and Drivers.

On Saturday, the 4th inst., at 9 a.m. a mass meeting will be held at Azad Maidan to discuss the whole position so far arrived at.

A free reading room called "The Abhyankar Memorial Free Reading Room" has been opened at Dhantoli, Nagpur.

Mr. JAMNADAS M. MEHTA, who has been elected Mayor of Bombay.

BOMBAY'S NEW MAYOR

Jamnadas Mehta Elected By Overwhelming Majority

In less than forty minutes, a very unusually short time, the election of the Mayor was announced amidst cheers on Thursday.

According to the rules and procedure governing the election, if a candidate gets more votes than the combined votes of his rivals, no other round is necessary and further proceedings of voting by elimination is dispensed with. The Mayoral election on Thursday had thus unique feature behind it which is a great compliment to Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta who was declared elected by a preponderating majority in the first round.

Exactly at 3 p.m. Mr. K. F. Nariman was voted to the chair to conduct the Mayoral election. There were three candidates, viz., Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, Dr. P. H. Mehesheri and Dr. Mrs. Malinibai Sukthankar. Half an hour was given to record the votes to the councillors. After half an hour, the Chairman began counting votes and within ten minutes announced the following result:

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta 56 votes.
Dr. P. H. Mehesheri 26 votes.
Dr. Mrs. Malinibai Sukthankar 20 votes.

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta was declared as occupant of the Mayoral chair for the ensuing year by Mr. Nariman. The announcement was received with tremendous cheers and enthusiasm. Mr. Jamnadas was then garlanded.

JAMNADAS' THANKS.

After occupying the Mayoral chair Mr. Jamnadas thanked the councillors for electing him to the chair which he considered a signal honour. He was grateful to every member and every party of the Hose for the honour done to him. There were very few chairs which carried so much honour as the Mayoral chair did. He particularly felt honoured as it was hallowed by the late Sir P. M. Mehta and the late Mr. V. J. Patel. One who occupied the chair had a very onerous duty to perform and he hoped by the co-operation of the House, he would do his utmost to discharge his duties. From to-day he belonged to no party or group but to the city for the city's good. He was the first elected Labour Mayor and he was sure his election also would gratify the labour group of the house.

At this stage the adjournment of the House was moved owing to Muharrum Holiday which the Mayor put to vote and declared carried.

The Corporation then adjourned till 16th instant.

Nahas Pasha and Sir Miles Lampson chatting at tea.

CONGRESS NATIONALISTS TO MEET ON 16TH

To Consider Formation Of All-India Party Of Groups !

NEW DELHI, April 2.

Considerable significance attaches to the meeting of the Congress Nationalist Party scheduled to meet in New Delhi soon after the Lucknow Congress Session on April 16. Prominent representatives of the Congress Democratic Swaraj Party from Maharashtra, Central Provinces and Berar and Nationalist Party from Andhra have been invited to participate in the deliberations by Mr. Aney.

The agenda includes the forming of one All-India Party of Groups with the same objects as the Nationalist Party, Council Entry and Office Acceptance, questions and the chalking out policy and programme for the year.—United Press.

SARDAR PATEL MAINTAINS PROGRESS

NEW DELHI, April 2.

Dr. M. A. Ansari examined Sardar Patel to-day. Progress of recovery is recorded and if it is maintained, Sardar, accompanied by Mr. Jairam Das Daulatram and Miss Maniben may leave for Allahabad on April. 5.—United Press.

LUNAWADA FARMERS LEAVE STATE

AHMEDABAD, April 2.

It is learnt that the farmers of Lunawada State are migrating from the state territory as a protest against the increase in land revenue and other grievances.—A. P.

DRIVER KILLED IN LORRY ACCIDENT

AHMEDABAD, April 2.

As a result of collision of a motor lorry full of cotton bales with a tree, the driver of the lorry died and four labourers were injured, near Ahmedabad yesterday. —A. P.

DEATH OF NEEMUCH PHILANTHROPIST

Gave Rs. 70,000 For Foundation Of Jain Institution

AJMER, April 2.

Seth Nathmul Chordia, aged forty-five died at Neemuch in his residence after a short illness of five days.

He was a well-known philanthropist. He donated Rs. 70,000 at the last Jain conference for the foundation of a Jain Kanya Gurukul at Neemuch the opening ceremony of which is to be performed a few days hence.—A. P.

(Continued from Col. 7)

against Communal Award, which has been accepted by the whole country in some form or other."

M. Syed Habib (once a Congressman) made a vehement speech in favour of the resolution saying that the Muslims never asked for an award. It was Mahatma Gandhi and Pundit Malaviya who asked for it and the discredit should go to them.

He said: "If Communal Award is 'a cup of poison' for Muslims, then why should Hindu leaders like Pundit Malaviya and Mr. Jayakar feel impatient.

"Even if we have to sacrifice our heads, we will not let the Communal Award be changed."

SPIRIT OF CONTENTMENT

Hon'ble Mr. Husain Imam said they knew that the Award was not quite satisfactory, but they believed in the spirit of contentment and should tolerate and accept it. He said: "A bird in hand is better than two in the bush. First bring a better settlement and then tell us to condemn this Award."

SHAHIDGUNG AGITATION.

Another resolution congratulated the Muslims of the Punjab in their fight for regaining possession of the so-called Shahidganj mosque and promised them full support.

TWO INCIDENTS

That the Conference was indeed a great farce will be proved by the following two incidents:—

A high C.I.D. official was given a warm welcome by the authorities and seated behind the President.

MAULANA'S DECLARATION

The Conference was so unrepresentative that Maulana Shaukat Ali, who was advertised as a speaker in a handbill, had to declare that he came only as a visitor and had nothing to do with the Conference.

—"Hindustan Times".

Muslims Would Not Lag Behind In Cause Of Freedom

JINNAH CONDEMNS "REFORMS" AND ASKS HIS CO-RELIGIONISTS NOT TO BE COMMUNAL IN OUTLOOK

Federal Scheme Worse Than "Status Quo"

DELHI, (By Mail.)

"The eighty million Muslims of India are willing and even more anxious than any other community to fight for the freedom of the Mother India, hand in hand with other sister communities," declared Mr. M. A. Jinnah in the course of a speech at the Jamiat-ul-Ulema Conference.

Nearly ten thousand Muslims were present and his speech was heard with rapt attention.

Mr. Asaf Ali, M.L.A., translated the speech in Urdu.

A very warm welcome was accorded to Mr. Jinnah by the audience amidst shouts of "Allaho-Akbar".

POLICY FOR MUSLIMS

He spoke for about half an hour explaining the "Policy for Muslims".

He said that Muslims who were not a negligible community had to play a very prominent part in the near future. The new Reforms and, especially, the scheme of Federation were not acceptable to them. The Government had foisted these Reforms against the will of all parties, because Indians were not united and they failed to settle their domestic quarrel. Still, he announced, the Muslims were ready to march along in the fight for freedom of their country. (Hear, hear.)

WANTS SAFEGUARDS.

He continued that he was called a communalist because he wanted safeguards for his community. It was not a religious problem, but was a purely political problem. Such questions arose even among Protestants and Roman Catholics, who belonged to the same religion, viz., Christianity.

He continued that it was for the first time that a representative Government was being established in India and this meant in other words the rule of the majority and naturally minorities had apprehensions as to what majority would do.

Majorities were likely to be tyrannical. Power and authority were likely to intoxicate people; therefore, provisions for safeguards were essential for the minorities in any scheme of a democratic constitution.

FORGET COMMUNAL AWARD

Continuing, he referred to the Communal Award at length and asked the Hindus to forget it for some time.

He asked: "Are we going to move on and apply our mind to larger questions affecting India. Close the controversy over Communal Award for the time being and God willing we would produce a better settlement." (Cheers).

Even the Law Member, one of the greatest opponents of the Communal Award, had told the Hindus that the question was not only dead but cremated and its ashes thrown in the Ganges.

He added: "Let us get back, we will settle this question sooner or later. No constitution is permanent. Constitutions are made by men, but men are not made by constitutions". (Hear, hear).

FEDERATION CONDEMNED

Continuing, he reiterated his strong views against the Federal Scheme and said that it was worse than the present scheme and its potential harm and mischief were so great and it was fundamentally so bad that it could be acceptable to no true Indian and 'we will fight until we have that replaced by a constitution, which, we think, is the right one." (Applause).

WARNING TO MUSLIMS

Referring to the future step for Muslims, he said:—

"We must think of the interests of our community. Unless you make best efforts you will fail and will command no respect and nobody will bother to consult you. Organise yourself and play your part.

Your are not to be exclusive and communal in your ideas."

PROUD OF BEING COMMUNALIST

But, he added, there is nothing wrong in working for one's own community. It had become a fashion to decry such persons as 'communalists', but he was not afraid of being called a communalist, because he helped his community.

He said: "Hindus and Muslims must be organised separately and once when they are both organised they will understand each other better and then we will not have to wait for years for an understanding."

He told to Muslims: "Don't listen to the taunts of being communalists. I am helping 80 million people and if they are more organised they will be all the more useful for national struggle."

He wanted Hindus also to be similarly organized.

AT THE NEXT ELECTIONS

He appealed to Muslims to select the best men for new Reforms and leave it to them to work as they please.

APPEAL TO HINDUS

He appealed to the Hindus to inspire confidence and a sense of security among the Muslims.

He said Muslims of Abyssinia had proved that though in a minority they could equally fight with guns for their mother country.

"Do you think we Muslims would lag behind the cause of freedom of our motherland." (Applause and shouts of Allaho-Akbar.)

CONSTITUTION CONDEMNED.

Maulana Hilal Ahmad Zuberi and Maulana Nuruddin spoke very strongly on the resolution condemning the new Constitution. They thoroughly exposed the fallacy of safeguards being in the interests of India.

In all, eighteen resolutions were passed at the Conference, which was a unique gathering of Muslims of Nationalist views.

A FARCICAL "MUSLIM CONFERENCE"

DELHI, (By Mail).

Never before was a greater farce staged in Delhi in the name of an All-India Conference as today by the so-called All-India Muslim Conference.

According to one of the secretaries, only fifty delegates (not elected by any organization attended the Conference.

A number of resolutions were passed.

The first expressed sorrow at the death of the late His Majesty King George V. The second resolution referred to the death of Doctor Abdulla Suhrawardy, Sir Ali Imam, Mr. Hasan Imam and Mr. T. A. K. Sherwani and appreciated their services to the country and the community.

The third resolution "condemned the activities of those persons and societies, who are working

(Continued in Col. 5).

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

The Traitor's Gate

Inspector Wade—

WADE, THAT STOOL-PIGEON MUST HAVE BEEN DREAMING!— NO ONE WOULD DARE STEAL THE CROWN JEWELS!— IT'S IMPOSSIBLE!
NOTHING IS IMPOSSIBLE, COMMISSIONER— THAT'S WHY WE'RE GOING TO THE TOWER OF LONDON!
IT WON'T DO ANY HARM TO MAKE SURE, COMMISSIONER— I WANT TO SPEAK TO COLONEL RUISLIP— HE IS IN COMMAND OF THE CROWN JEWELS—
WE'RE COMING TO THE TOWER NOW, WADE!
GO AHEAD, INSPECTOR— THE COLONEL IS EXPECTING YOU!
LYMAN ANDERSON
I GOT YOUR TELEPHONE CALL, INSPECTOR— IF YOU COME WITH ME, I'LL SHOW YOU THAT NO ONE CAN STEAL THE CROWN JEWELS!

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